



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

# Distribution Grid Locational Performance Modeling

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Developing an Integrated Modeling Tool for Regulation  
Phase I – Scoping and Proof of Concept

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11/08/2017





## **Research at LBNL**

DER deployment with respect to different stakeholders in the grid space:

- customer adoption
- economic dispatch
- grid planning

## **This Project**

Recognize locational value of DER

Impact of tariffs on placement, sizing, and operation of DER in distribution networks

Trade-off between utility and customer investment



**DER value proposition** can be partially assessed with current tools and practices

- DER economics
- build-out scenarios
- grid impacts

No integrated tool is available to understand how economic signals may influence and leverage DER adoption and inform / help utilities in distribution system planning



Leverage capabilities to develop an **Integrated Modeling Tool** to address gap

Build modeling framework to assist in regulatory proceedings

- Distributed resources plans
- Resource requirements (RPS, AEPS, EEPS, ...)
- Rate cases

Better informed decisions will generate benefits across stakeholders



Develop the **Integrated Modeling Tool** around following requirements:

- long-term analysis compatible with different regulatory proceedings
- estimate DER deployment based on economic signals
- conduct power flow analysis of the distribution system
- consider economics of grid planning and operations
- wholesale market integration

**Status:** scoping and prototype development



## Phase I - Demonstration / Proof of Concept

### Demonstrate how tariffs can be used to influence:

- DER deployment
- DER operations
- grid conditions (voltage, line loading)

### Develop software prototype

- leverage **DER-CAM**
- integrate with distribution power flow tool
- develop capabilities to study sensitivity to tariff modifications

### Carry out representative case study

- analyze impact of modifying TOU rates

## Distributed Energy Resources – Customer Adoption Model (DER-CAM)

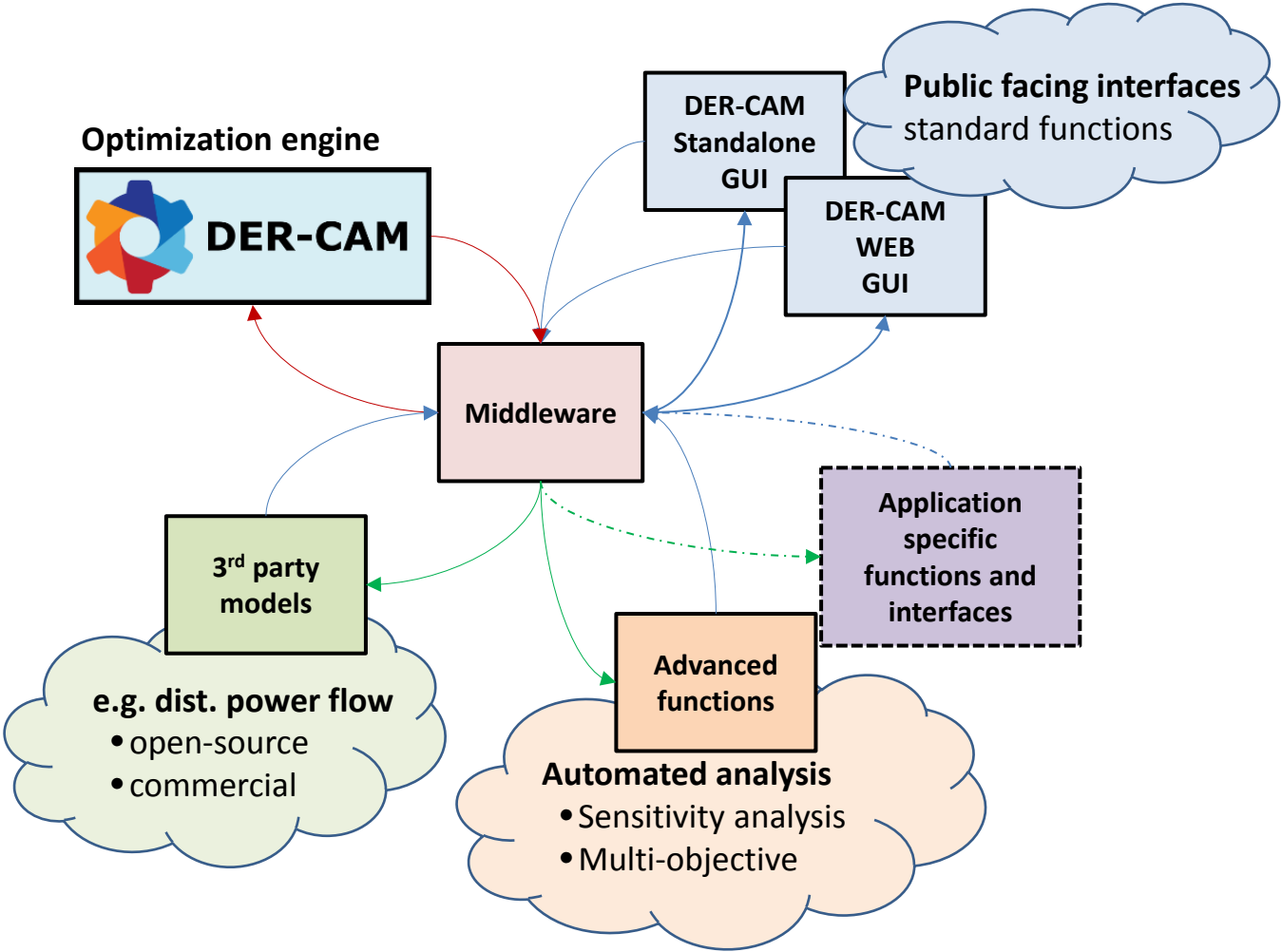
*State-of-the-art decision support tool for decentralized energy systems*



- Free state-of-the-art mathematical optimization tool
- Finds simultaneously the optimal portfolio, sizing, placement, and dispatch of DER in buildings and microgrids
- Flexible objective definition (or multi-objective)
- Co-optimizes multiple stacked revenue streams (self-generation, load shifting, peak shaving, net-metering, feed-in, ancillary services)
- Grid connected and islanded operation (including load prioritization and curtailment)
- Multi-node, multi-energy systems (electric, cooling, and heating loads)
- Includes power-flow and heat-flow constraints
- Supports N-1 security-constrained design



## Distributed Energy Resources – Customer Adoption Model (DER-CAM)

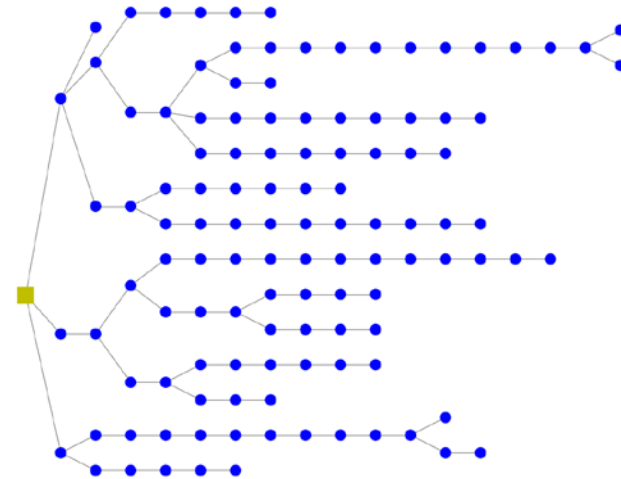




## Case Study

### *Datasets*

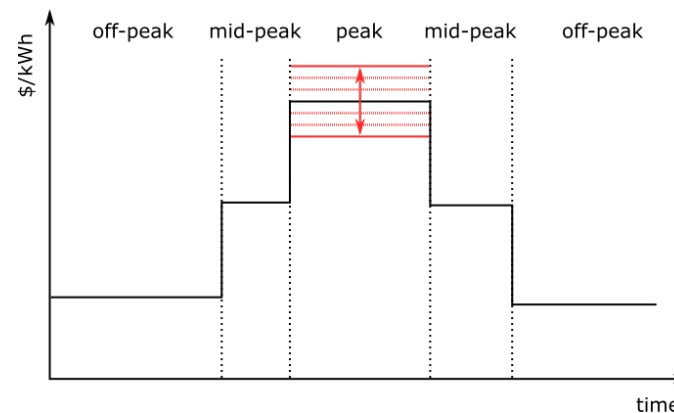
- Standard test feeder (radial 119 bus)
- DoE building energy load datasets
  - Residential Energy Consumption Survey
  - Commercial Reference Building Models
- CBECS and U.S. Census data
- TMY weather data
- DER techno-economic data
- PGE tariffs



### *Case Study*

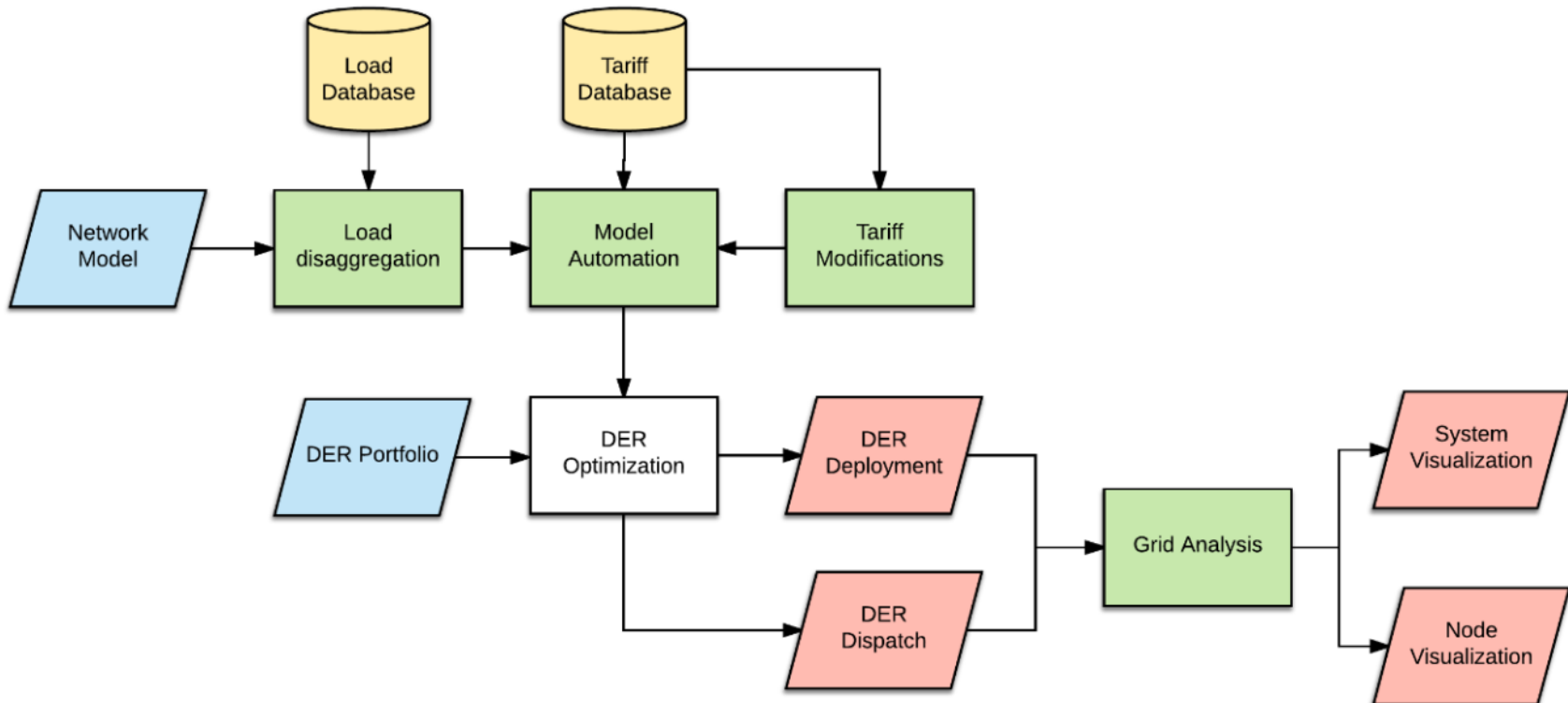
#### Sensitivity to TOU (peak)

- DER deployment
- DER operations
- Grid impacts



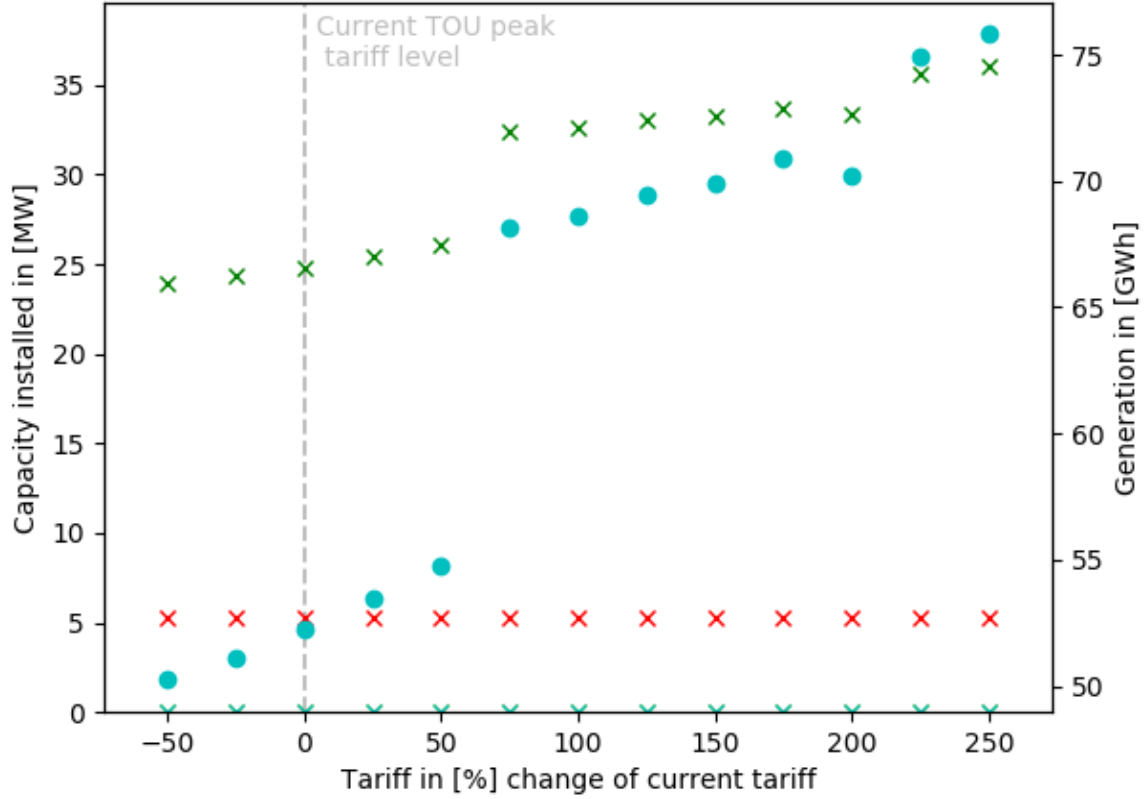
## Case Study

### *Prototype model components & Workflow*





### Capacity installations and renewable generation depending on level of TOU peak tariff



- ✕ Aggregated PV installations [MW]
- ✕ Aggregated storage installations [MWh]
- ✕ Aggregated CHP installations [MW]
- ✕ Aggregated genset installations [MW]
- Generation from renewables [GWh]

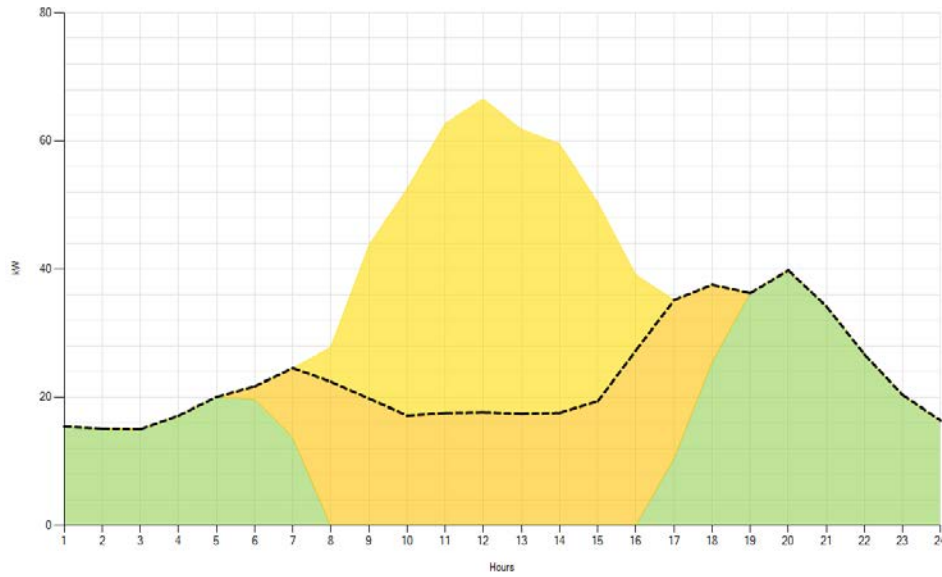
**Aggregate DER deployment**

### Example

System wide PV deployment in response to increased peak TOU rates

**Note:** Sensitivity to a specific tariff can be evaluated while considering broader system, i.e., other customer classes and tariffs

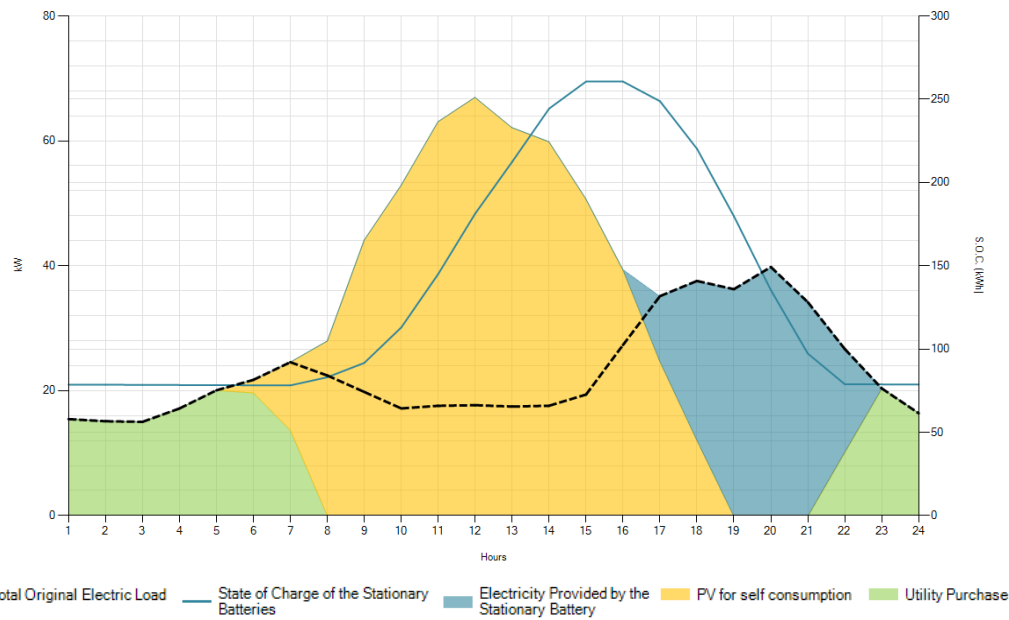
**DER operations**



[Midrise apartment, May]

**Example**  
Impact of tariffs in power injection levels

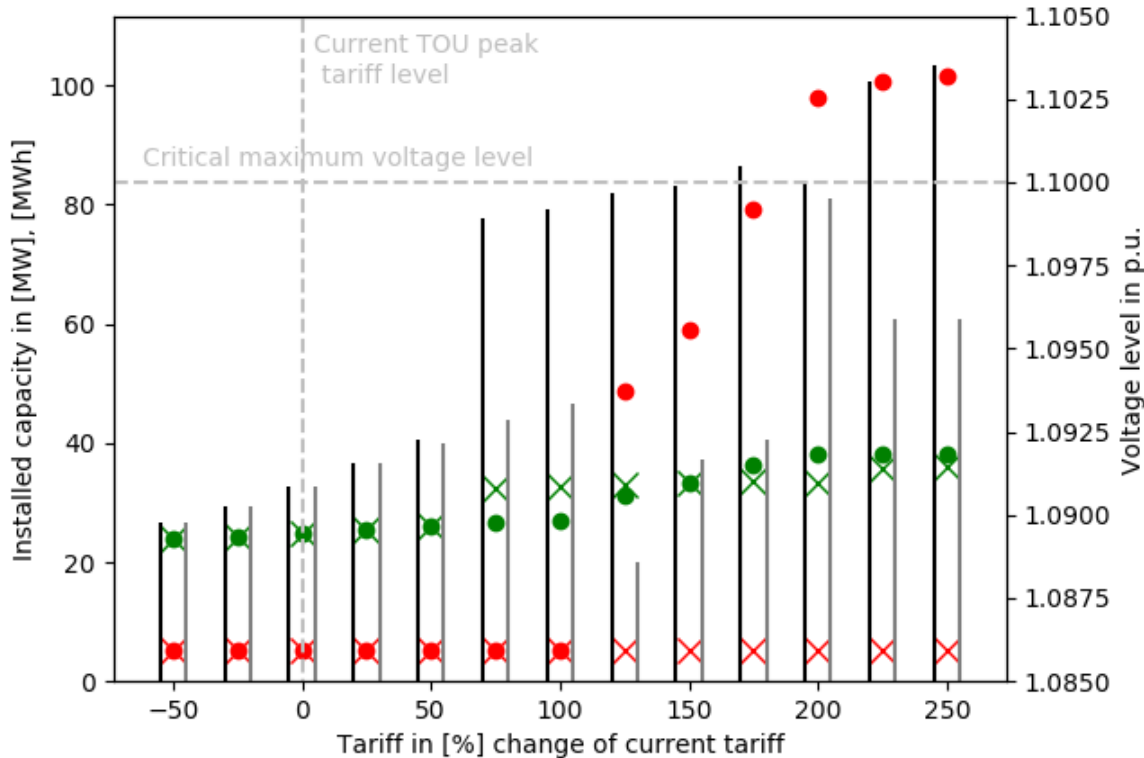
Estimate sensitivity of specific customer segments to changes in tariffs





Installed capacities and voltage level depending on level of TOU peak tariff

**Grid impact**

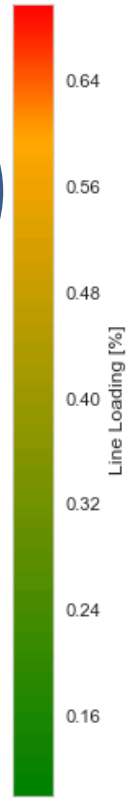
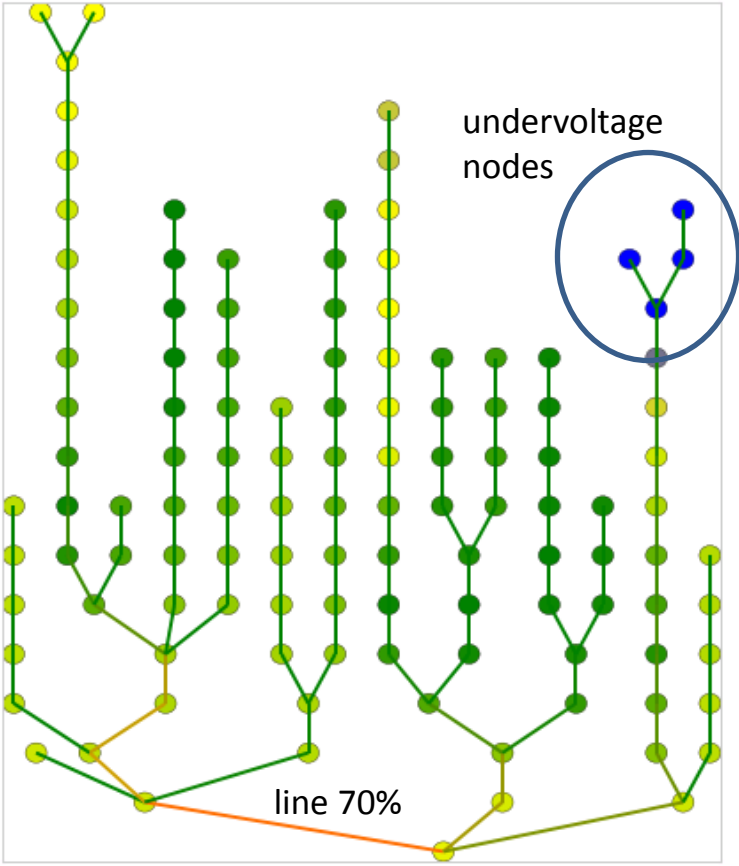


- Maximum voltage for scenario "Res. PV"
- Maximum voltage for scenario "Res. PV and Storage"
- × PV capacity [MW] for scenario "Res. PV"
- × Storage capacity [MWh] for scenario "Res. PV"
- PV capacity [MW] for scenario "Res. PV and Storage"
- Storage capacity [MWh] for scenario "Res. PV and Storage"

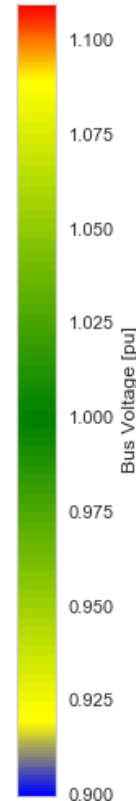
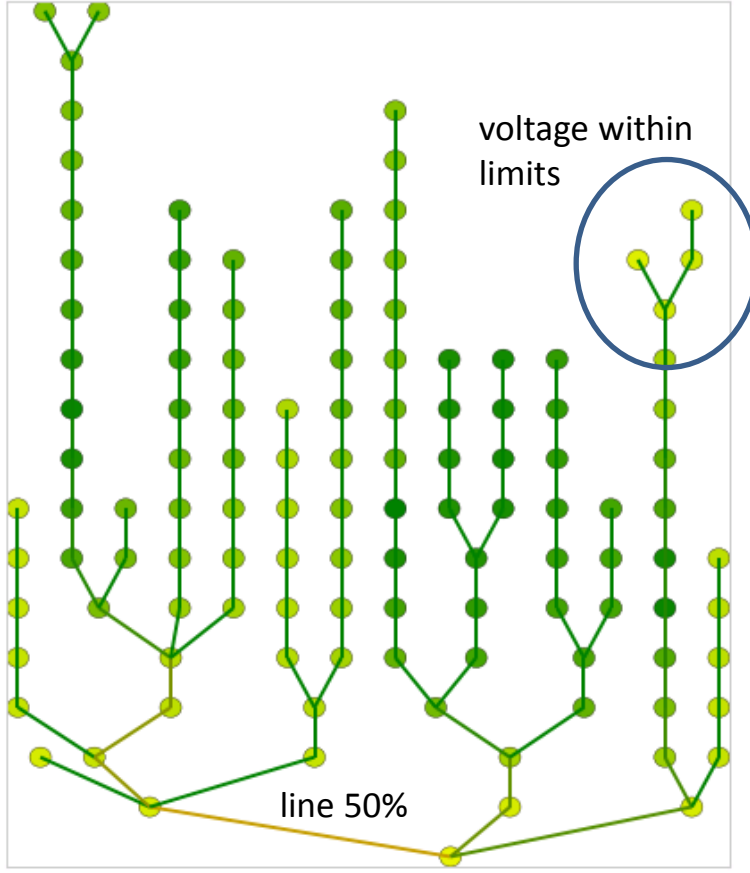
**Example**  
Impact of combined PV and storage on maximum voltage levels



## No DER allowed



## With DER investments

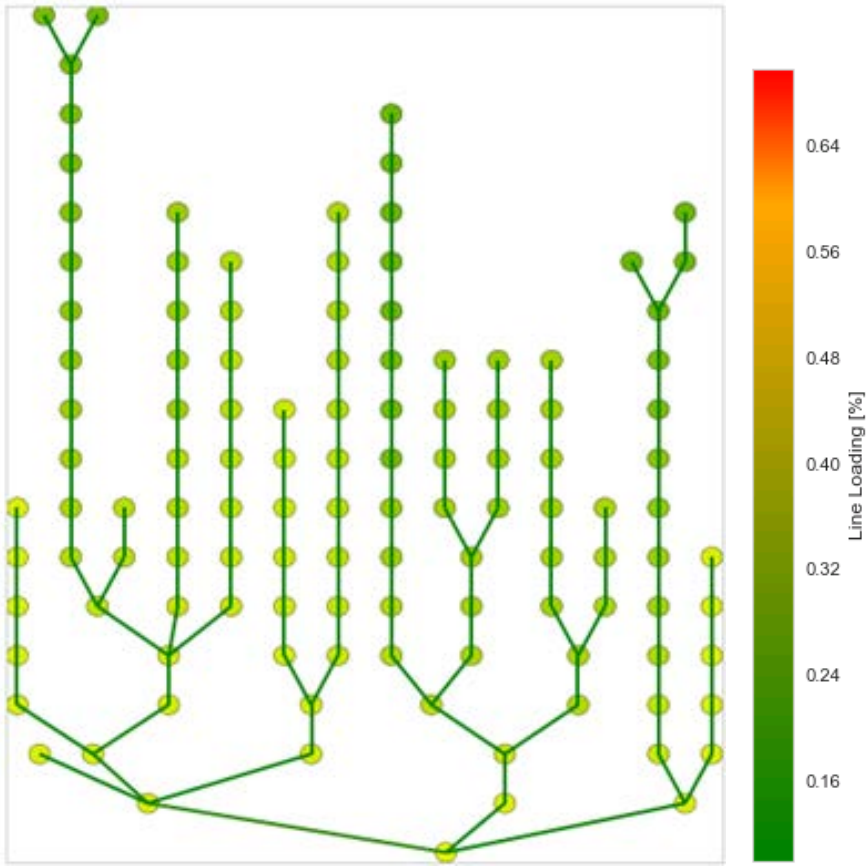


[July, peak, 5pm]

System-level visualization of grid impact on voltage levels, line loading

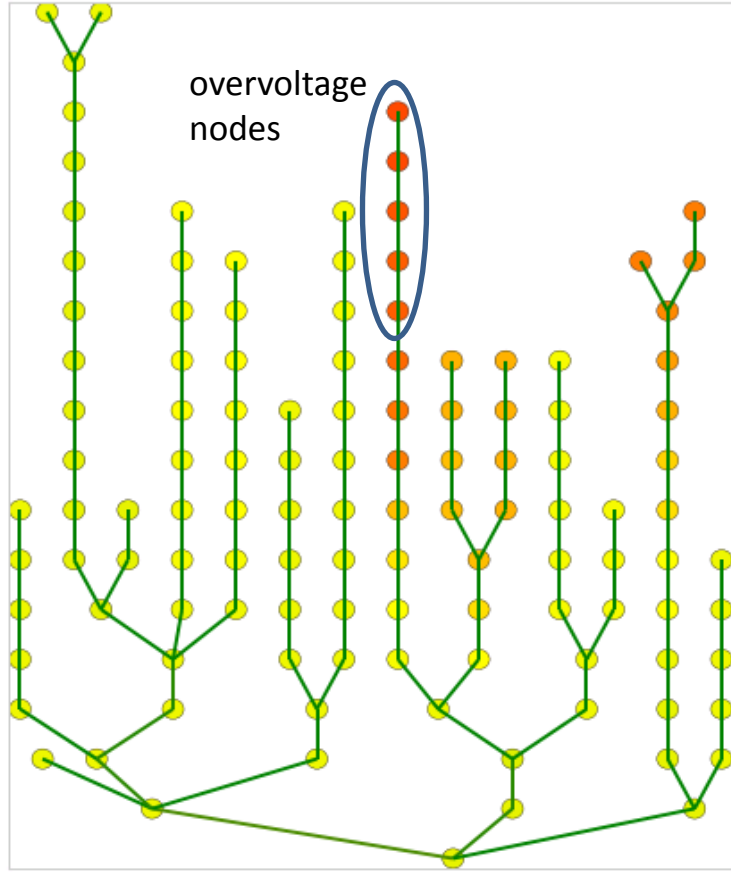


## No DER allowed



[May, weekend, 12pm]

## With DER investments



System-level visualization of grid impact on voltage levels, line loading



## Outlook

- Multi-year planning capabilities
- Extend power flow capabilities (OPF, network expansion)
- Locational valuation metrics: avoided costs
- Load data analytics





## **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

This work is supported by the U.S. Department Of Energy, Office of Electricity Delivery and Reliability, under the Microgrid Program and the Advanced Grid Modeling Program



## Discussion

THANK  
YOU!

<https://building-microgrid.lbl.gov/>

<https://gig.lbl.gov>