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Using RETScreen for District Energy Projects

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The Place where People Gather





PARTY AND MADE

Ouje Bougoumou, Quebec



What's needed?

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- Available fuel
- Fuel cost and availability
- Heat and or power generation technologies
- Distribution system
- Customers energy requirements
- Energy efficiency measures
- Environmental factors
- Financial parameters (IRR, NPV, etc)
- Grants and subsidies
- Building and planning codes
- Legal issues

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	NatGas cost \$/MWh	Efficiency	Energy cost \$/MWh	Capital cost 10y, 5% (\$8,000)	maintenance cost \$100 + water heater rental \$350	Energy usage 100 kWh/m², 250 m² = 25 MWh	Total cost
Individual boiler	\$28.30	94%	\$30.11	\$1,036	\$450	\$753	\$2,239
District energy			\$88.50		\$180	\$2,213	\$2,393
Natural gas V	Vaterloo 2	2013 -avera	age			Taxes not	ncluded

District energy cost Göteborg Energi - 2013

Cost comparison example



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- Performance analysis model
- Import data energy usage or production
- Download weather from NASA
- Analyse performance
- On going tracking of projects





Cumulative sum of the variance

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Verify changes



Correcting operational problems

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Normal year

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		Fuel
	16 C	consumption
	HDD -°C-d	GJ
January	740	4,633
February	586	3,723
March	563	3,636
April	364	2,504
Мау	195	1,566
June	56	765
July	0	463
August	11	529
September	127	1,163
October	341	2,384
November	507	3,305
December	676	4,274
Average	6,025	28,946
Base load		5,475
y=ax+b		19%
а	5.635	
b	15	





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Clean Energy Project Analysis Software

Five Step Standard Analysis



Ready to make a decision



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Financing Options

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- Natural gas 1,000,000 m³/yr @ \$0.40/m³
- 25% energy reduction
- Capital cost \$300,000
- 2% inflation, 20 year project life

					Energy	Savings
		Short term	Long term		Performance	account,
		70% debt	70% debt	Leasing	Contract*	bonds,
	Cash	10% for 5 yrs	6% for 15 yrs	12% for 5 yrs	8% for 7 yrs	stocks
Equity	\$300,000	\$90,000	\$90,000	\$0	\$0	\$300,000
Pre-tax IRR - equity	35.90%	61.20%	91.80%			
Pre-tax IRR - assets	35.90%	24.10%	29.10%	19.80%	12.40%	3% - 15%
Simple payback	3	3	3	3	4.5	
Equity payback	2.9	1.9	1.1	Immediate	Immediate	
Cumulative dividend						\$27,000 to
3 yrs	\$312,200	\$146,000	\$247,300	\$62,500	\$52,900	\$135,000
Cumulative dividend						\$180,000 to
20 yrs	\$2,478,000	\$2,201,000	\$2,154,000	\$2,062,000	\$1,873,000	\$900,000

* + 20% cost for verification + 30% cost for risk management

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Templates	Case studies	User-defined
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Project type	Туре	Project location	Climate data location	Project name	*
Heating	Solar water heater	Canada	Comox Airport	Aquaculture	
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	Toronto	Classroom	
Heating	Biomass system	Canada	Charlottetown Arpt	District energy	
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	Fort Smith Airport	Gymnasium/exercise area	
Heating	Solar water heater	Canada	Quebec A	Hotel/Motel	
Heating	Solar water heater	Canada	Vancouver Int'l.	House	
Heating	Biomass system	Canada	Ottawa Int'l Airport	Industrial	
Heating	Biomass system	Canada	Penticton Airport	Industrial	E.
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	Montreal Int'l. Airport	Industrial	
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	Cold Lake Airport	Institutional	
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	St-Hubert Airport	Institutional	
Heating	Biomass system	Canada	Chibougamau-Chapais	Multiple buildings	
Heating	Biomass system	Canada	Kapuskasing Airport	Multiple buildings	
Heating	Boiler	Canada	Inuvik Ua	Multiple buildings	
Heating	Boiler	Canada	Vancouver Int'l.	Office	
Heating	Solar air heater	Canada	Montreal Int'l. Airport	Pig - building	
Heating	Boiler	Canada	Vancouver Int'l.	Swimming pool - Indoor	+



Canada





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Canada

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Heating - Biomass system - Multiple buildings / Canada (Chibougamau-Chapais)

Case study assignment

You have been hired by a Canadian Aboriginal Community to prepare a pre-feasibility study on their behalf. They wish to construct a new village in northern Quebec, Canada, using renewable energy as the main source of heat. Logging is one of the main economic activities in the area, and local sawmills could provide waste wood for a biomass heating system for the village. Sawmills only utilise a fraction of the harvested log; the wood waste from a sawmill with dry kiln includes bark, sawdust, shavings, and chips from wood that can not be cut to dimensional lumber. The village planners would like to know if a biomass district energy system using this wood waste would be more cost-effective than electric baseboard heaters or oil-fired furnaces sited in each individual building. They are interested in looking at the initial phase of the community with the understanding that if this proves financially viable, then they will invest in a larger design study to provide heat for the entire community as it grows in the future.

Site information

The community will construct 30 single family homes, each 125 m^2 , built to specifications exceeding the Canadian R-2000 building standard. The houses are offset 12 m from the centre of the road and each property is 20 metres wide. The community will also construct a school (700 m²), band office (500 m²) and a clinic (200 m²). A new cultural centre (600 m²) is planned for the next few years. The public buildings are offset 30 m from the centre of the road. The planned layout of the village is such that any further expansion of housing for the village will be directly to the north of the heating plant. The plan of the community is provided here.

The area planned for development has sandy soil, without rock. A sawmill is located approximately 26 km from the proposed site. The nearest meteorological station is at Roberval Airport, Quebec, Canada.

Financial information

Typical financial figures for the analysis are provided by the community: debt ratio of 90%, debt interest rate of 8%, discount rate of 12%, and a debt term of 20 years, and inflation rate of 2.5%. The community will not pay income tax. The system is assumed to last 25 years.

Wood waste is available free of charge from the sawmill, but transporting it will cost about \$7/tonne. The average price of electricity is \$0.15/kWh and oil is delivered to the community at \$0.45/litre. Fuel costs are expected to escalate at the same rate as inflation. The cost of conventional oil-fired boiler heating systems will average about \$2,500 per building. The community is somewhat remote and labour costs are relatively high.

Prepare a RETScreen study, documenting any assumptions that you are required to make, and report on the significant conclusions from this analysis.



Community layout

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Building clusters

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District energy evaluation

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Clean Energy Project Analysis Software

Project name Ouje Bougoumou, Quebec Project location Canada Prepared for Prepared by Project type Heating Technology Biomass system Analysis type Method 2 Heating value reference Higher heating value (HHV) Show settings I Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data I	Project information	See project database
Prepared for Prepared by Heating Project type Heating Technology Biomass system Analysis type Method 2 Heating value reference Higher heating value (HHV) Show settings Select climate data location Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data I	Project name Project location	Ouje Bougoumou, Quebec Canada
Project type Heating Technology Biomass system Analysis type Method 2 Heating value reference Higher heating value (HHV) Show settings I Site reference conditions Select climate data location Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data I	Prepared for Prepared by	
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Heating value reference Higher heating value (HHV) Show settings □ Site reference conditions Select climate data location Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data □	Analysis type	Method 2
Show settings Image: Select climate data location Site reference conditions Select climate data location Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data Image: Im	Heating value reference	Higher heating value (HHV)
Site reference conditions Select climate data location Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais Show data	Show settings	
Climate data location Chibougamau-Chapais	Site reference conditions	Select climate data location
Show data	Climate data location	Chibougamau-Chapais
	Show data	



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Complete Load & Network sheet

RETScreen Load & Network Design - Heating project

leating project	Unit						
	onit						
Base case heating system	Mu	Iltiple buildings - space hea	ting				
See technical note on heating network design				Building clusters	5		
				1	2	3	4
Heated floor area per building cluster	m²	5,750		875	875	250	250
Number of buildings in building cluster	building	34		7	7	2	2
Fuel type				Diesel (#2 oil) - L	Diesel (#2 oil) - I	Diesel (#2 oil) - I	Diesel (#2 oil) - I
Seasonal efficiency	0/_	_		60%	60%	60%	60%
Heating load calculation	70	-		0078	0078	0078	0078
Heating load for building cluster	\///m2	7		70	70	70	70
Demostic hot water besting base demond	<u>vv/III-</u> 0/	-	Ì	70	70	70	70
Total booting	/0 M\\/b	1.029		156	156	45	15
Total nealing		1,028		100	61	40	40
Fuel experimention unit	KVV	403		01	01	10	10
Fuel consumption - unit		-		24 454	24 454	L 6 097	L 6 097
Fuel rote unit		-		24,404 ¢/I	24,404 ¢/I	0,907 ¢/I	0,907 ¢/I
Fuel rate		-		\$/L	φ/L	φ/L	φ/L
		-		0.450	¢ 11.004	©.450	©.450
		Φ 72,314		φ 11,004	Φ 11,004	۶ 3,144	Φ 3,144
Froposed case energy enciency measures	0/	09/		00/	00/	00/	00/
End-use energy enciency measures	70	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%
Net besting	KVV NA)A/b	403		01	61	18	18
Net heating	IVIVVN	1,028		100	100	45	45
Drew and a sea district besting natural							
Proposed case district neating network		Estimate/Total					
Heating pipe design criteria	00	05	İ				
Design supply temperature	<u>ි</u>	95					
Design return temperature	<u> </u>	65					
Differential temperature	ч <u>с</u>	30					
Main heating distribution line	0 /	001	l				
Main pipe network oversizing	%	0%	_				-
Pipe sections	Load	Length	Pipe size	Is the building cl	uster supplied by	this pipe section	? (yes/no)
	kW	m	mm	1	2	3	4
Section 1	78.8	20	DN 40	Yes		Yes	
Section 2	96.3	20	DN 50	Yes		Yes	Yes
Section 3	113.8	20	DN 50	Yes		Yes	Yes
Section 4	131.3	20	DN 50	Yes		Yes	Yes
Section 5	78.8	20	DN 40		Yes		
Section 6	96.3	20	DN 50		Yes		
Section 7	113.8	20	DN 50		Yes		

Total pipe length for main distribution line Secondary heating distribution lines Secondary pipe network oversizing

Section 8

Section 9

Section 10

Section 11

Section 12

Section 13

450

20

60

50

80

100

DN 50

DN 50

DN 65

DN 65

DN 65

Yes

Yes

Yes

Yes

131.3

145.3

276.5

353.5

402.5

m

%

Secondary distribution pipes length per building cluster

Yes



Sensitivity analysis

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RETScreen Sensitivity and Risk Analysis - Heating project

Sensitivity analysis						
Perform analysis on	After-ta	ax IRR - equity				
Sensitivity range		30%				
Threshold	10	%				
		r				
		_		Initial costs		\$
Fuel cost - base case		334,583	406,280	477,976	549,673	621,369
\$		-30%	-15%	0%	15%	30%
50,620	-30%	13.6%	6.0%	1.3%	-2.1%	-4.8%
61,467	-15%	34.0%	19.1%	10.9%	5.8%	2.2%
72,314	0%	58.8%	37.1%	23.5%	15.0%	9.5%
83,161	15%	84.7%	57.6%	39.4%	26.9%	18.5%
94,008	30%	110.8%	78.9%	56.8%	41.0%	29.6%
				Initial costs		\$
uel cost - proposed case	9	334,583	406,280	477,976	549,673	621,369
\$		-30%	-15%	0%	15%	30%
3,363	-30%	62.2%	39.8%	25.4%	16.4%	10.6%
4,084	-15%	60.5%	38.4%	24.4%	15.7%	10.0%
4,805	0%	58.8%	37.1%	23.5%	15.0%	9.5%
5,525	15%	57.1%	35.8%	22.5%	14.3%	9.0%
6,246	30%	55.4%	34.5%	21.6%	13.6%	8.5%
		F				
				Initial costs		\$
Debt interest rate		334,583	406,280	477,976	549,673	621,369
%		-30%	-15%	0%	15%	30%
5.60%	-30%	69.5%	47.2%	32.3%	22.3%	15.5%
6.80%	-15%	64.3%	42.2%	27.8%	18.5%	12.3%
8.00%	0%	58.8%	37.1%	23.5%	15.0%	9.5%
9.20%	15%	53.1%	32.1%	19.4%	11.8%	7.0%
10.40%	30%	47.4%	27.1%	15.7%	9.1%	4.7%

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Perform analysis on **Risk Anal**

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	Unit	Value	Range (+/-)	Minimum	Maximum
hitiar COSts	\$	477,976	10%	430,179	525,774
O&M	\$	14,037	10%	12,634	15,441
Fuel cost - proposed case	\$	4,805	10%	4,324	5,285
Fuel cost - base case	\$	72,314	10%	65,083	79,546
Debt ratio	%	90%	10%	81%	99%
Debt interest rate	%	8.00%	10%	7.20%	8.80%
Debt term	yr	20	10%	18	22



Median	\$	76,512
Level of risk	%	
Minimum within level of confidence	\$	8,641
Maximum within level of confidence	\$	137,944



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Canada

Risk analysis

Net Present Value (NPV)

Check calculations!

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Questions?

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