

A black and white photograph of an industrial facility, likely a power plant or refinery. The image shows a complex network of large, cylindrical ducts, pipes, and structural steel frameworks. In the foreground, there are large, rectangular metal structures, possibly part of a heat exchanger or boiler system. In the background, a worker in a hard hat and safety vest is visible on a platform, providing a sense of scale. The overall scene is one of a large-scale industrial project.

COMBINED HEAT AND POWER

Lessons Learned from the Implementation of Projects Across the Country

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JACOBS

Background

- Extensive topic
- Perspective from:
 - Designing and implementing for 10+ years
 - Successes
 - Bruises
 - Scores of flameouts...
- Not CHP 101
- Addressed toward private CHP, not utility
- Names changed to protect the guilty



Industrial Enhanced Oil Recovery
20 MW CHP

Lesson #1

CHP is not for everyone!

CHP is Not for Everyone

Big Idea

- Understand what is driving your project
- Accept that the right answer might be:
 - Maybe later
 - NO
 - NEVER!

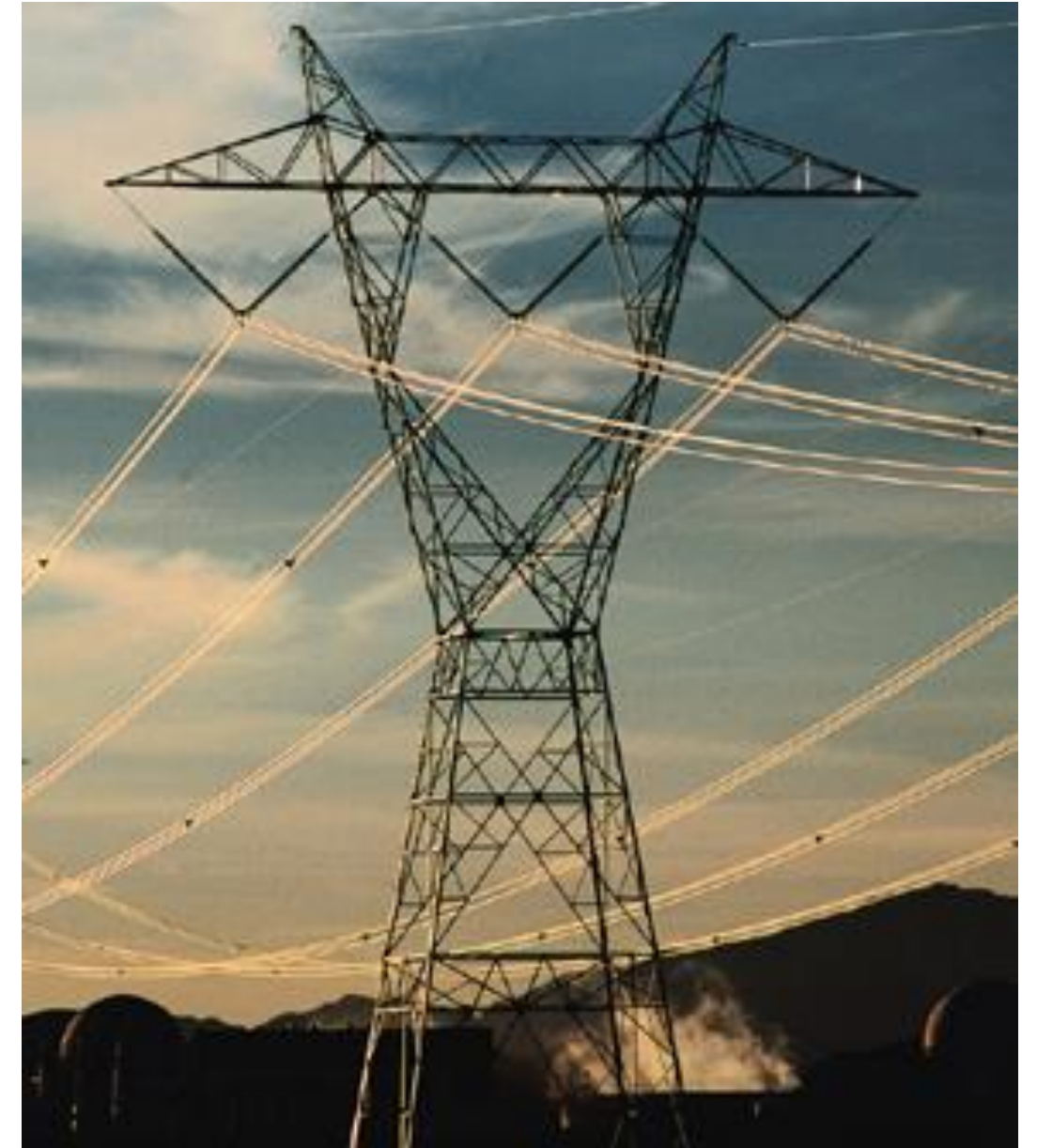
Words of Wisdom

- If all your friends jumped off a bridge, would you jump too? – *Your Mother*



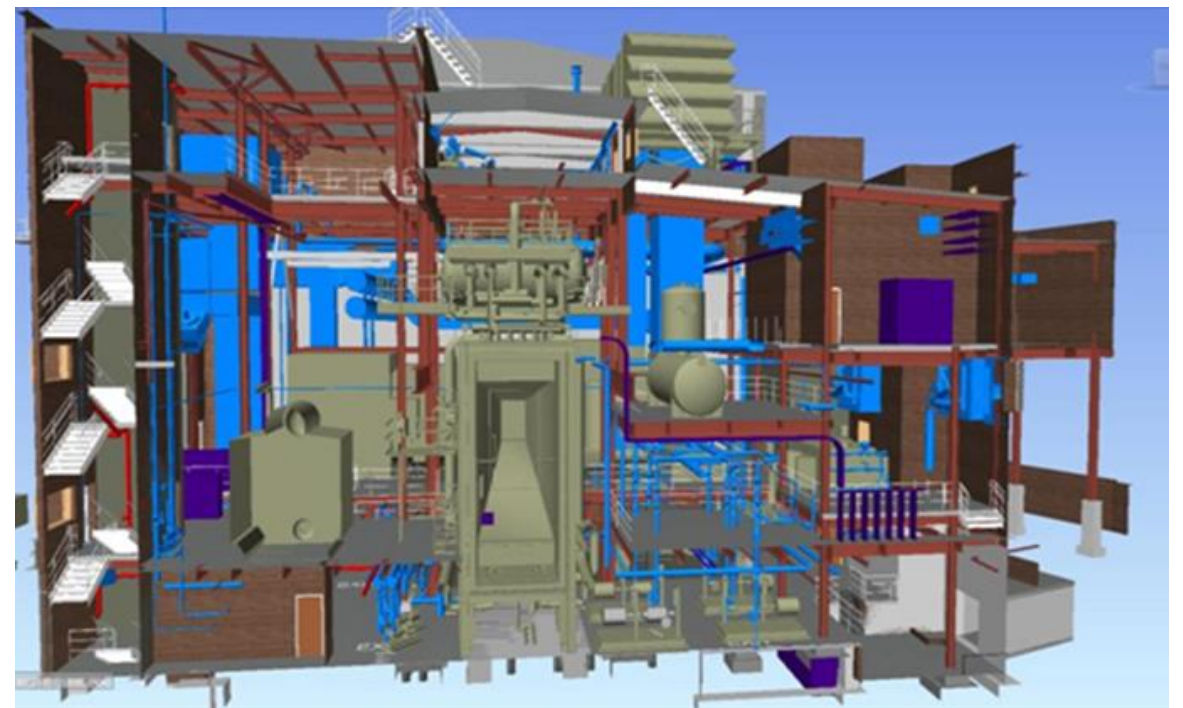
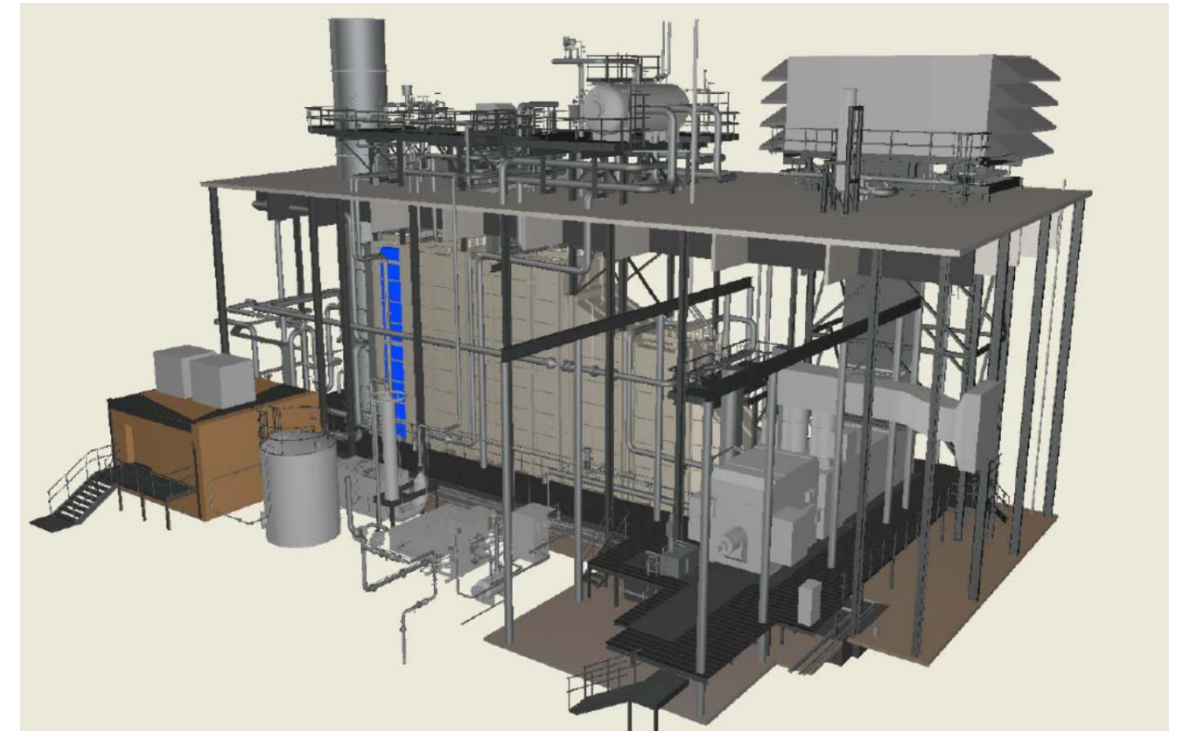
CHP is **NOT**:

- A means to beat your utility at their own game
 - Frustration with your utility is a poor motivating force
 - The utility will always win, one way or another
 - Standby charges
 - Departing load charges
 - Interconnection fees
 - Time (they dictate this)
- Always the cleanest form of electricity
 - Comparisons can be confusing



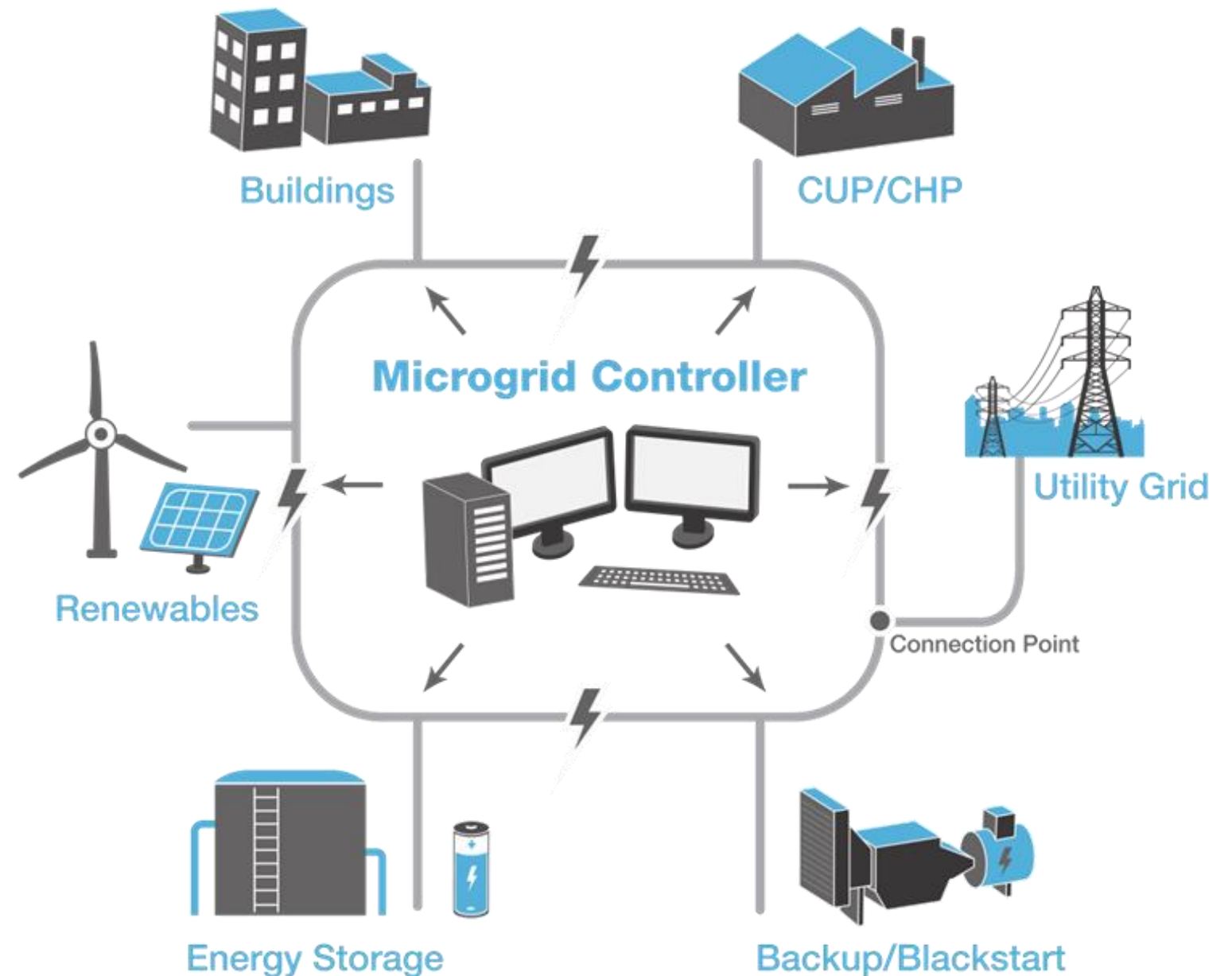
CHP is **NOT**:

- A universal solution
 - Every system is unique
 - Beware of keeping up with the Jones'
- The California Highway Patrol
 - Understand your audience
 - Understand their motivation
 - 95% of time = \$\$\$
- Fast, cheap or easy!
 - See remaining lessons...



CHP *might* be right when:

- Electricity is costly, fuel is cheap
- Coincident thermal and electrical demands
- Consistent thermal demand baseline
- Coal is a target
 - Carbon valuation?
- Resiliency is in play
- Financial and policy incentives exist



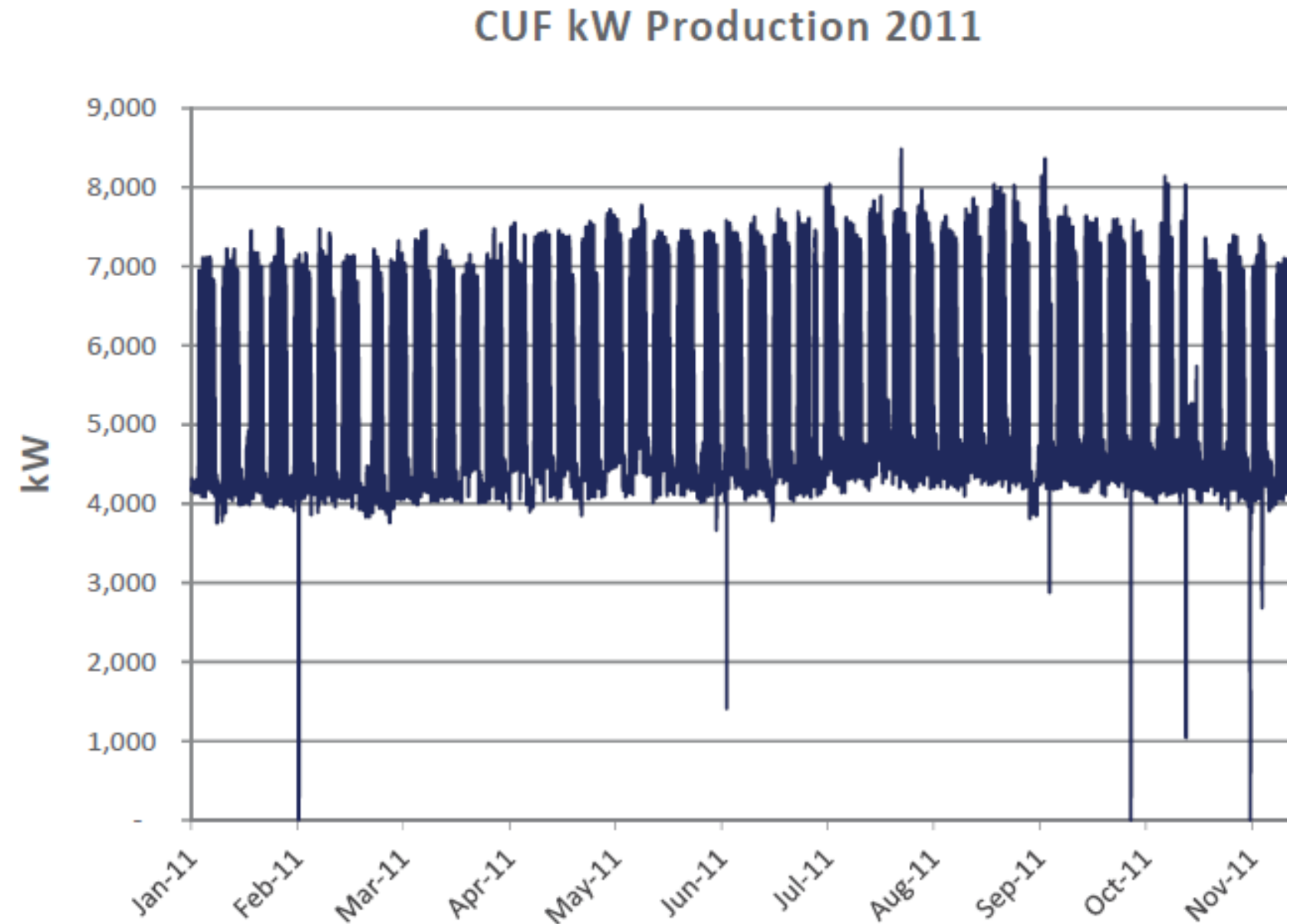
Application

Case Study

- Client 1
- Client 2
- Client 3

Application

- Understand project drivers, opportunities
- Seek qualified assistance to advance development
- Apply Lesson #2





The University of Texas at Austin
32 MW CHP

Lesson #2

CHP projects require
intense due diligence!

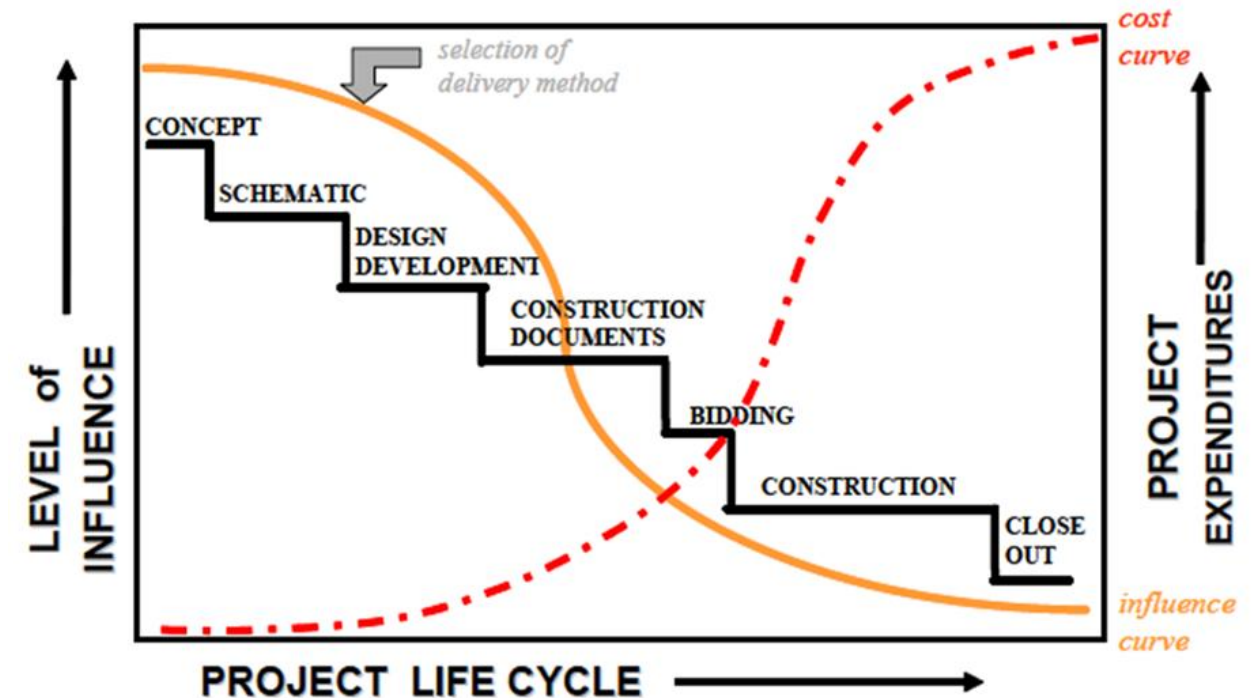
CHP Projects Require Intense Due Diligence

Big Idea

- EARLY is when to do the project right
- Do your homework
- Ask the right questions
- Be realistic with input and results

Words of Wisdom

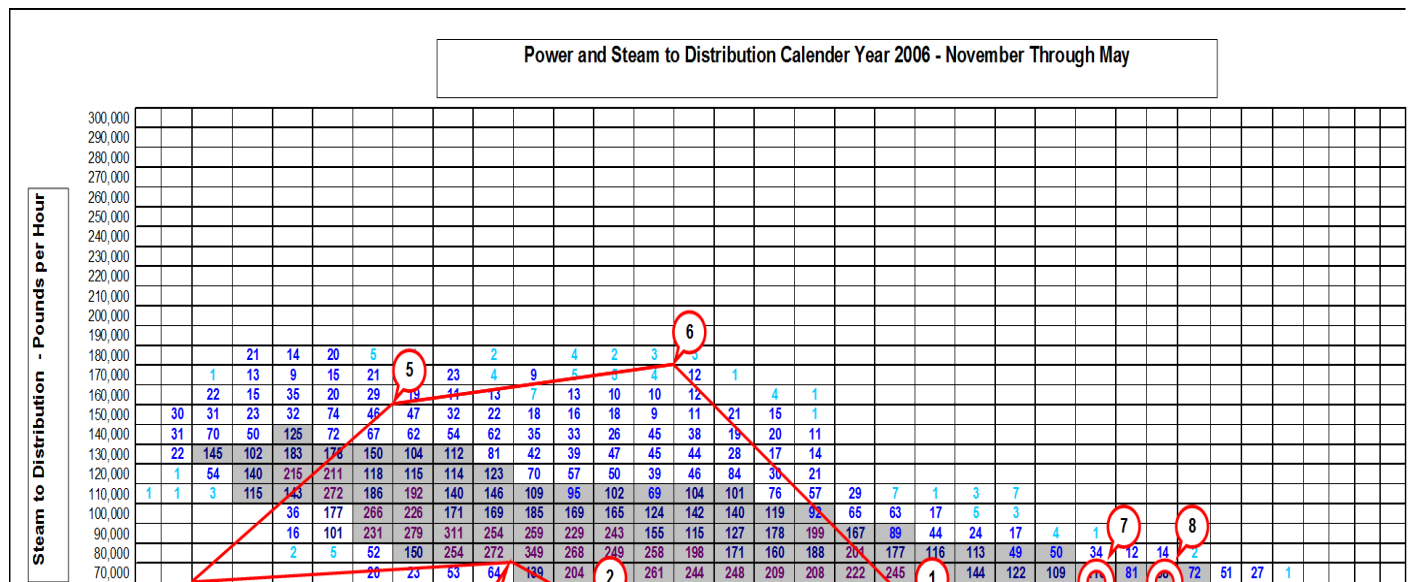
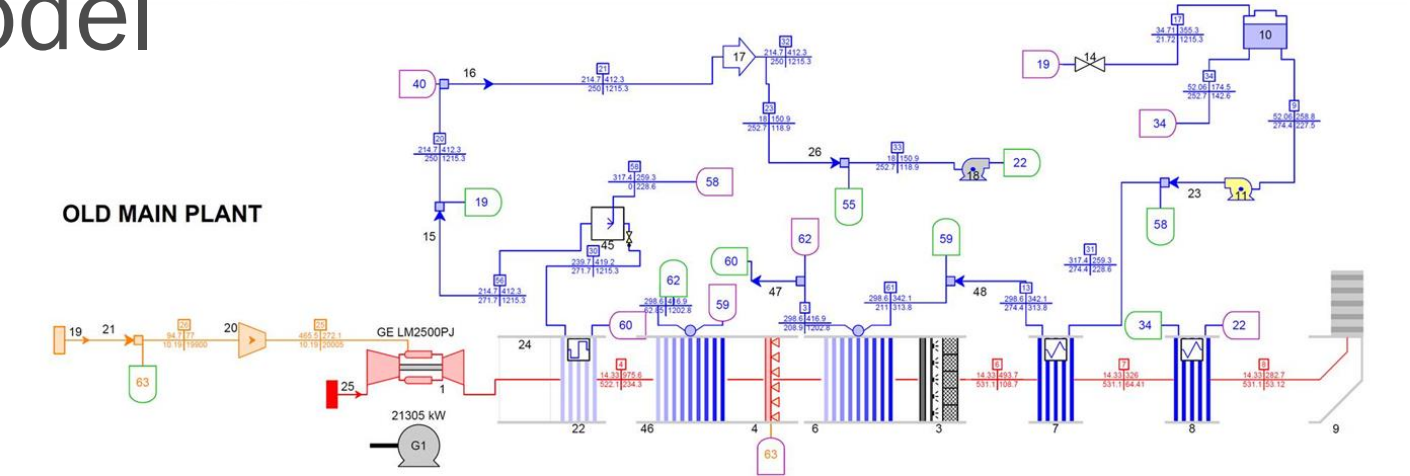
- Give me six hours to chop down a tree, and I'll spend the first four hours sharpening the axe.
– *Abraham Lincoln*



Invest in a Rigorous and Detailed Study

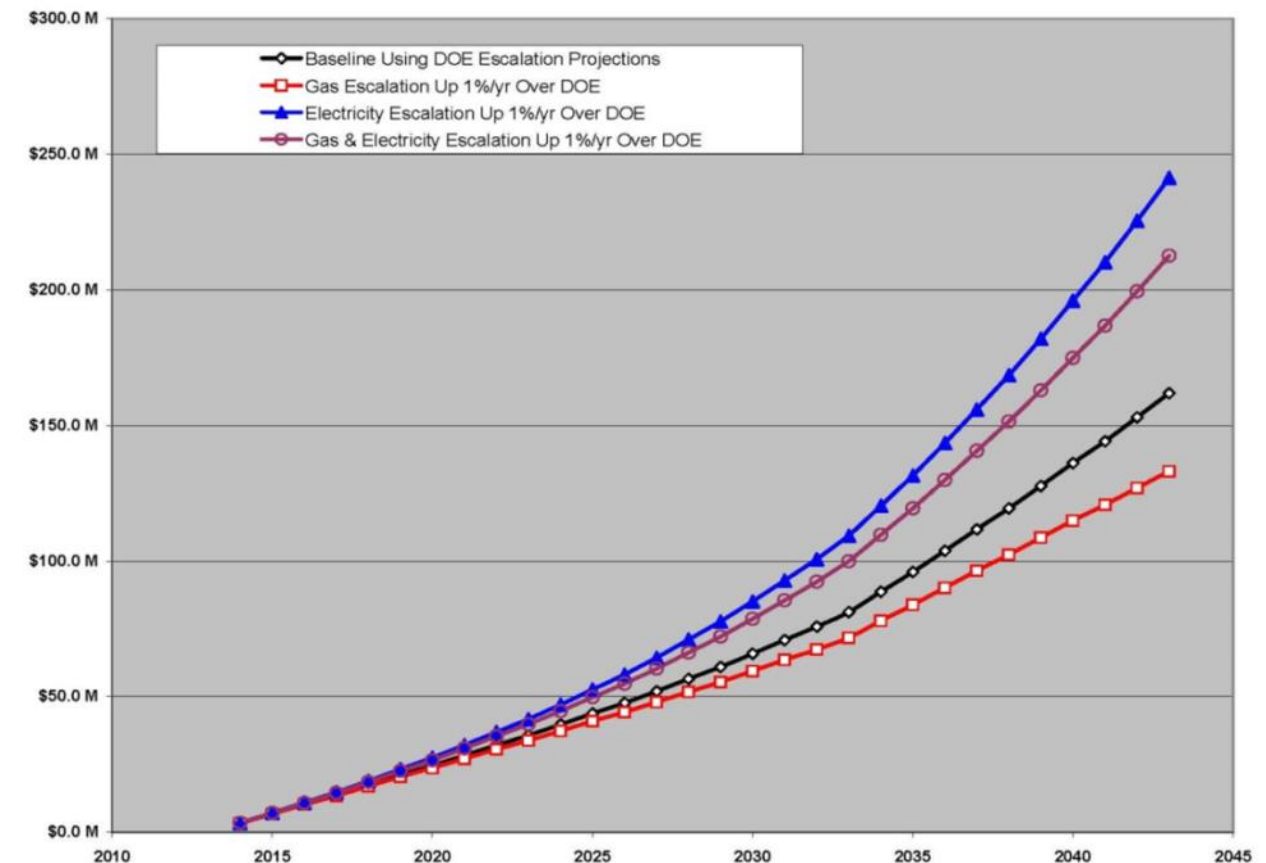
- Detailed thermodynamic model

- Quality (hourly, metered) data
- Caution re: future projections
- Explore and optimize:
 - Economizers
 - Inlet air cooling
 - Condensate pre-heaters
 - Low grade heat recovery
 - Water usage



Invest in a Rigorous and Detailed Study

- Understand requirements of finance department
- Sensitivities
- Value for carbon/GHG?
- Full project cost
 - Construction
 - Permitting
 - Utility interconnect
 - Design
 - Existing conditions
 - Permits
 - Owner contingency
 - Commissioning
 - Training
 - Project management



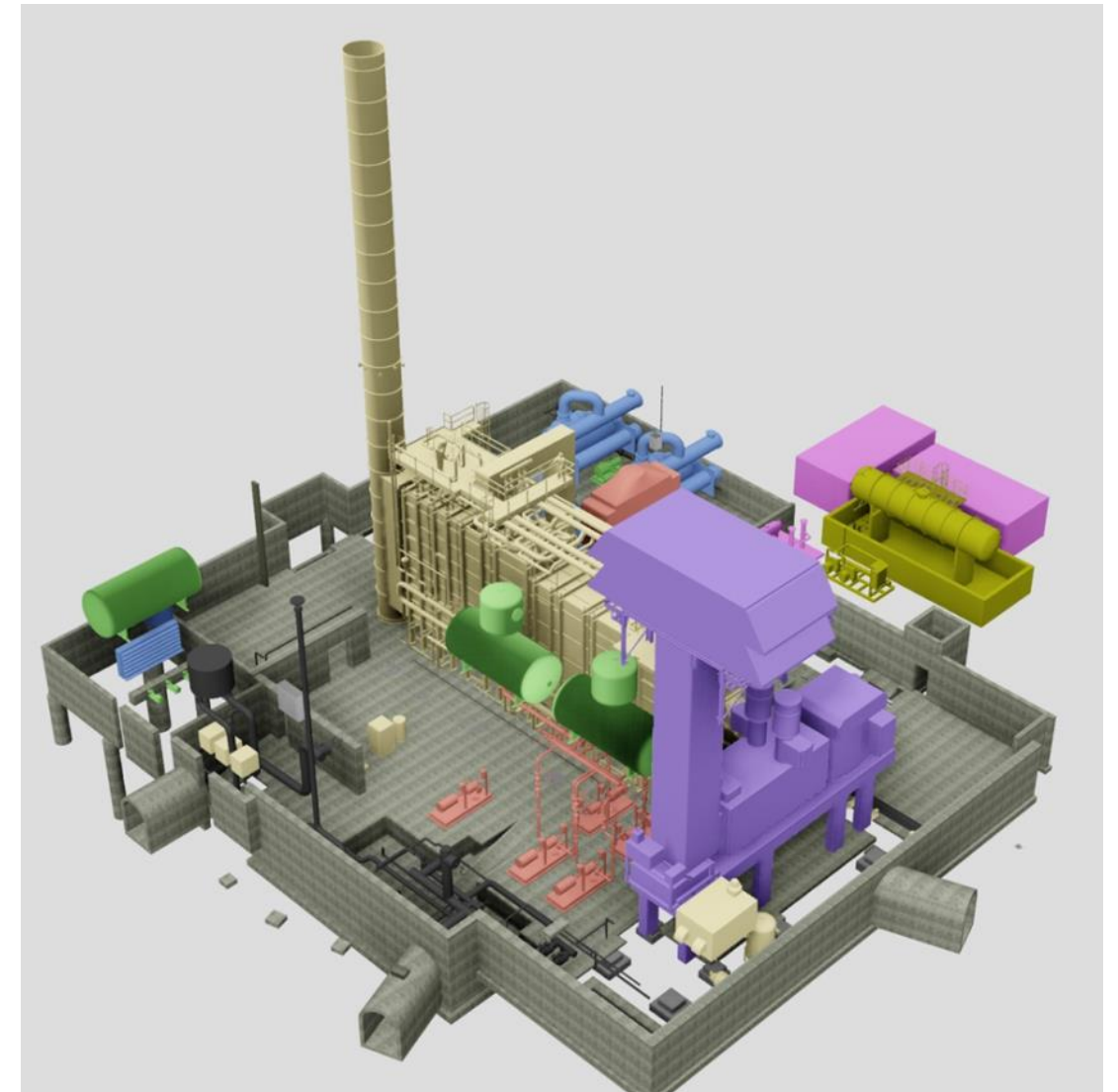
Application

Case Study

- University of Minnesota
 - LCC Savings - \$94M
 - GHG Savings – 35,700 tons annually
- Redacted Client(s)
 - Growth into system size

Application

- Understand financial metrics necessary for approval
- Growing into a project is risky
- A screening does not a project make





Lesson #3

CHP projects take time. LOTS of time.
Longer than you expect. Plus more.

University of Oklahoma
15 MW CHP

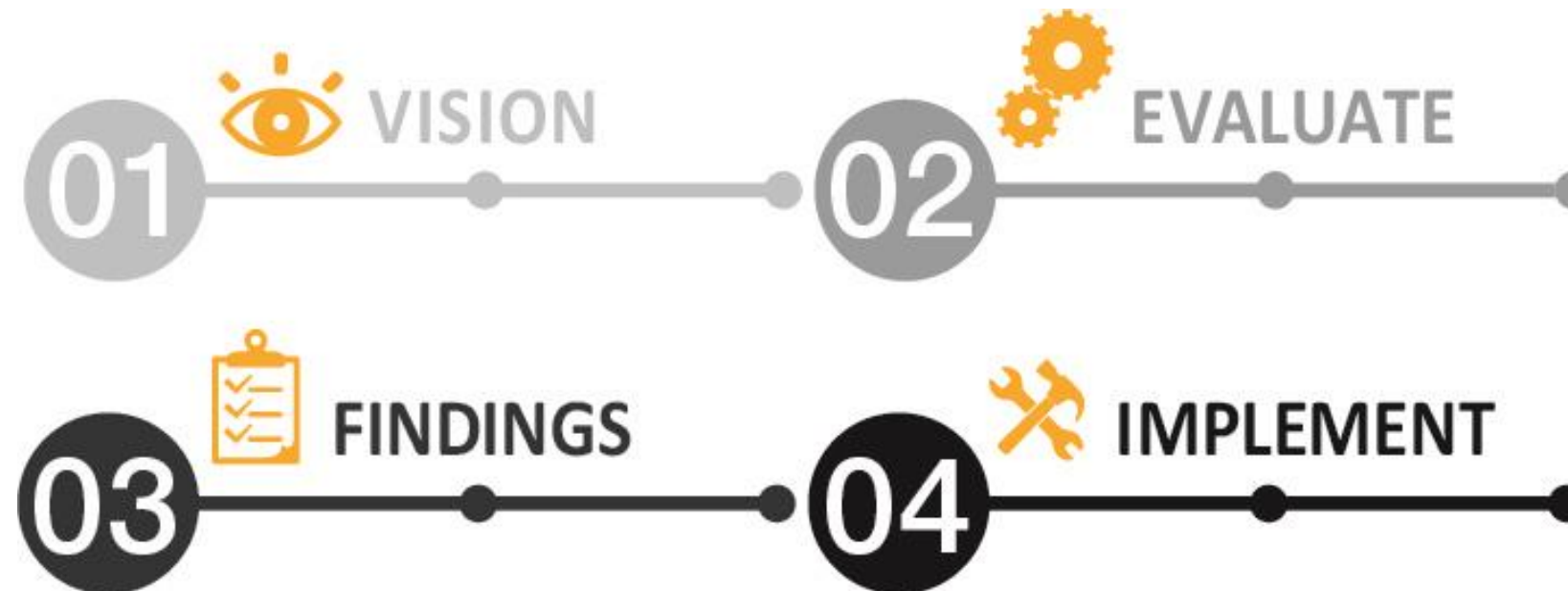
CHP Projects Take Time

Big Idea

- Understand the steps of developing a CHP opportunity
- Have reasonable expectations
- You are not in control

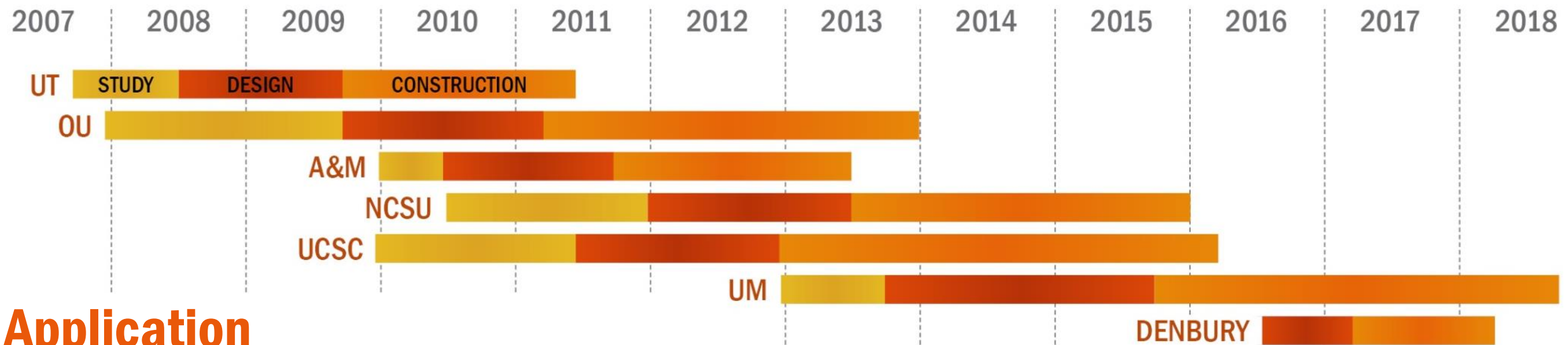
Words of Wisdom

- Overnight success stories take a long time. – *Steve Jobs*



Application

Case Studies

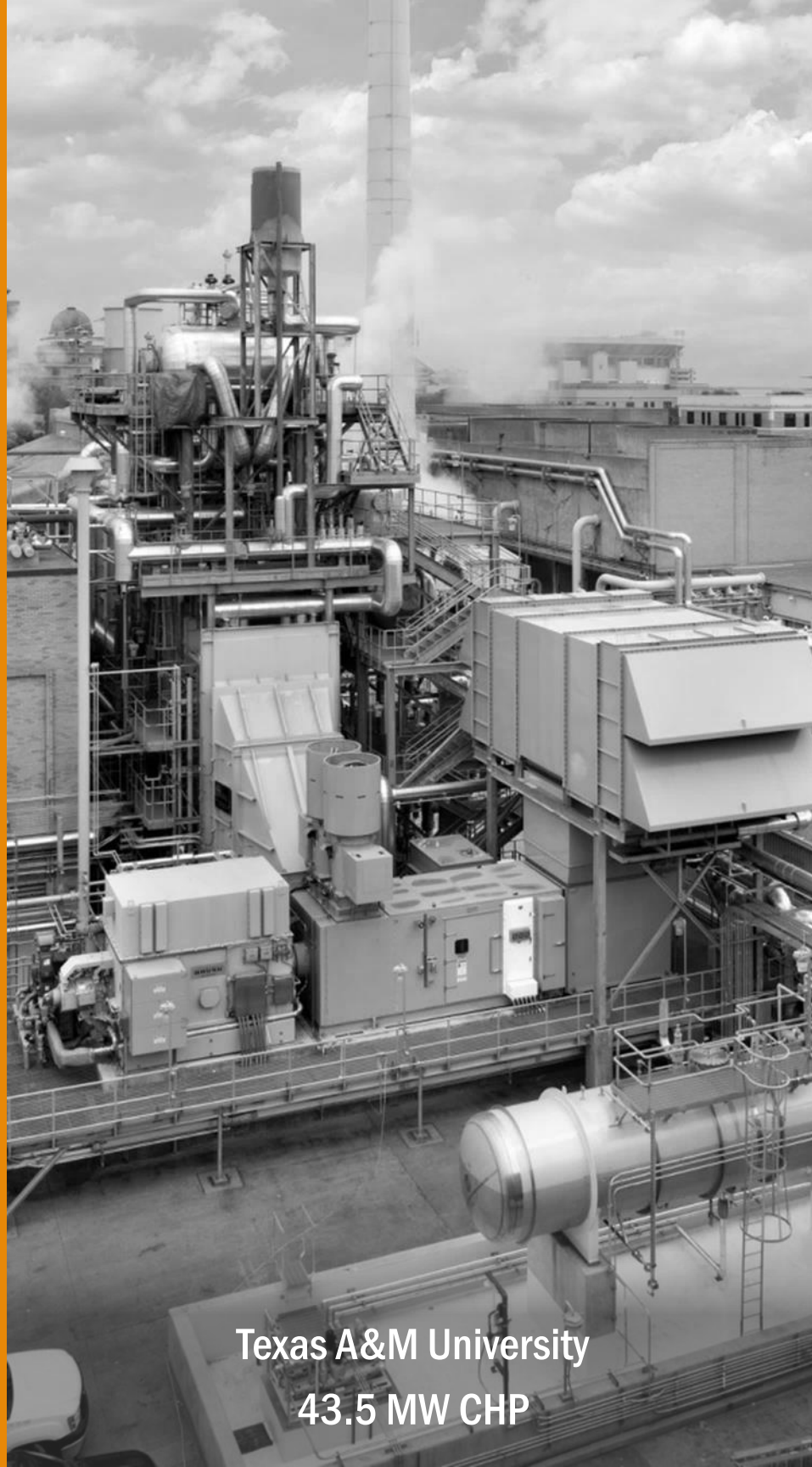


Application

- EPA permitting = 9-12 months
- ISO permitting = 9-12 months (before paralleling)
- Set realistic expectations for all stakeholders
- Time = \$\$\$
- Beware of project fatigue

Steps for Development





Lesson #4

Design and coordination of systems.
Beyond the power island.

Texas A&M University
43.5 MW CHP

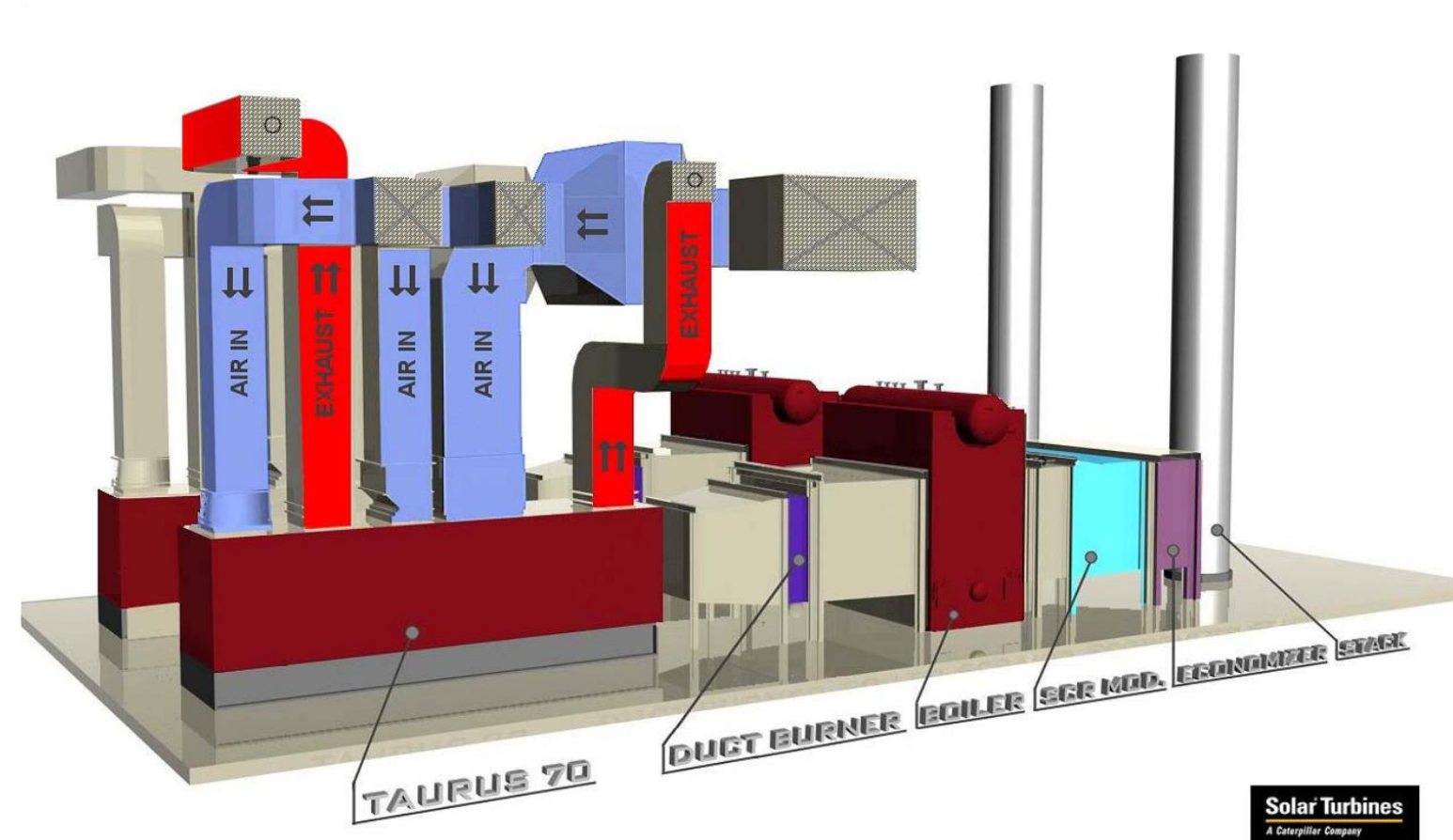
Design and Coordination of Systems

Big Idea

- Selection and Optimization of the Power Island is important
- So is everything else...
- Pre-purchase is a must

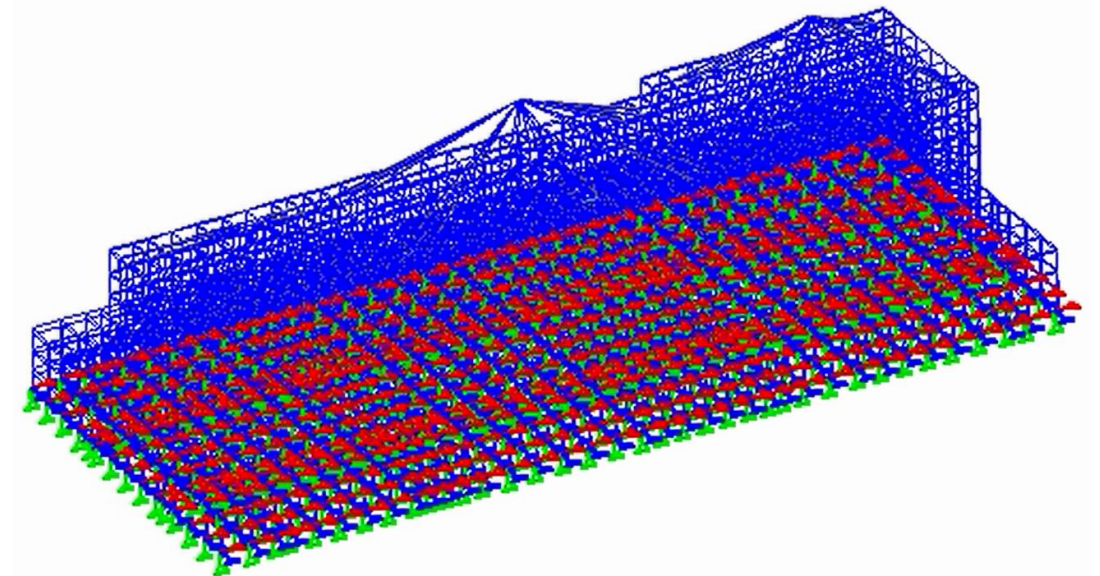
Words of Wisdom

- The whole is more than the sum of its parts. – *Aristotle*



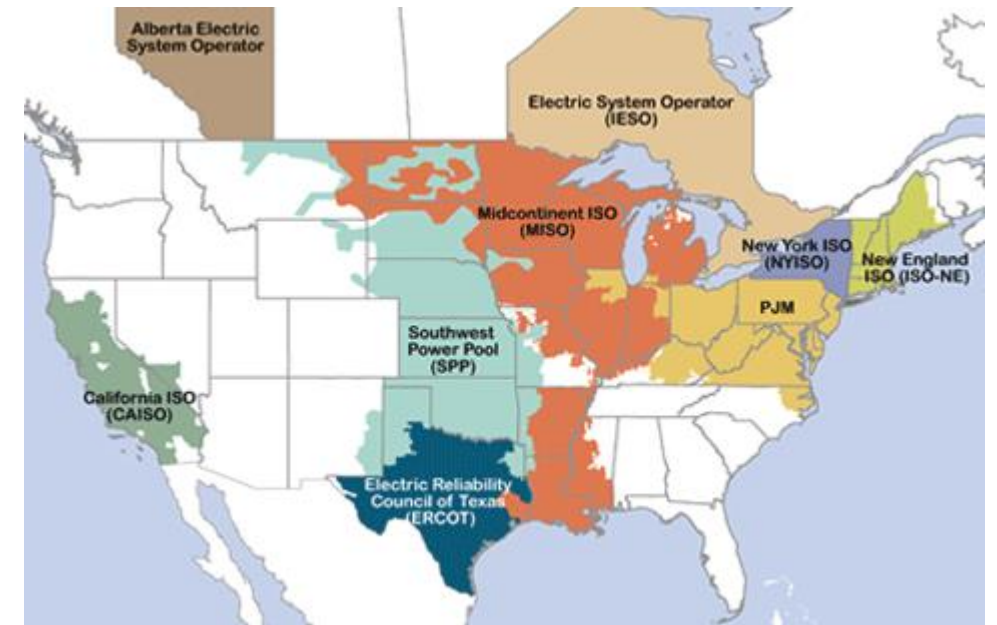
Design Tips

- LIDAR scans in existing plants
- Plant interface with existing systems
 - Condensate return
 - Controls
- Consider early control system integrator involvement
 - Efficient design
 - Integration of vendor systems to plant DCS
- Turbine foundation design - dynamic
 - ACI 351.3R, Ch. 4 – Analytical Methods for Calculating Soil Impendence



Design Tips

- Specifications and vendors
 - Plan around standard options
 - Controls interface
- ISO/FERC regulations
- Air intakes
 - Corrosion
 - SCR reaction
- Water treatment coordination
- Hazardous location requirements





University of California Santa Cruz
5 MW CHP

Lesson #5

CHP plants don't have to be ugly.
But don't make them pretty first.

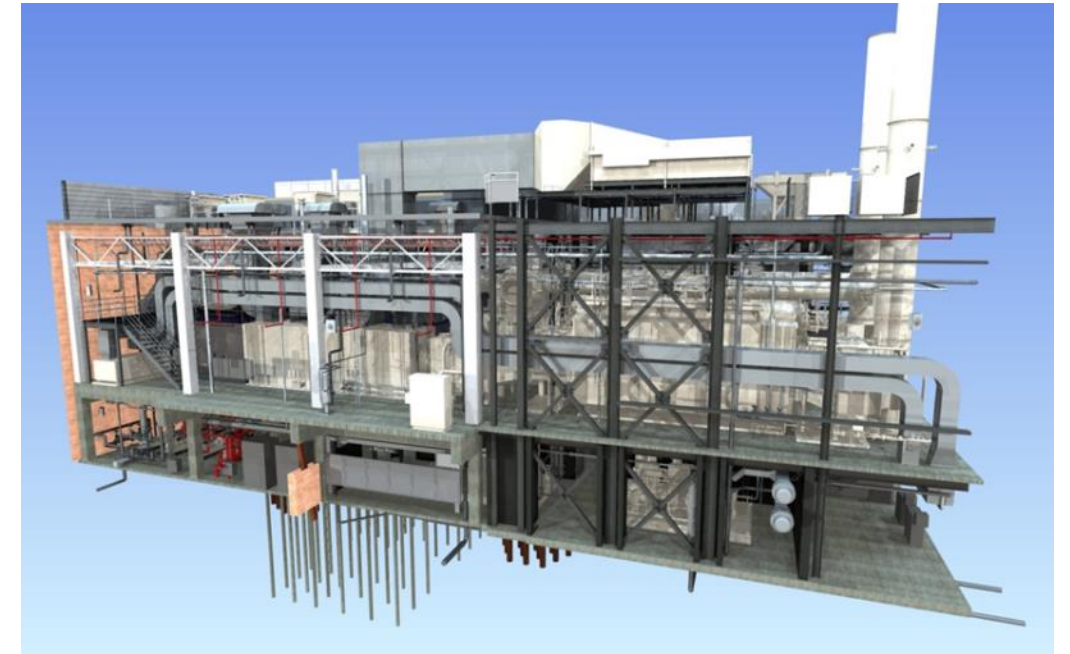
Plant Aesthetics

Big Idea

- The engineer gets to drive!
- Think from inside to out

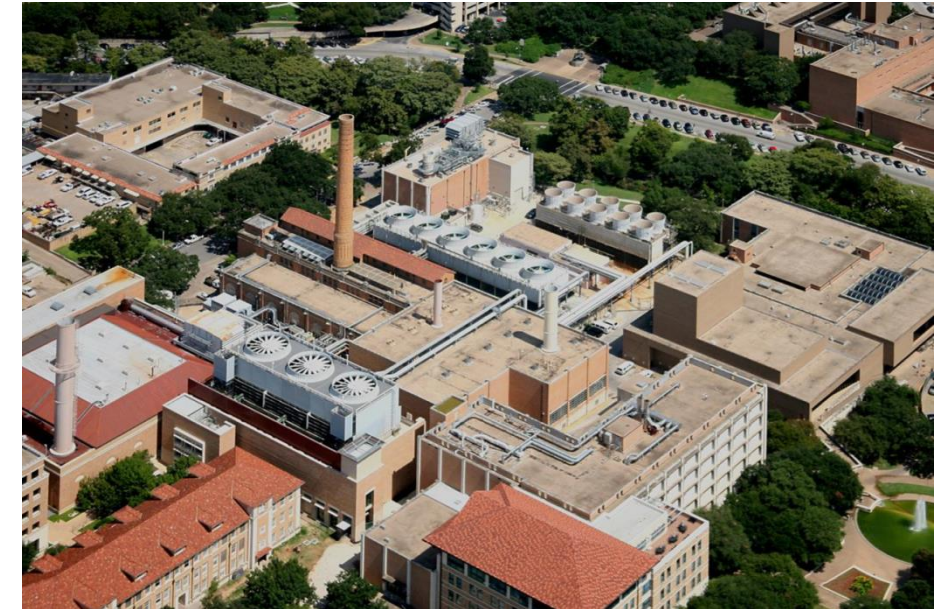
Words of Wisdom

- Beauty is only skin deep. But ugly goes clean to the bone. – *Dorothy Parker*



Design Tips

- **CHP = Engineered System**
 - Start with PFD, not rendering
 - Engineering led
 - Architecturally supported
- Design from the inside out
 - Plan around largest equipment
 - Stacks, air intakes, vents, rooftop equipment
 - Electrical gear
 - Single source
- Remember the operators!



Application

Case Study

- University of Oklahoma
- University of Minnesota

Application

- Engineering first
- Safe and functional second
- Aesthetics third





Oregon State University
6.5 MW CHP

Other Lessons:

6. CHP plants and safety.
7. Natural gas compressors.
You don't want one.
8. Issues with electrons.
9. Project delivery methods; choose wisely.
10. Your contractor probably hasn't built one of these before.
11. CHP projects are tough to commission.
But worth it every time.
12. Train your operators!

Questions?

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