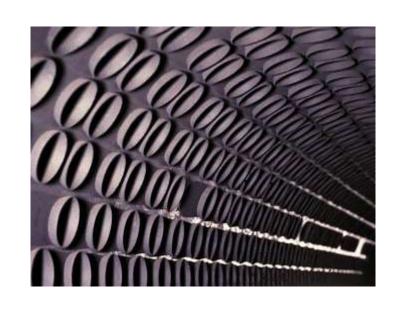
Novel Treatment Technology for Scale Prevention in Steam Boilers

Karen Elizabeth Person
Global Product Manager
GE Water & Process Technologies
Imagination at work.

Today's Discussion

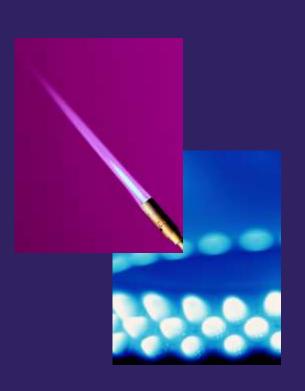
- Boiler scale control
 & why it matters
- The right chemistry for the job
- Performance delivered





Why is effective control of boiler scale important?

Lower fuel costs



Greater reliability



Less downtown costs

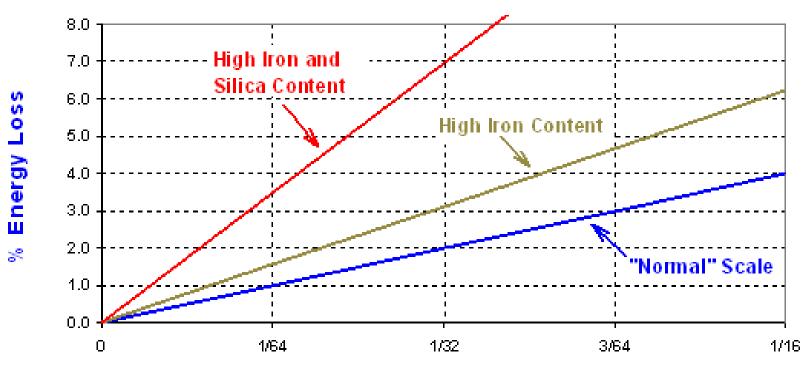




Compromised boiler efficiency



Energy Loss from Scale Deposits



Scale Thickness (inches)

Source: Georgia Office of Energy Resources and Ga. Tech's Engineering Experiment Station

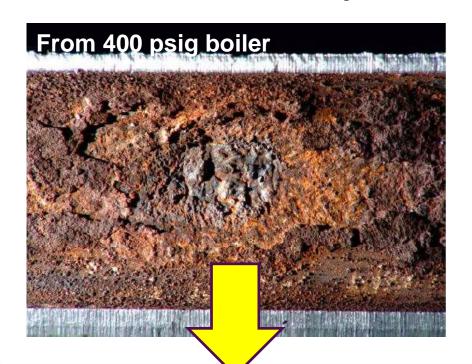
Overheating tube failure due to scale

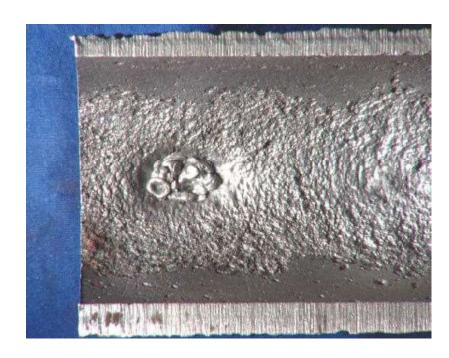


Element	Deposit 1 (wt %)
Calcium	51.2
Phosphorus	21.6
Iron	13.6
Silicon	3.0
Magnesium	2.9
Copper	2.3
Manganese	2.2
Aluminum	1.2
Sulfur	1.1
Sodium	0.9

	DWD	Internal Surface Deposit Thickness		Wall Thickness		Internal Pit Depth
DWD Section	(g/ft²)	min. (in.)	max. (in.)	min. (in.)	max. (in.)	max. (in.)
Side I	194	0.016	0.028	0.135	0.137	0.002
Side II	197	0.023	0.033	0.132	0.139	0.002

Metal oxide-induced overheating & under deposit corrosion



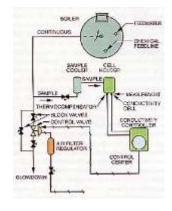


Test Section	DWD g/ft ²	Deposit Thickness (in.)
Hot	71.8	0.001 - 0.111
Cold	17.7	0.002 - 0.003

Element	Weight Percent	
Iron, as Fe ₃ O ₄	39	
Copper, as CuO	26	
Silicon, as SiO₂	17	
Magnesium, as MgO	12	
Sodium, as Na₂O	2	
Calcium, as CaO	2	
Phosphate, as P ₂ O ₅	1	
Loss On Ignition	1	

4 pillars of clean waterside surfaces

2. Control of solids



3. Effective Chemistry



1. Effective Pre-Treatment



4. Steam Purity





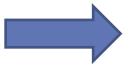
3 mechanisms of polymer deposit control

1. Dispersion



Particles repel

2. Crystal Modification



Slower crystal growth

3. Complexation



Keeps any formed particles in solution



Calcium phosphate - Magnesium silicate untreated condition – 4000X

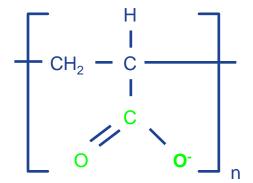


Same contaminants and boiler conditions with addition of effective polymeric dispersant



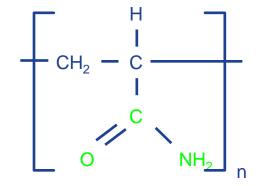
First Generation Polymer Chemistries

PAA



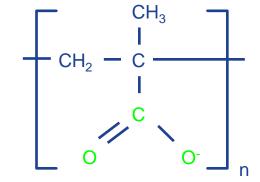
Polyacrylate

PAAM



Polyacrylamide

PMA



Polymethacrylate

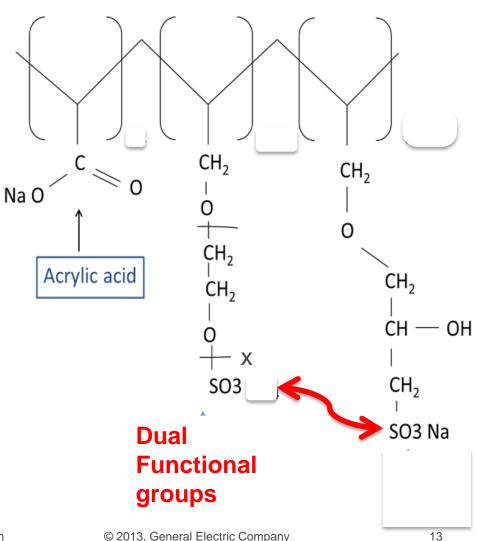


Novel Terpolymer Boiler Treatment Technology



Boiler Terpolymer (BTP)

- Patented technology
 - Acrylic acid plus two unique monomers
- Two unique, sulfonated monomers enhance performance on iron, magnesium & silica
- Effective on Common District Energy/CHP contaminants



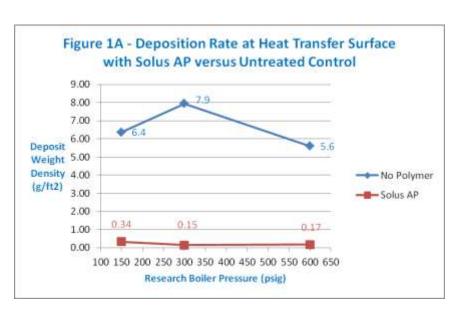


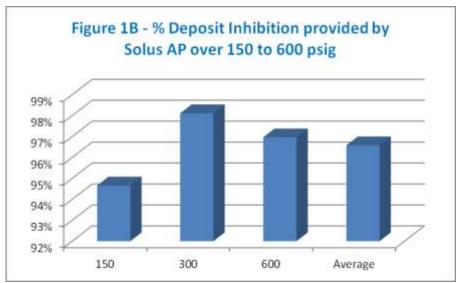
Performance of Boiler Terpolymer



Wide spectrum deposit control performance

BTP highly effective in preventing hardness, silica and iron-based scale deposits on steam generating boiler heat transfer surfaces up to 900 psig.

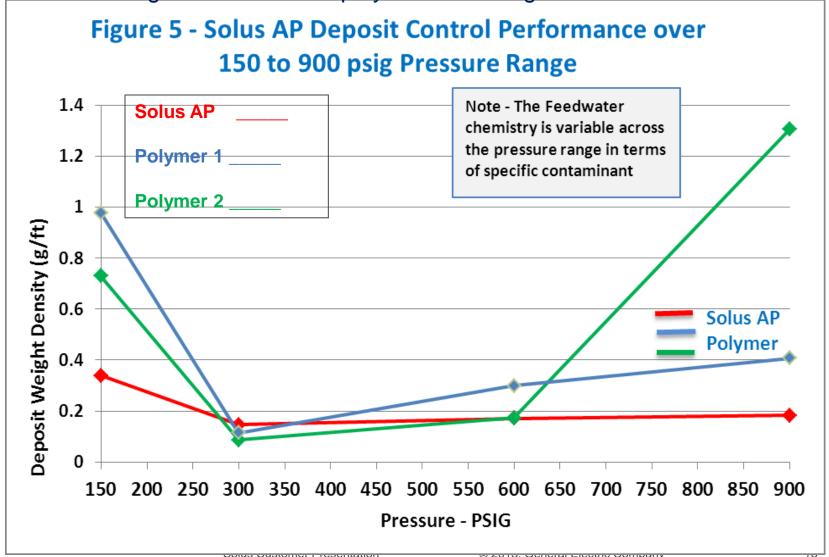






Deposit Control Performance – At Equal Actives Dosage

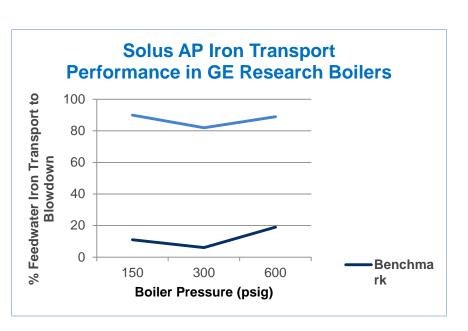
Solus AP vs existing GE standard all-polymer technologies

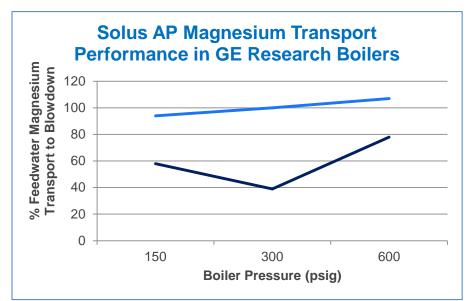




Reduced sludge accumulation

Reduced sludge accumulation on heat transfer & non-heat transfer surfaces and cleaner, more reliable and efficient boilers.







Feedwater upset recovery performance

Figure 11

GE Research Boiler

On-line deposit removal evaluation

300 psig / Magnesium silicate-dominated deposit

No polymer

Traditional polymer

GE Terpolymer



Removal of magnesium silicate deposit when fed at higher-than-maintenance dosage.



5

Field Performance

GEWPT Research Boiler

170 psig D-Type Watertube Boiler August 2012 Inspection Benchmark Polymer 2 All-Polymer Program



Steam drum surface



Waterside of boiler tube

GEWPT Research Boiler

170 psig D-Type Watertube Boiler August 2013 Inspection One year on Solus AP All-Polymer Program

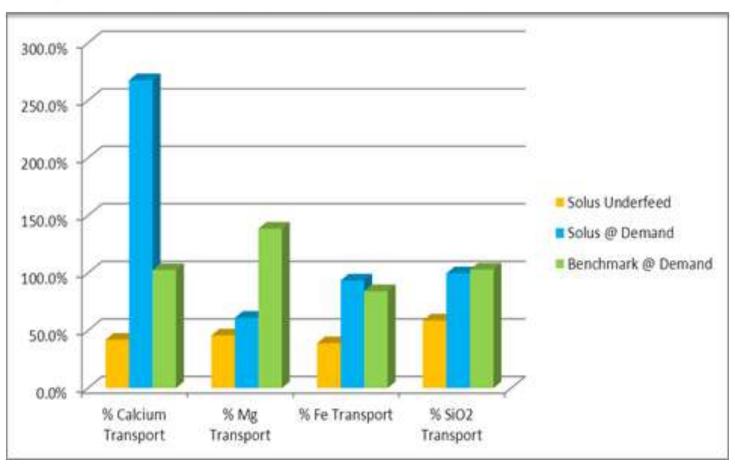


Steam drum surface



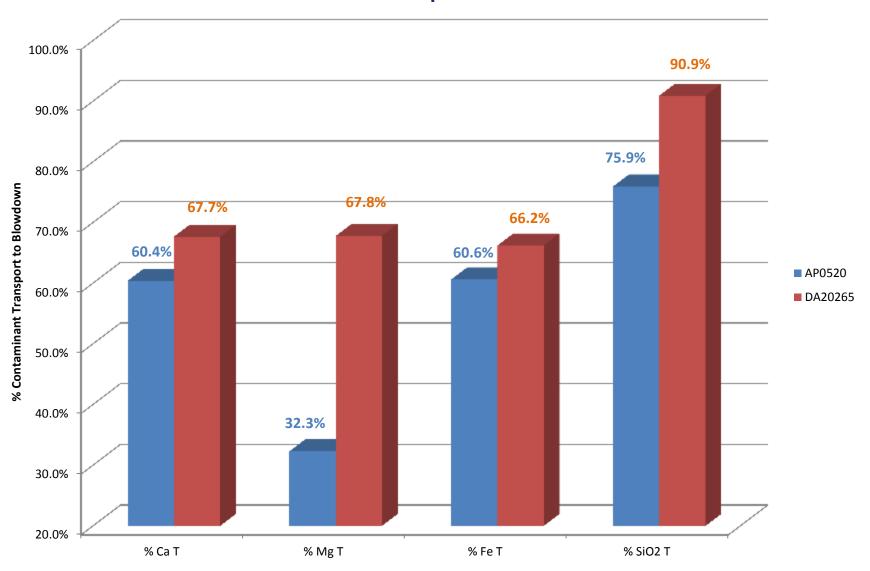
Tubes under belly plate

Northeast University Simple Cycle HRSG Fall 2012 – Spring 2013





Pennsylvania Refining Operation Oct. 2012 – Sept. 2013



Thank you