

IDEA's 30th Annual Campus Energy Conference

The CHP Value Proposition

23 February 2017

**U.S. DOE Southeast Combined Heat and Power Technical Assistance Partnership
Isaac Panzarella, Director**



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships

SOUTHEAST

Presentation Outline

- CHP TAPs Overview
- CHP at Colleges and Universities
- Screening for CHP Viability
- Next Steps



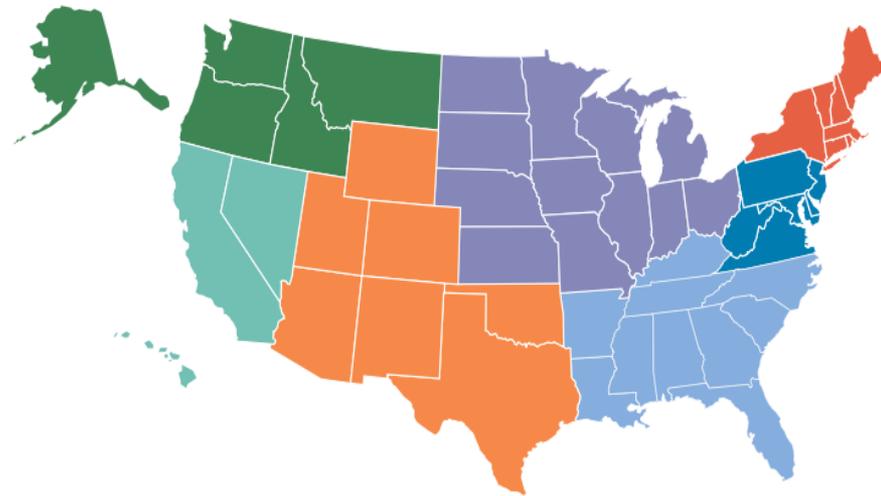
CHP TAPs Overview



DOE CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships (CHP TAPs)

DOE's CHP TAPs promote and assist in transforming the market for CHP, waste heat to power, and district energy or microgrids with CHP throughout the United States. Key services include:

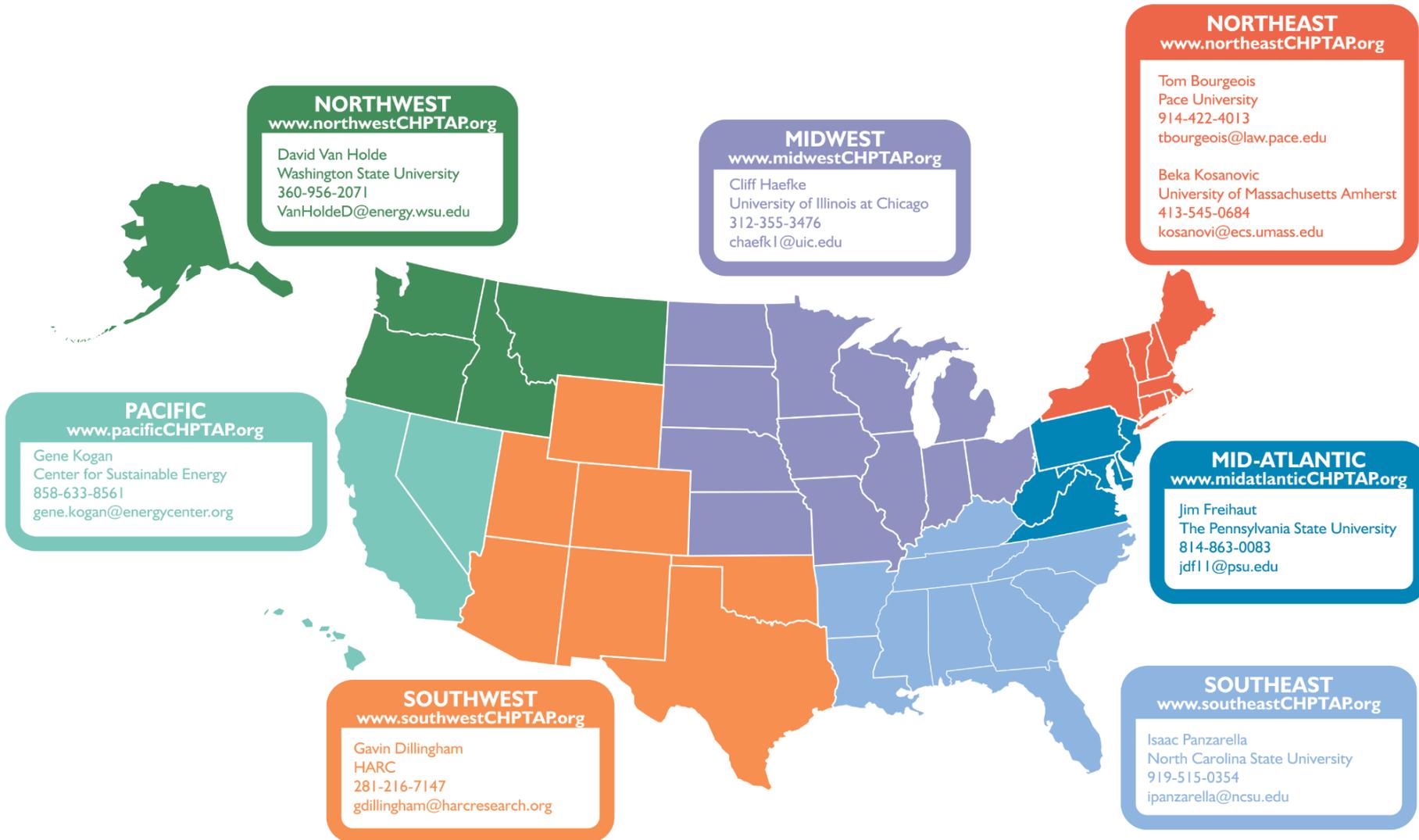
- **Market Opportunity Analysis**
Supporting analyses of CHP market opportunities in diverse markets including industrial, federal, institutional, and commercial sectors
- **Education and Outreach**
Providing information on the energy and non-energy benefits and applications of CHP to state and local policy makers, regulators, end users, trade associations, and others.
- **Technical Assistance**
Providing technical assistance to end-users and stakeholders to help them consider CHP, waste heat to power, and/or district energy or microgrids with CHP in their facility and to help them through the development process from initial CHP screening to installation.



www.energy.gov/chp



DOE CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships (CHP TAPs)



DOE CHP Deployment Program Contacts

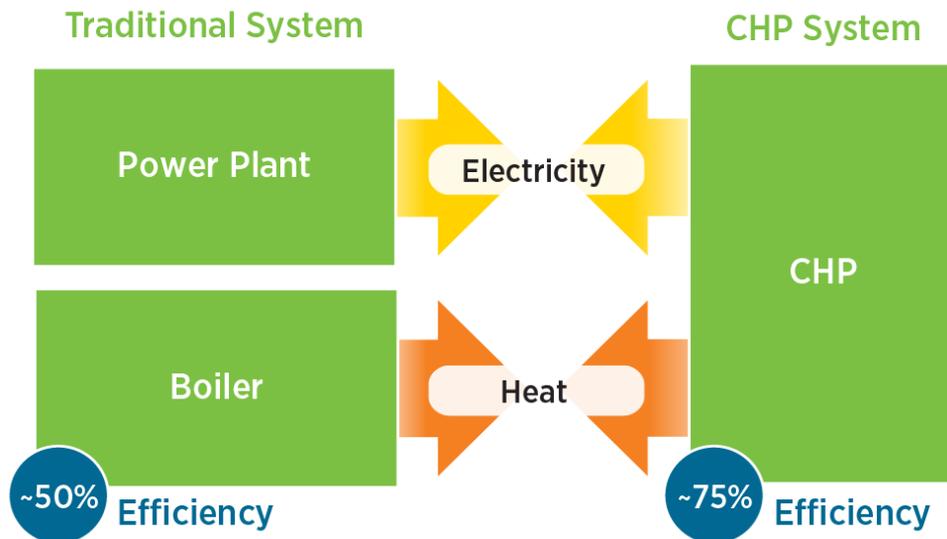
Claudia Tighe
CHP Deployment Program Manager
Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)
U.S. Department of Energy
E-mail: claudia.tighe@ee.doe.gov

Patti Welesko Garland
Enterprise Account POC
CHP Deployment Program
EERE, U.S. Department of Energy
E-mail: Patricia.Garland@ee.doe.gov

Ted Bronson
DOE CHP TAP Coordinator
Power Equipment Associates
Supporting EERE
U.S. Department of Energy
E-mail: tbronson@peaonline.com

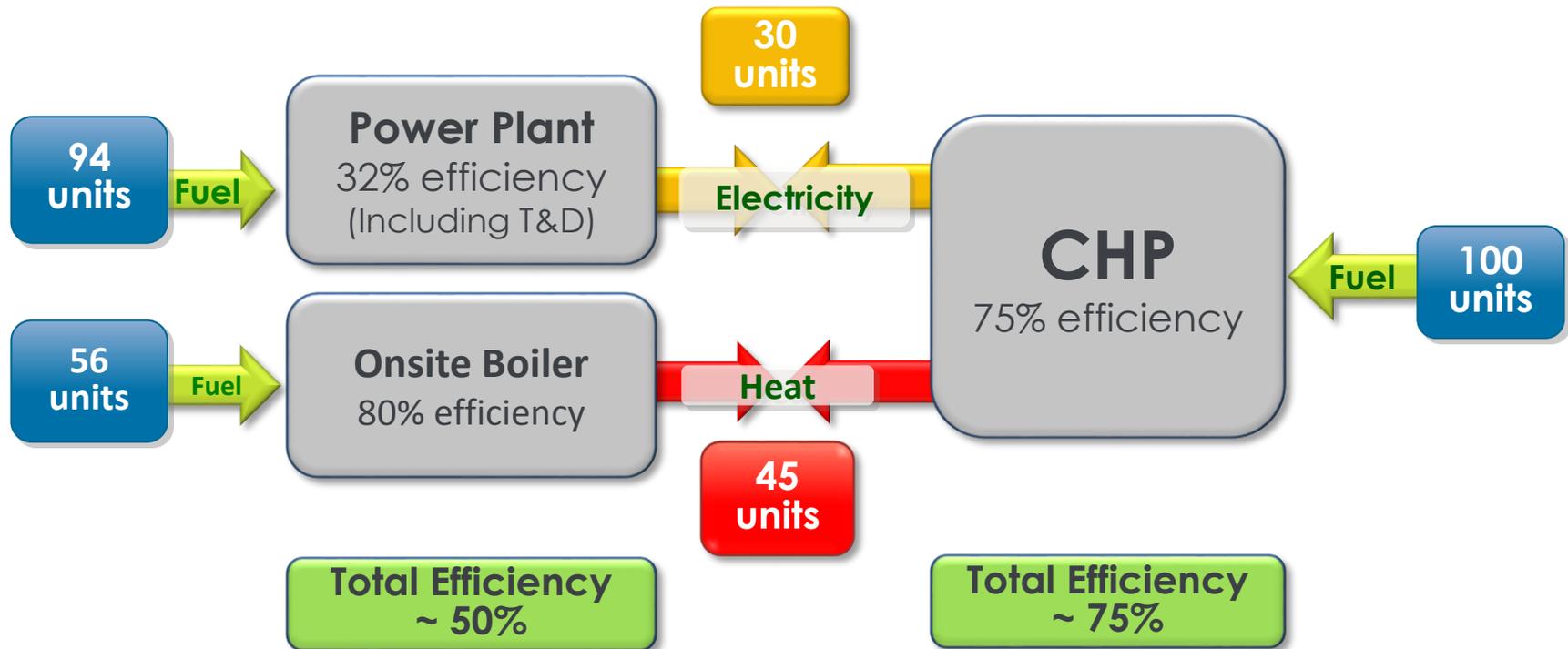
CHP: A Key Part of Our Energy Future

- Form of Distributed Generation (DG)
- An integrated system
- Located at or near a building / facility
- Provides at least a portion of the electrical load and
- Uses thermal energy for:
 - Space Heating / Cooling
 - Process Heating / Cooling
 - Dehumidification



CHP provides efficient, clean, reliable, affordable energy – today and for the future.

CHP Recaptures Heat of Generation Increasing Energy Efficiency and Reducing GHGs



30 to 55% less greenhouse gas emissions



What Are the Benefits of CHP?

- CHP is more efficient than separate generation of electricity and heat
- Higher efficiency translates to lower operating cost, (but requires capital investment)
- Higher efficiency offers opportunities for reduced emissions
- CHP can also increase energy reliability and enhance power quality
- On-site electric generation reduces grid congestion and avoids distribution costs

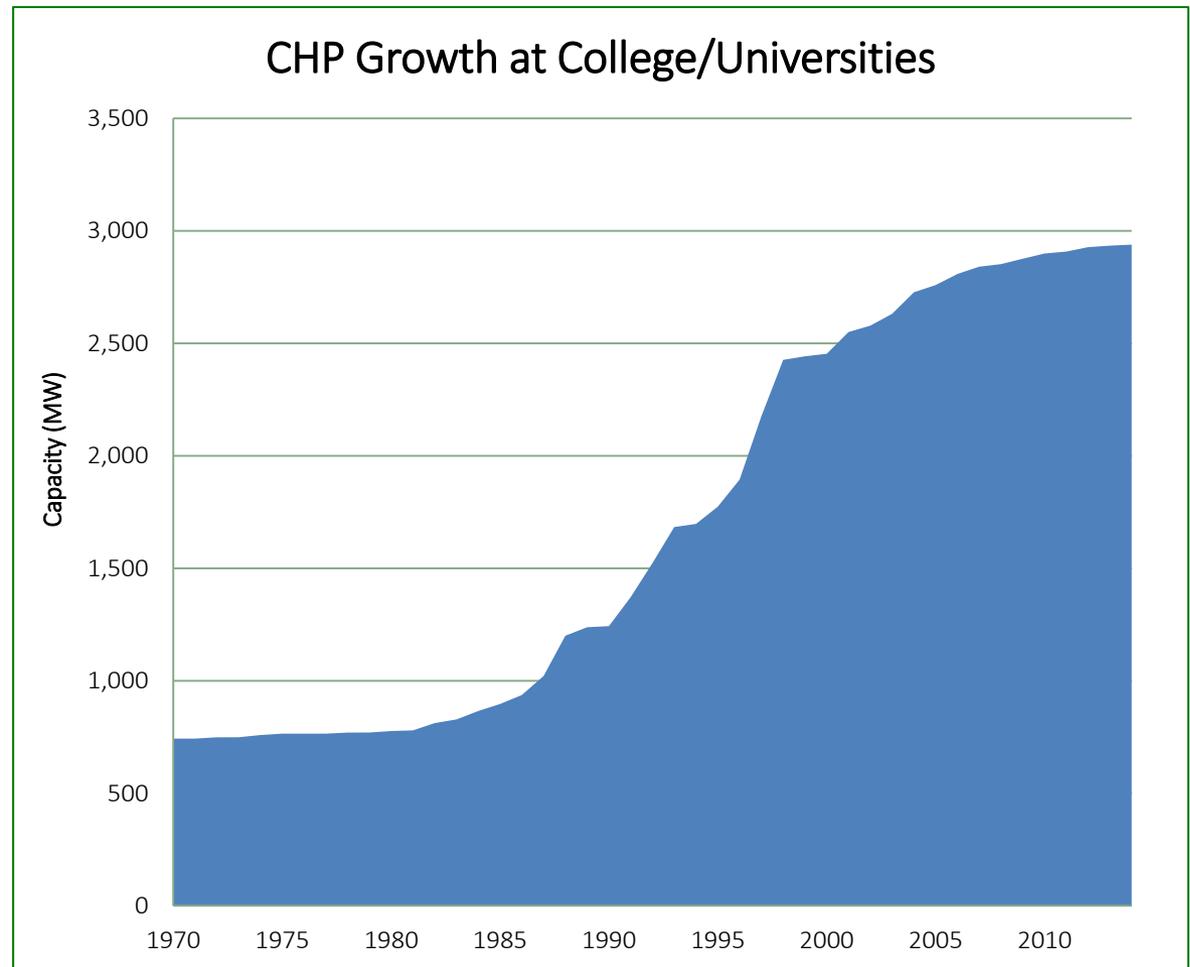


CHP at Colleges and Universities



CHP at Colleges and Universities

- 299 colleges and universities have CHP, totaling 2,939 MW of capacity.
- Represents 3.5% of total installed CHP capacity in the U.S. (82.7 GW)
- Further technical potential totaling 8,403.9 MW of capacity



Source: DOE/ICF CHP Installation Database (as of December 31, 2014) and ICF Internal Estimates (2013)



CHP Project Snapshot:

Economic Savings

University of Minnesota

Minneapolis, MN

Application/Industry: University

Capacity (MW): 25 MW

Prime Mover: Gas Turbine

Fuel Type: Natural Gas

Thermal Use: Steam

Expected Installation Year: 2016

Energy Savings: 30 year (lifecycle) savings of \$176 million

Testimonial: The new 25 MW CHP system being constructed at the University of Minnesota will decrease the campus carbon footprint by 15% and has an 8 year return on investment.



Source: <http://www1.umn.edu/regents//docket/2012/february/heatandpower.pdf>



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships

SOUTHEAST

Project Snapshot:

Interactive CHP System Monitoring



Washtenaw Community College
Ann Arbor, MI

Application/Industry: College

Capacity (MW): 130 kW

Prime Mover: Microturbine

Fuel Type: Natural Gas

Thermal Use: Hot Water, Cooling

Installation Year: 2014

Energy Savings: >\$60,000/year

Testimonial: The microturbine CHP system at Washtenaw Community College is equipped with a FlexSet control system. The control system is web-based, allowing the facility managers to monitor the system on computers or cell phones.



Source: <http://www.gemenergy.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/CHP-Washtenaw-102814.pdf>

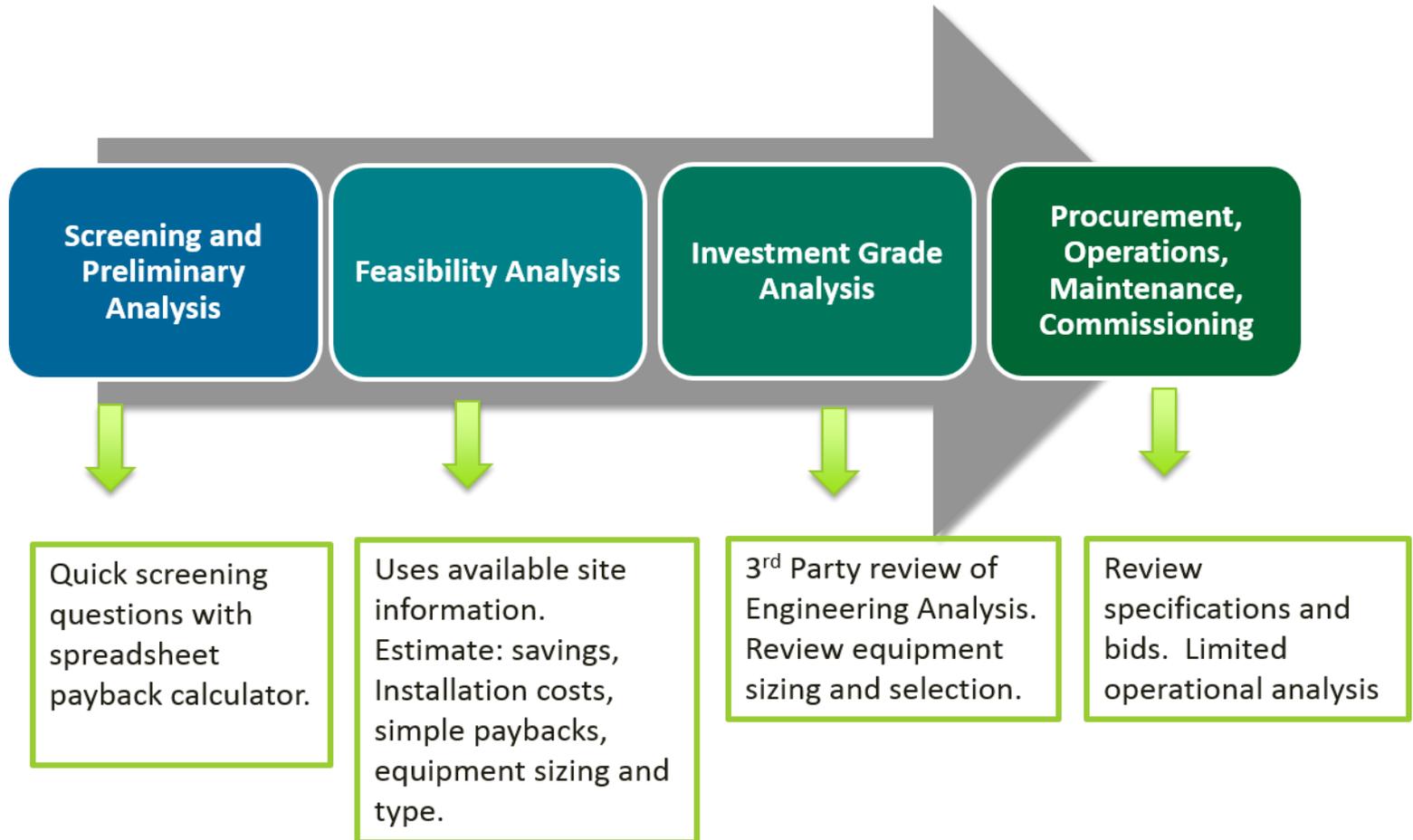


First Step: Screening for CHP with the Help of a DOE CHP TAP



CHP TAP Technical Assistance

US DOE CHP TAP Services:



Screening Questions



- Do you pay more than \$.06/kWh on average for electricity (including generation, transmission and distribution)?
- Are you concerned about the impact of current or future energy costs on your operations?
- Are you concerned about power reliability?
What if the power goes out for 5 minutes... for 1 hour?
- Does your facility operate for more than 3,000 hours per year?
- Do you have thermal loads throughout the year?
(including steam, hot water, chilled water, hot air, etc.)



Screening Questions (cont.)

- Does your facility have an existing central plant?
- Do you expect to replace, upgrade, or retrofit central plant equipment within the next 3-5 years?
- Do you anticipate a facility expansion or new construction project within the next 3-5 years?
- Have you already implemented energy efficiency measures and still have high energy costs?
- Are you interested in reducing your facility's impact on the environment?
- Do you have access to on-site or nearby biomass resources? (i.e., landfill gas, farm manure, food processing waste, etc.)



DOE TAP CHP Screening Analysis

- High level assessment to determine if site shows potential for a CHP project

– Qualitative Analysis

- Energy Consumption & Costs
- Estimated Energy Savings & Payback
- CHP System Sizing

– Quantitative Analysis

- Understanding project drivers
- Understanding site peculiarities

Annual Energy Consumption	Base Case	CHP Case
Purchased Electricity, kWh	88,250,160	5,534,150
Generated Electricity, kWh	0	82,716,010
On-site Thermal, MMBtu	426,000	18,872
CHP Thermal, MMBtu	0	407,128
Boiler Fuel, MMBtu	532,500	23,590
CHP Fuel, MMBtu	0	969,845
Total Fuel, MMBtu	532,500	993,435
Annual Operating Costs		
Purchased Electricity, \$	\$7,060,013	\$1,104,460
Standby Power, \$	\$0	\$0
On-site Thermal Fuel, \$	\$3,195,000	\$141,539
CHP Fuel, \$	\$0	\$5,819,071
Incremental O&M, \$	\$0	\$744,444
Total Operating Costs, \$	\$10,255,013	\$7,809,514
Simple Payback		
Annual Operating Savings, \$		\$2,445,499
Total Installed Costs, \$/kW		\$1,400
Total Installed Costs, \$/k		\$12,990,000
Simple Payback, Years		5.3
Operating Costs to Generate		
Fuel Costs, \$/kWh		\$0.070
Thermal Credit, \$/kWh		(\$0.037)
Incremental O&M, \$/kWh		\$0.009
Total Operating Costs to Generate, \$/kWh		\$0.042



Example CHP Screening Inputs

Campus Energy Needs/Costs	
Electric Load - average	5.5 MW
Electric Usage - annual	48,180 MWh
Average Electric Rate	\$0.075/kWh
Thermal Load - average	16.5 MMBtu/hr
Thermal Consumption - Annual	144,450 MMBtu
Average Thermal Price – natural gas	\$6.00/MMBtu



Example CHP Screening Results - Technical

Reciprocating Engine CHP System	
Capacity	5.1 MW
Fuel	Natural Gas
Electric Output	43,362 MWh/year
Thermal Output / Steam	6.8 MMBtu/hr (lb/hr)
Operating Efficiency (60% min)	78.6 %
Generated Portion of Electric Consumption	90 %
Generated Portion of Thermal Consumption	97 %
GHG Emissions Reduction (CO2e tons/year)	27,689 (~50%)



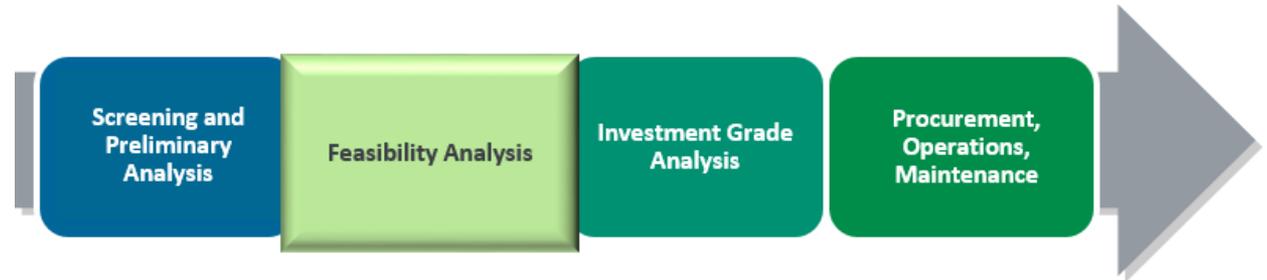
Example CHP Screening Results - Economic

Combustion Turbine CHP System

Energy Cost Savings (\$/yr)	\$1,778,969
Operations & Maintenance (\$/year)	(\$589,723)
Net Operating Savings (\$/yr)	\$1,189,246
Installed Cost/ kW (\$)	\$1,050
Installed Cost (\$)	\$5,358,247
Simple Payback	4.5
Total Operating Costs to Generate (\$/kWh)	\$0.04/kWh



A Feasibility Analysis Typically Involves:



- Electrical load profiling
- Thermal load profiling
- Unit sizing
- Thermal use determination (what to do with the heat)
- Installation cost estimations
- Financial calculations (simple payback, ROI, etc.)
- Cost/savings information compared to what your facility would pay if the CHP system were not installed



CHP Project Resources

DOE CHP Technologies Fact Sheet Series

Good Primer Report

Table 4. Gas Turbine Emission Characteristics

Parameter	1	2	3	4	5	6
NOx (ppm)	1,000	4,000	5,000	10,000	15,000	20,000
CO (ppm)	10	100	100	100	100	100
SOx (ppm)	10	10	10	10	10	10

Table 2. Gas Turbine Performance Characteristics

Parameter	1	2	3	4	5	6
Net Power (MW)	1,000	4,000	5,000	10,000	15,000	20,000
Efficiency (%)	30	35	38	40	42	45
Capacity (MW)	1,000	4,000	5,000	10,000	15,000	20,000

Table 1. Summary of Gas Turbine Attributes

Attribute	Description
Size range	Small gas turbines are available in sizes from 20 kW to 100 MW, while large gas turbines are available in sizes from 100 MW to 1,000 MW.
Efficiency	Gas turbines produce high efficiency output, and thermal energy can be recovered from the exhaust in a variety of ways, such as in a combined cycle gas turbine (CCGT) or in a gas turbine combined cycle (GTCC) system.
Flexibility	Gas turbines can be started up and shut down quickly, making them ideal for peaking power generation.
Reliability	Gas turbines are known for their long life and low maintenance requirements.

Table 3. Comparison of Gas Turbine and Other CHP Technologies

Technology	Efficiency (%)	Capacity (MW)	Start-up Time (min)
Gas Turbine	30-45	100-1,000	10-30
Internal Combustion Engine (ICE)	25-35	10-100	10-30
Reciprocating Engine	25-35	10-100	10-30
Steam Turbine	35-45	100-1,000	30-60

Table 5. Comparison of Gas Turbine and Other CHP Technologies

Technology	Efficiency (%)	Capacity (MW)	Start-up Time (min)
Gas Turbine	30-45	100-1,000	10-30
Internal Combustion Engine (ICE)	25-35	10-100	10-30
Reciprocating Engine	25-35	10-100	10-30
Steam Turbine	35-45	100-1,000	30-60

**Combined Heat and Power
A Clean Energy Solution**

August 2012

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

www.eere.energy.gov/chp

www.energy.gov/chp-technologies



CHP Project Resources

DOE Project Profile Database
(100+ case studies)

DOE Database of Incentives & Policies (DSIRE)

The image shows two screenshots of the DOE Project Profile Database. The top screenshot is for the 'North Carolina State University 11 MW CHP & District Energy System'. It includes a 'Project Overview' section describing the CHP plant's role in the university's energy system and a 'Quick Facts' section listing key statistics like capacity and cost. The bottom screenshot is for the 'East Bay Municipal Utility District 11-MW CHP System'. It features a photograph of the CHP plant and a 'Quick Facts' section detailing its capacity and operational details. Both screenshots also include a 'Site Description' section.

The image shows the DSIRE website interface. At the top, it features the DSIRE logo and navigation links for Home, Glossary, Links, FAQs, Contact, and About. Below the navigation is a search bar and a 'View Federal Incentives' button. The main content area includes a map of the United States with state abbreviations, a 'Resources' sidebar with links to RPS Data, Summary Maps, Summary Tables, Library, What's New?, and Search, and a 'DSIRE News' sign-up box.

energy.gov/chp-projects

www.dsireusa.org

Next Steps

We invite you to:

- Work with us to perform CHP Qualification Screening / Feasibility Analyses for your facilities
- Stay in touch to learn about upcoming events, including site tours, workshops/webinars and publications



Thank you!



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships
SOUTHEAST



NC STATE UNIVERSITY

Isaac Panzarella
Director
Southeast CHP TAP
NC State University
ipanzar@ncsu.edu

Art Samberg
Assistant Director
Southeast CHP TAP
NC State University
asamber@ncsu.edu



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
CHP Technical Assistance Partnerships
SOUTHEAST