

February 28, 2019

Campus District Scale Wastewater Reclamation Systems Planned for 2020: WaterHub an Eco-Engineered Wastewater Treatment Plant

Bob Salvatelli



WWW.SUSTAINABLEWATER.COM



ECO-ENGINEERED REUSE SYSTEMS



RISK
MITIGATION



FINANCIAL
SAVINGS



ENVIRONMENTAL
RESPONSIBILITY



SOCIAL
RESPONSIBILITY

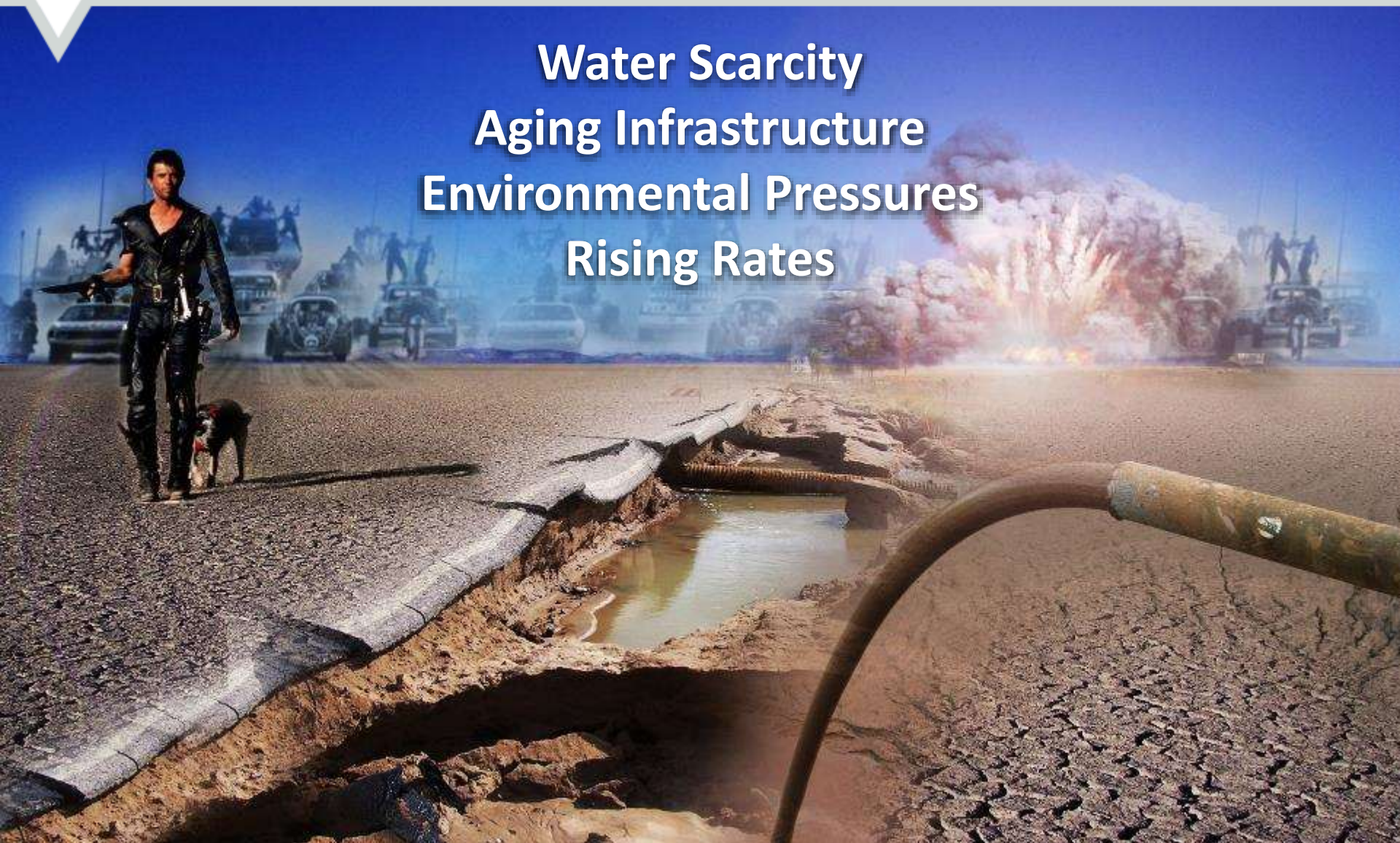


Changing the Paradigm of Traditional Water Management



THE WATER APOCALYPSE

Water Scarcity
Aging Infrastructure
Environmental Pressures
Rising Rates

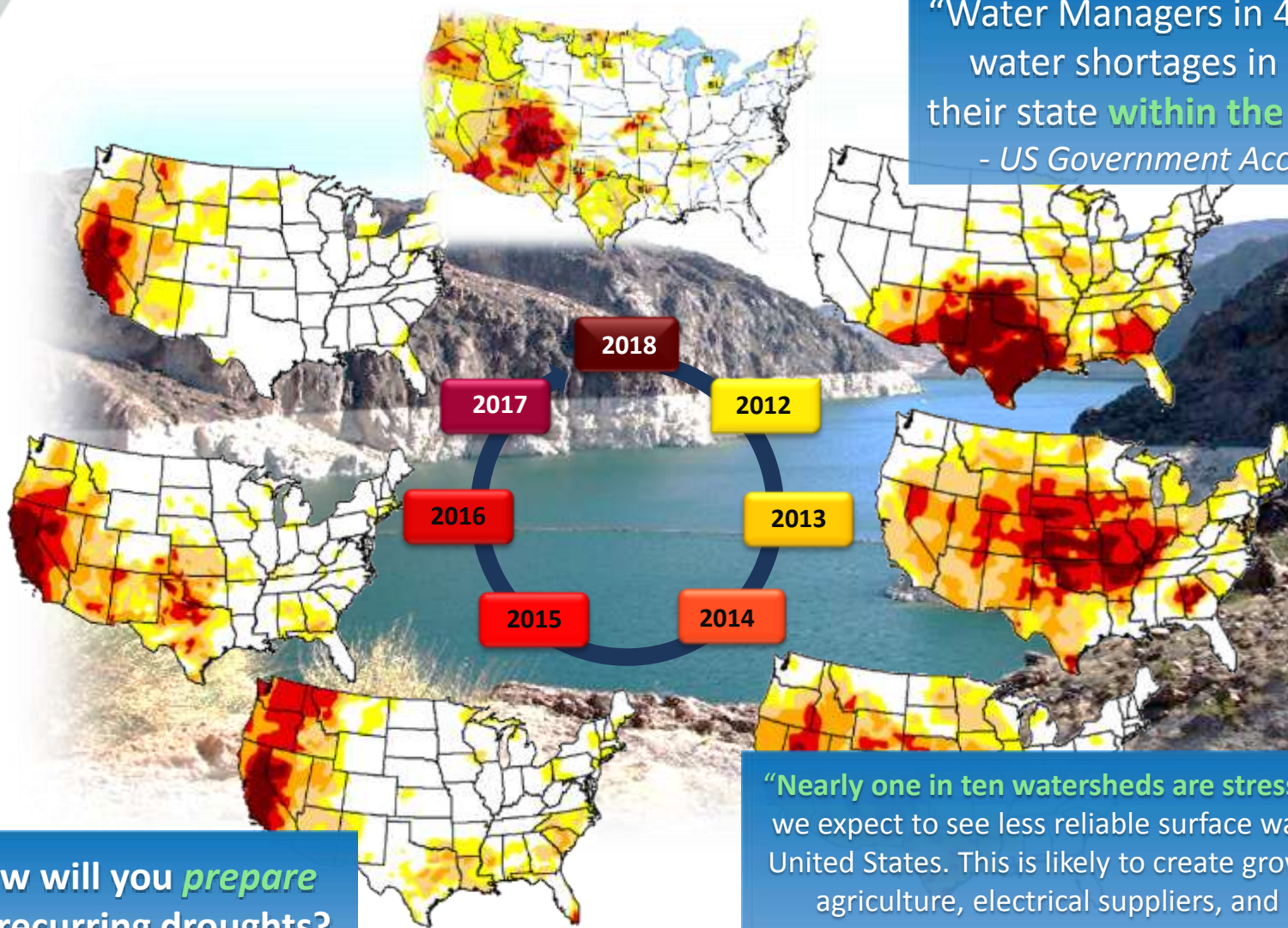


Together These Factors Will Completely Change Water Management



THE CYCLE OF DROUGHT

“Water Managers in 40 states expect water shortages in some part of their state **within the next 10 years.**”
- US Government Accountability Office



How will you **prepare** for recurring droughts?

“**Nearly one in ten watersheds are stressed.** By midcentury, we expect to see less reliable surface water supplies in the United States. This is likely to create growing challenges for agriculture, electrical suppliers, and municipalities.”
- NOAA

National Water Challenges Demand Immediate Action



FIXING A FAILING SYSTEM

“Through strategic, sustained investment, bold leadership, thoughtful planning, and careful preparation for the needs of the future, America’s infrastructure will be improved and restored.”

- American Society of Civil Engineers, 2017 Report Card for America’s Infrastructure

Suggested Solutions...

- Raise Awareness for the True Cost of Water
- Increase Costs for Water and Wastewater Services
- Develop and Harness New Technologies
- Increase Private Financing
- Implement Water Reuse & Expand Water Recycling



Resiliency Planning Must Include Water Reclamation and Reuse



A SUSTAINABLE WATER CYCLE... DECENTRALIZED RECLAMATION AND REUSE

Before



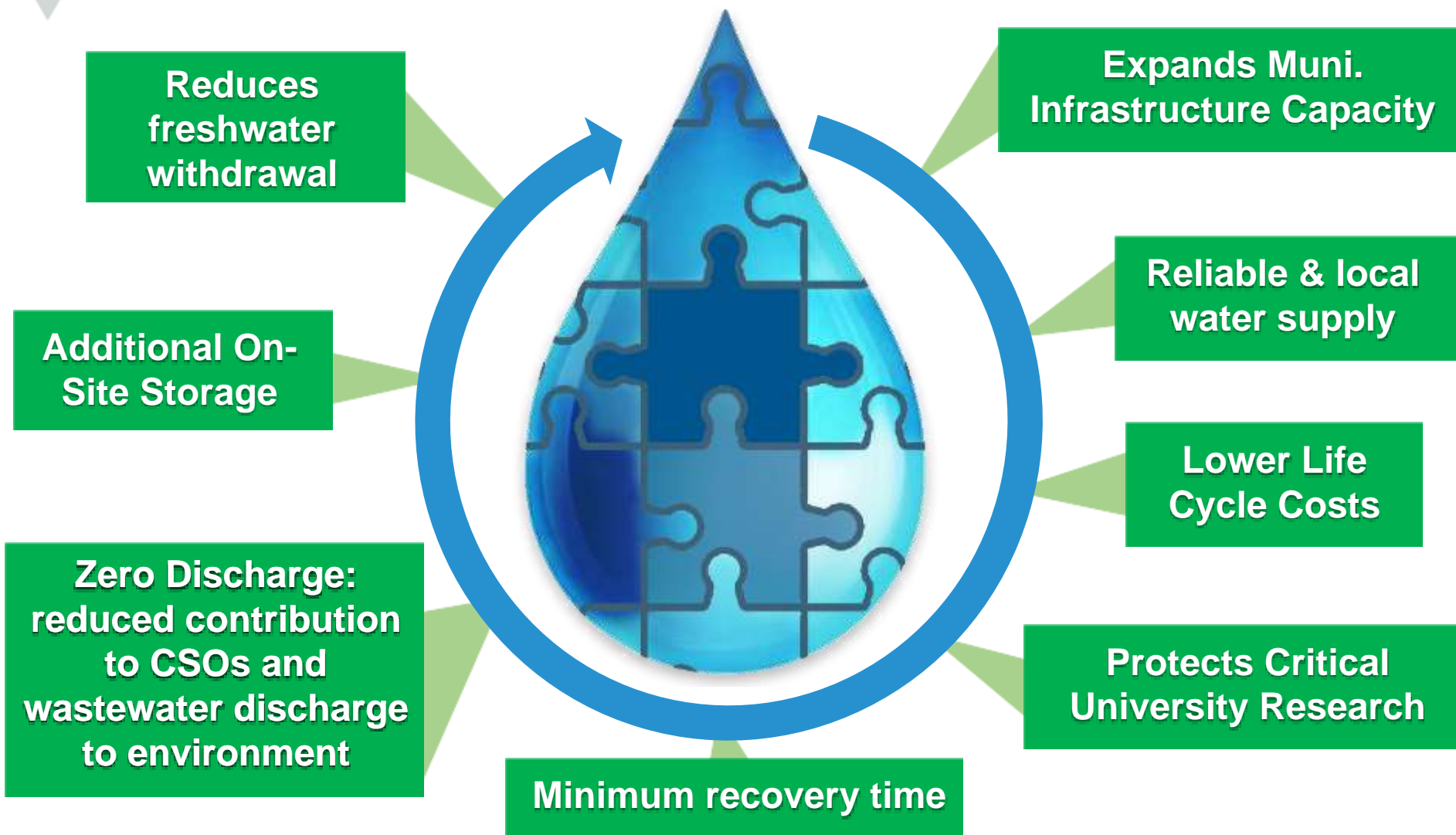
After



Risk Management | Cost Savings | Environmental Responsibility



FLEXIBILITY: INDEPENDENCE AND RESILIENCE



Multiple Benefits Allow for Cross Facility Collaboration



UNIQUE DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

Water Processing Agreement

Operating Lease | DBO Agreement | Performance Contract

ZERO
CAPITAL EXPENSE
—AND—
DEVELOPMENT RISK
TO THE END USER

Benefits

- No up-front capital
- Innovative technologies
- Leverages superior credit rating
- Lifecycle savings
- Long-term pricing stability
- No O&M responsibilities
- SW bears majority of risk



1. FEASIBILITY & PLANNING



2. ENGINEERING & DESIGN



3. CONSTRUCTION



4. COMMISSIONING & START-UP



5. FACILITY OPERATIONS

Flexible, Innovative Vehicle that Yields Guaranteed Savings



WATER PROCESSING AGREEMENT



Client Benefits

- Utility Plant Operational Resiliency (N+1 Water Supply)
- Campus Sustainability Initiative
- Guaranteed Savings over Business-as-Usual
- Hands-Off Operations



Developer Risk

- Proper System Engineering & Design
- Construction / Development Costs
- Facility Operational Cost
- Facility Maintenance Cost
- Production of Compliant Reclaimed Water
- Long-Term Upkeep of Plant



Client Responsibility

- Minimum Annual Purchase of Compliant Reclaimed Water (Demand Profile)
- Land Lease and Pipeline Easement
- 30 Year Operating Agreement



FEASIBILITY STUDY SCOPE OF WORK

- ☐ Existing Conditions Assessment
 - ☐ Water Balance & Demands
 - ☐ Site & Infrastructure Review
 - ☐ Utility Water Audit / Review
 - ☐ Future Demand / Load Forecasts
 - ☐ Water Supply Resiliency Review
- ☐ Supplemental Field Investigation
 - ☐ Validate process / Cooling makeup
 - ☐ Wastewater Flow Monitoring
 - ☐ WW Characterization
- ☐ Establishing the Vision
 - ☐ Opportunities & Constraints
 - ☐ Campus Sustainability / Resiliency Goals
 - ☐ Developing a Basis of Design for Systems
- ☐ Concept Design
 - ☐ Site Plan
 - ☐ Conceptual Layout & Design
 - ☐ Water Supply Resiliency Assessment
 - ☐ Preliminary Constructability Review & Budget
 - ☐ Lifecycle Economics



Comprehensive Project Diligence Leading into Concept Design



CAMPUS WATER FOOTPRINT

“We looked at where we currently use the most potable water in our facilities — *applications where we don’t really need drinking-water quality water* — and it came down to our toilets, our steam plants and our chiller plants.”

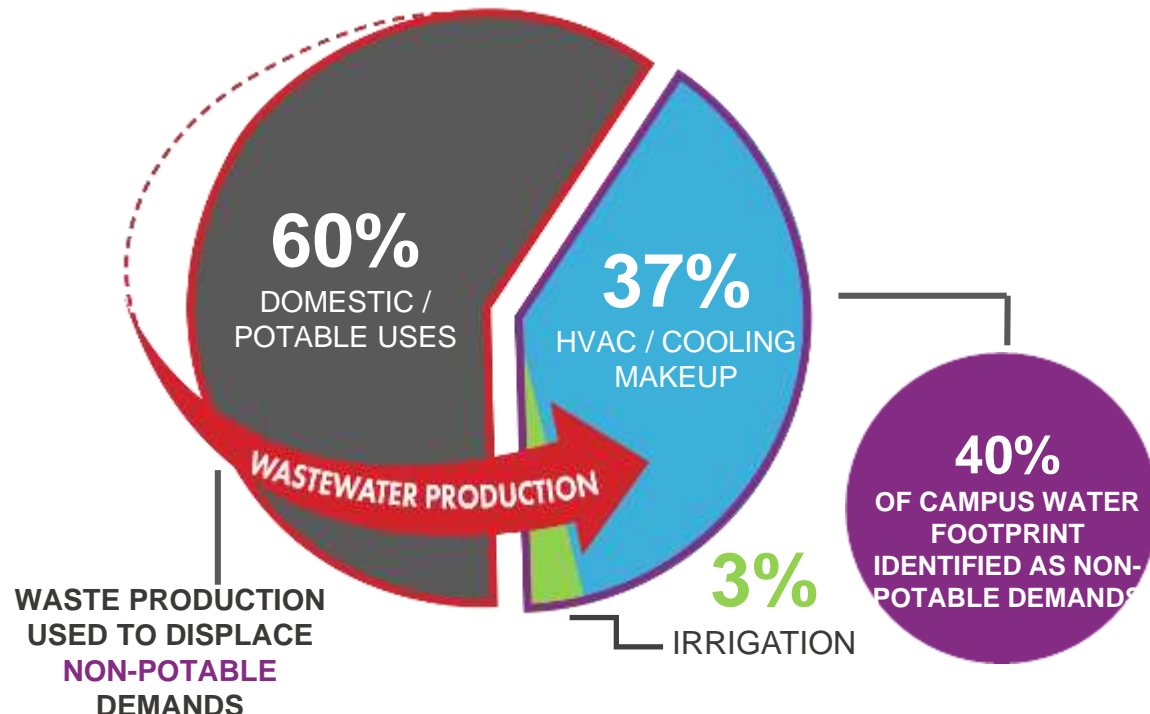
- Brent Zern, Assistant Director of Operational Compliance & Maintenance Programs, Emory University

333 MILLION

GALLONS PER YEAR



EMORY
UNIVERSITY



40% Non Potable Demand Identified and Strategy Formulated



THE WATERHUB AT EMORY UNIVERSITY



EMORY
UNIVERSITY

CLIENT TYPE:

College / University

LOCATION:

Atlanta, GA

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Campus-Scale Wastewater Reclamation & Reuse System

YEAR BUILT:

2015

GOALS / OUTCOMES:

- Up to 40% reduction in potable water footprint
- Up to 66% decrease in wastewater discharge

OUTDOOR WETLANDS



INTERIOR HYDROPONICS



“

THIS IS A FIRST OF ITS KIND FACILITY IN NORTH AMERICA. IT EXEMPLIFIES HOW WE AS A SOCIETY CAN TAKE A MORE INTELLIGENT AND RESPONSIBLE PATH TO STEWARDSHIP OF NATURAL RESOURCES, FOR THE GOOD OF EACH OTHER.

”

- JIM WAGNER, FORMER PRESIDENT
OF EMORY UNIVERSITY



EMORY WATERHUB: SYSTEM OVERVIEW



HYDRAULIC CAPACITY:

400,000 Gallons Per Day (146 MGY)

TECHNOLOGIES APPLIED:

Primary Screen: Rotary Screen

Pretreatment: MBBR

Secondary: Hydroponic (SFFR)

Demo: Recip® Wetland System (5 KGPD)

Filtration: Disk Filter

Disinfection: UV & Chlorine

EFFLUENT QUALITY:

State of GA Reuse Regulations

BOD: <5

Turbidity: <3

TSS: <5

TKN: <5

MOVING MEDIA



IFAS / SFFR



BACKUP STORAGE:

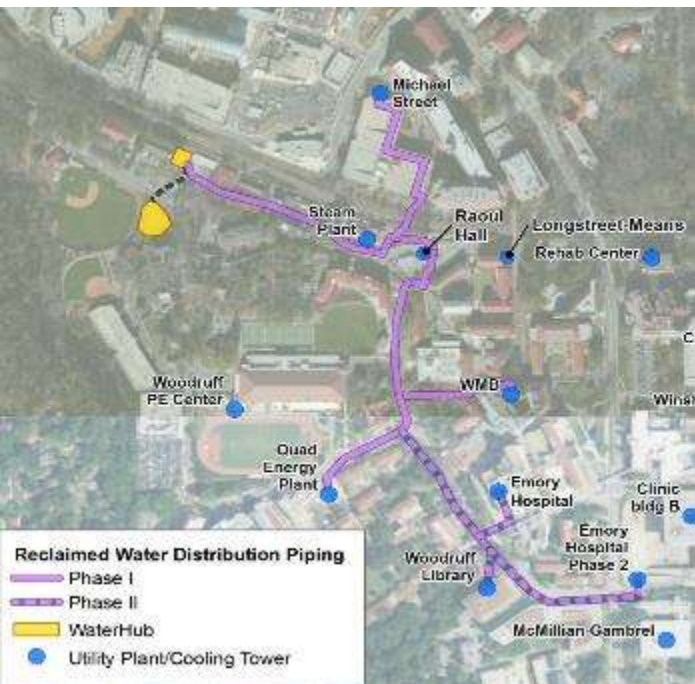
50,000 Gallons



EMORY WATERHUB: DISTRICT-SCALE REUSE



NON-POTABLE WATER DISTRIBUTION & SYSTEM END USERS



FOOTPRINT:

3,200 ft² GlassHouse

1,600 ft² Outdoor Landscaping

NON-POTABLE DISTRIBUTION:

4,400 linear feet (Purple Pipe)

REUSE DEMAND TYPES

Boiler Makeup

Cooling Tower Makeup

Toilet Flushing

SYSTEM END USERS:

Michael Street Chiller Plant

Steam Plant

WMB Chiller Plant

Quad Energy Plant

Raoul Hall (Dormitory)

FUTURE EXPANSION:

Emory Hospital Chiller Plant

Woodruff Library Chiller Plant

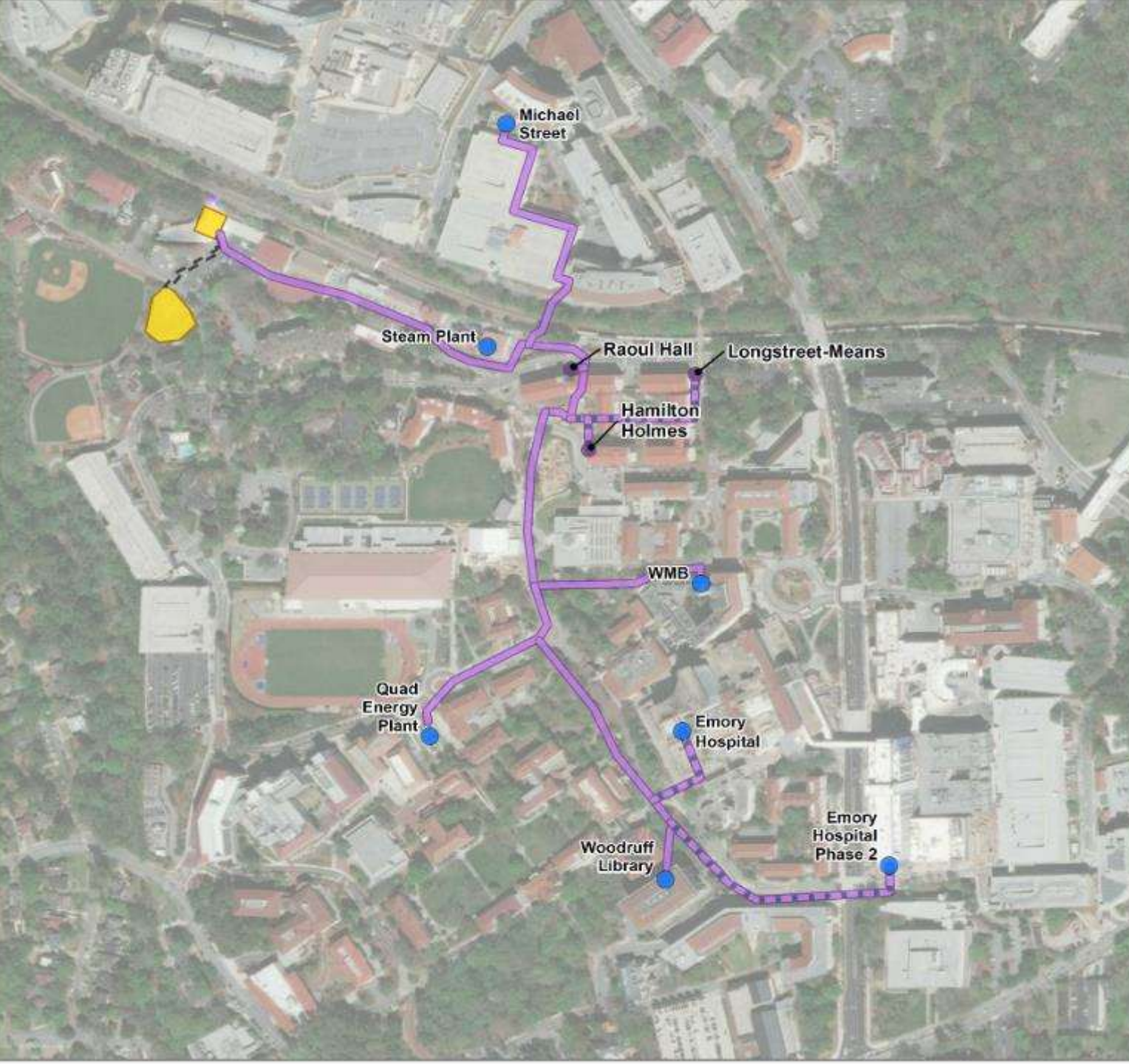


Emory University
Atlanta, Georgia

**Reclaimed Water
Distribution**

**Reclaimed Water
Distribution Piping**

- Existing
- Future
- WaterHub
- Utility Plant/Cooling Tower
- Toilet Flushing



0 325 650
Feet



1:5,000

Notes

UTILITY FEATURES PORTRAYED ON THIS MAP MAY NOT BE
SURVEY VERIFIED.



WATERHUB PROCESS DESIGN

How the WaterHub Works

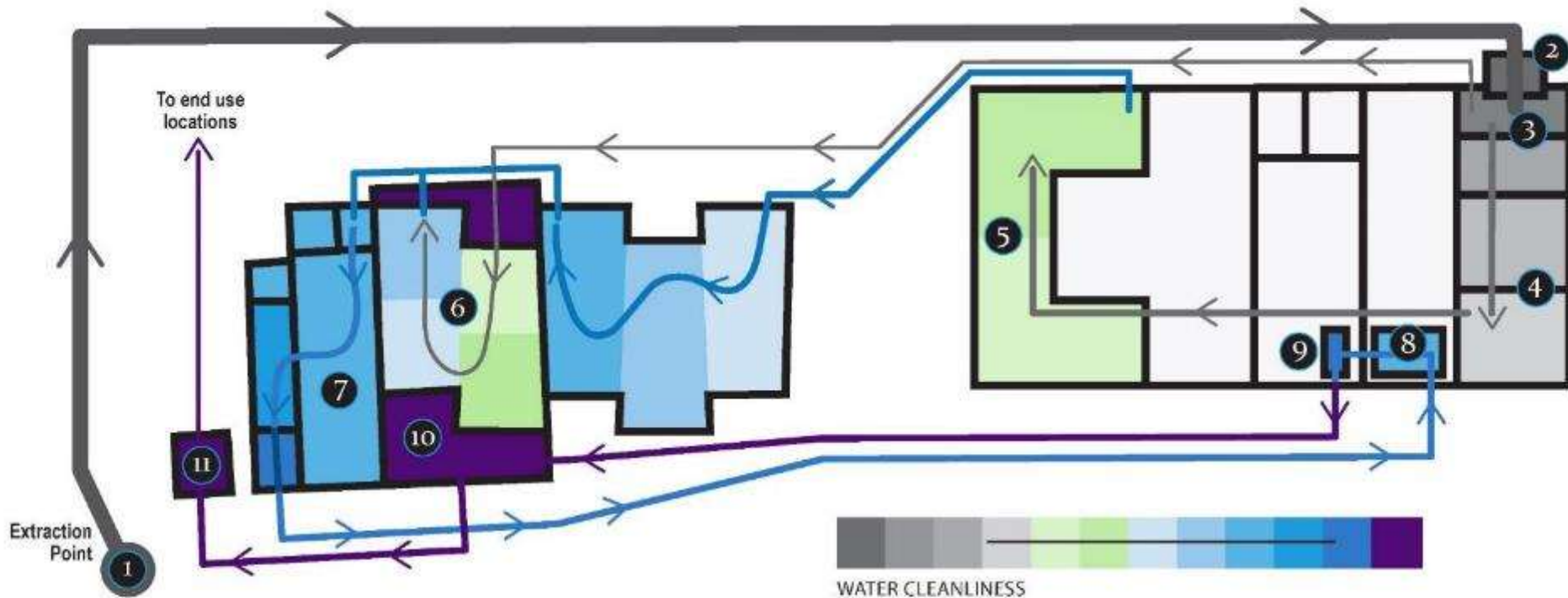
- 1** **2** **Extraction Point & Rotary Screen**
Wastewater is diverted from the sewer system and runs through a screen to remove debris.

- 3** **Anoxic Moving Bed Bioreactors**
Wastewater enters a low-oxygen environment where microorganisms living on biodegradable plastic pellets (high-density housing for microbes) begin to metabolize carbon and nitrogen.

- 4** **Aerobic Moving Bed Bioreactors**
Wastewater enters an oxygen-containing environment with a different community of microbes that continue the treatment process. Diffusers add air bubbles to assist treatment. Odorous gasses are removed with charcoal filters.

- 5** **Hydroponic Reactors**
Water clarity increases as water is treated in tanks with suspended plant roots. Water is cleaned by microbes living on the plant roots and on the specially engineered bio fabric (high-density housing for microbes) located below the plant roots.

- 6** **Demonstration Reciprocating Wetlands**
An alternate treatment system, this area demonstrates a highly energy-efficient treatment process applicable for rural areas and developing countries. Screened wastewater is pumped to four 8' deep cells. Cells are alternately filled and drained 8 to 16 times a day. This system mimics the behavior of natural tidal wetland areas and uses gravel and plant roots to provide microbial habitat.



- 7** **Clarifier Tank**
In a still water tank, phosphorus and any remaining solids are removed as the particles fill interior baffles and slide to the bottom.

- 8** **Disk Filter**
Very clean water is sent through a felt filter to remove any remaining particulate material.

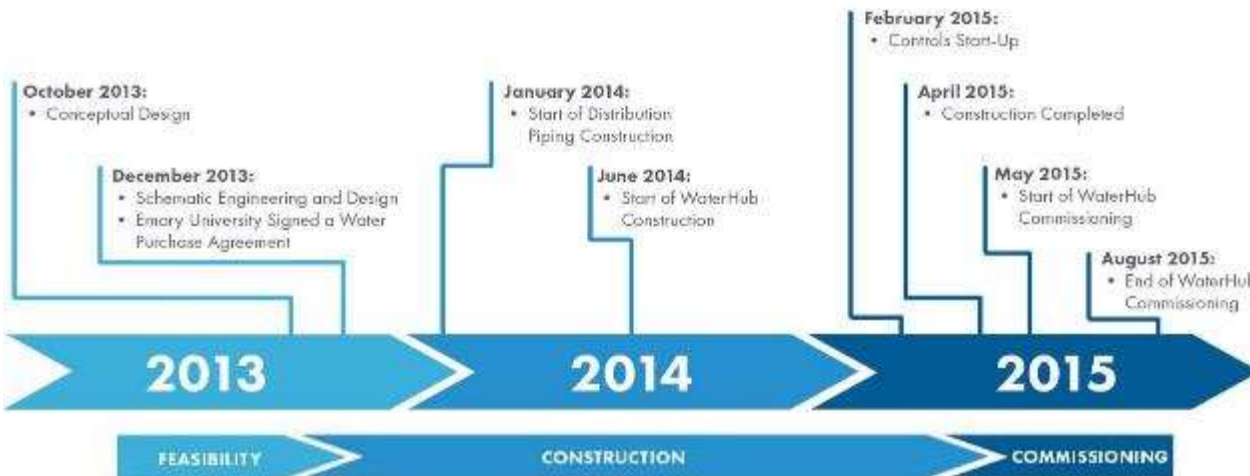
- 9** **Ultraviolet Disinfection**
Water is treated with ultraviolet light that provides extensive disinfection, producing water that complies with state and local health requirements.

- 10** **50,000 Gallon Storage Tank**
Fully treated water is stored underground as a reserve supply.

- 11** **Campus Distribution**
Water is distributed to the steam and chiller plants for use as process make-up water. In the future, water will be sent to residence halls for toilet flushing.



EMORY WATERHUB: PROJECT EXECUTION



CLIENT SERVICES OFFERED:

- Water Reuse Feasibility Study
- WaterHub Design-Build
- Owner-Operator (Current)

PROJECT DELIVERY METHOD:

Water Purchase Agreement:
Design-Build-Own-Operate (DBOO)

DESIGN-BUILD TEAM:

Developer: Sustainable Water
Engineer: McKim & Creed
Contractor: Reeves Young

TIMELINE:

Feasibility: 3 Months (2013)
Engineering: 6 Months (2014)
Construction: 15 Months (2014 – 2015)
Commissioning: 3 Months (2015)

LESSONS LEARNED:

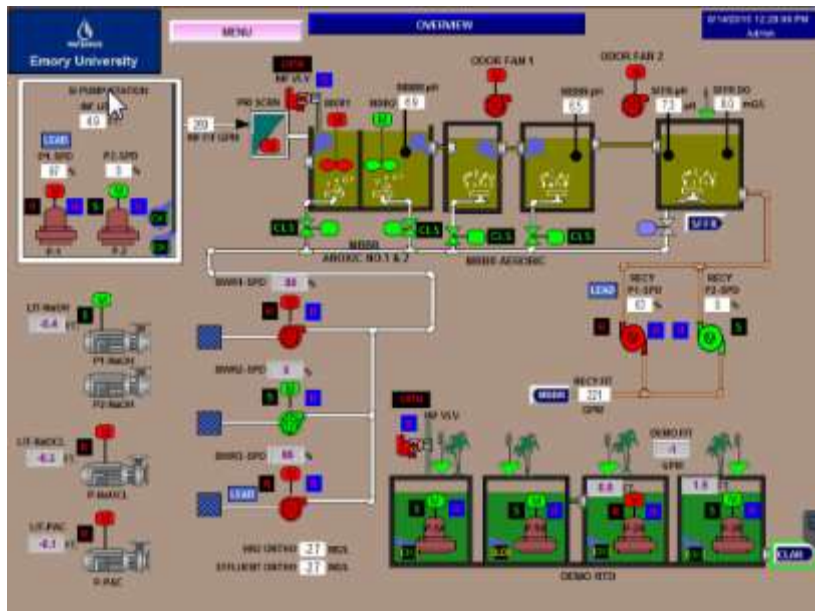
- Dedicate a Project Manager
- Know Your Waste Stream
- Prepare for Academic Engagement
- Prepare a Tour Strategy
- Communicate across all Campus Silos

CONSTRUCTION:





EMORY WATERHUB: OPERATIONS



START-UP

May, 2015

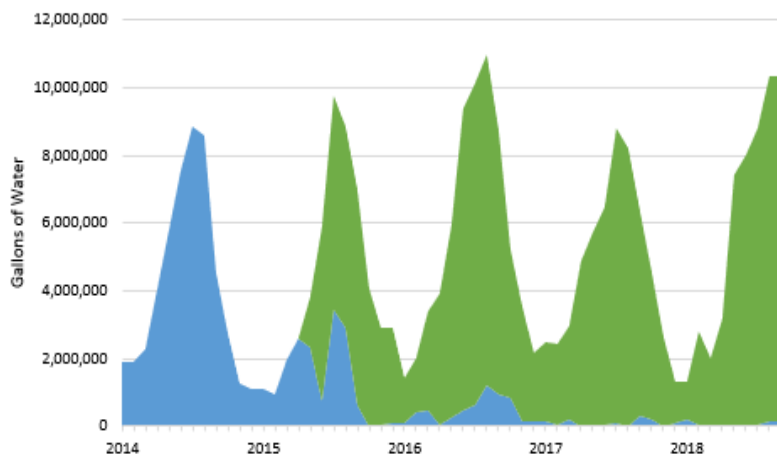
HIGHLIGHTS:

- 1 full-time operator
- Highly automated & controlled treatment / distribution system
- Zero compliance Issues

RESULTS:

- 220 million gallons treated to-date
- Offset 95% of potable water use at 3 largest chiller operations
- Net energy reductions in campus water management

Seasonal Cooling Tower Make-Up by Source
2014 - 2018 YTD





A LIVING, LEARNING LABORATORY



“THE WATERHUB PROVIDES THE EXPERIENCE OF COLLECTING REAL DATA, INTERPRETING RESULTS AND WRITING REPORTS. FOR SOME STUDENTS, IT MAY HAVE BEEN THE FIRST HANDS-ON LAB EXPERIENCE THAT THEY’VE HAD.”

- CHRISTINE MOE, DIRECTOR OF THE CENTER FOR GLOBAL SAFE WATER, EMORY UNIVERSITY



EDUCATIONAL FEATURES:

Info / Educational Plaques & Signage
Classroom & Lab Space
Easy Access Water Quality Ports
Public Operations Monitors

NOTEWORTHY RESULTS:

- Over 4,500 tours held since May '15
- Used in graduate thesis studies
- Centerpiece of Student Docent Program
- Integrated into core coursework

RESEARCH & CURRICULUM:

- Used in the following fields:
 - Biology
 - Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)
 - Journalism
 - Chemistry
 - Law
- New Courses Introduced:
 - Water and Sanitation in Developing Countries
 - Research Methods in WASH





EMORY WATERHUB: RECOGNITION



PUBLICATIONS:

Nearly 50 Articles Published

- District Energy
- Industrial WaterWorld,
- Civil Engineering News and more

AWARDS & ACCOLADES:

9 National Organizations

- Water Reuse Association, 2015
- US Water Alliance, 2016
- Society of College & University Planning, 2016
- American Society of Safety Engineers, 2016
- APPA, 2016
- National Association of College and University Business Officers, 2016
- Water Environment Federation, 2016
- IDEA Innovation Award, 2018
- The Association for the Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education, (AASHE) Campus Sustainability Award, 2018

7 State & Regional Organizations

- Construction Management Association (South Region), 2015
- Metro Atlanta Chamber, 2015
- American Society of Safety Engineers of North Carolina, 2015
- Health and Environmental Conference and the Georgia Chapter of the American Society of Safety Engineers, 2015
- Urban Land Institute VA, 2015
- Southface, 2016
- Atlanta Better Buildings Challenge, 2016

AWARDS:





PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

DATA REQUEST:

Water Use: 1 - 3 years of history if possible

- . Total water inbound - by account, by month.
- . Cooling and Chiller Plant Make-Up - by location, by month.
- . Boiler Make-Up - by location, by month.
- . Irrigation - by location, by month (only if readily available)
- . Any Supplemental Sub-metering Data.

Economics: 1 - 3 years of history if possible

- . Sample of recent water and sewer bills (include bills that demonstrate any evaporation credits as well).
- . Historical Water billing.



PROCUREMENT PROCESS AT UT- AUSTIN



Cont

DB00 - District-Scale Water Reclamation and Reuse Facility

Status: Closed
Response Due Date: 4/13/2018
Response Due Time: 2:00 PM
Agency Number: 721
Days Solicited: 21+ Days for Solicitation Notice
Solicitation Posting Date: 3/5/2018
Last Modified: 4/13/2018 2:00 pm

Solicitation Description: The University is seeking qualified teams indicating their interest and qualifications for the design, build, own and operate district-scale water reclamation and reuse system. This document provides preliminary project details to solicit information related to proposed system design and cost from qualified respondents. The full project details and specifications will be presented in a Request for Proposal (RFP), issued to prequalified Respondents only. A pre-submittal conference will be held at the time and location described below: March 19, 2018 at 2:00 PM. The University of Texas at Austin Utilities and Energy Management Department 215 East 24th St, PPE Rm. 3.304 Austin, Texas 78712

Class/Item Code: 90622-Building Construction, Non-Residential (Office Bldg., Etc.)

Attachments

#	Name	Description
1	ESBD_File_125645_DB RFQ.pdf	DB00 - RFQ
2	ESBD_File_125645_Addendum#1.pdf	Addendum#1
3	ESBD_File_125645_Exhibit H-Bid Construction Revised 09182017.docx	HUBH
4	ESBD_File_125645_Exhibit H-Professional Services 09042017 #2.docx	HUBH

REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS FOR DESIGN/BUILD/OWN/OPERATE

The University of Texas at Austin
District-Scale Water Reclamation and Reuse Facility
RFQ No.: **18UTL006**

RFQ SUBMITTAL DUE DATE: *Apr. 13, 2018*

RFQ ISSUE DATE: *March 5, 2018*

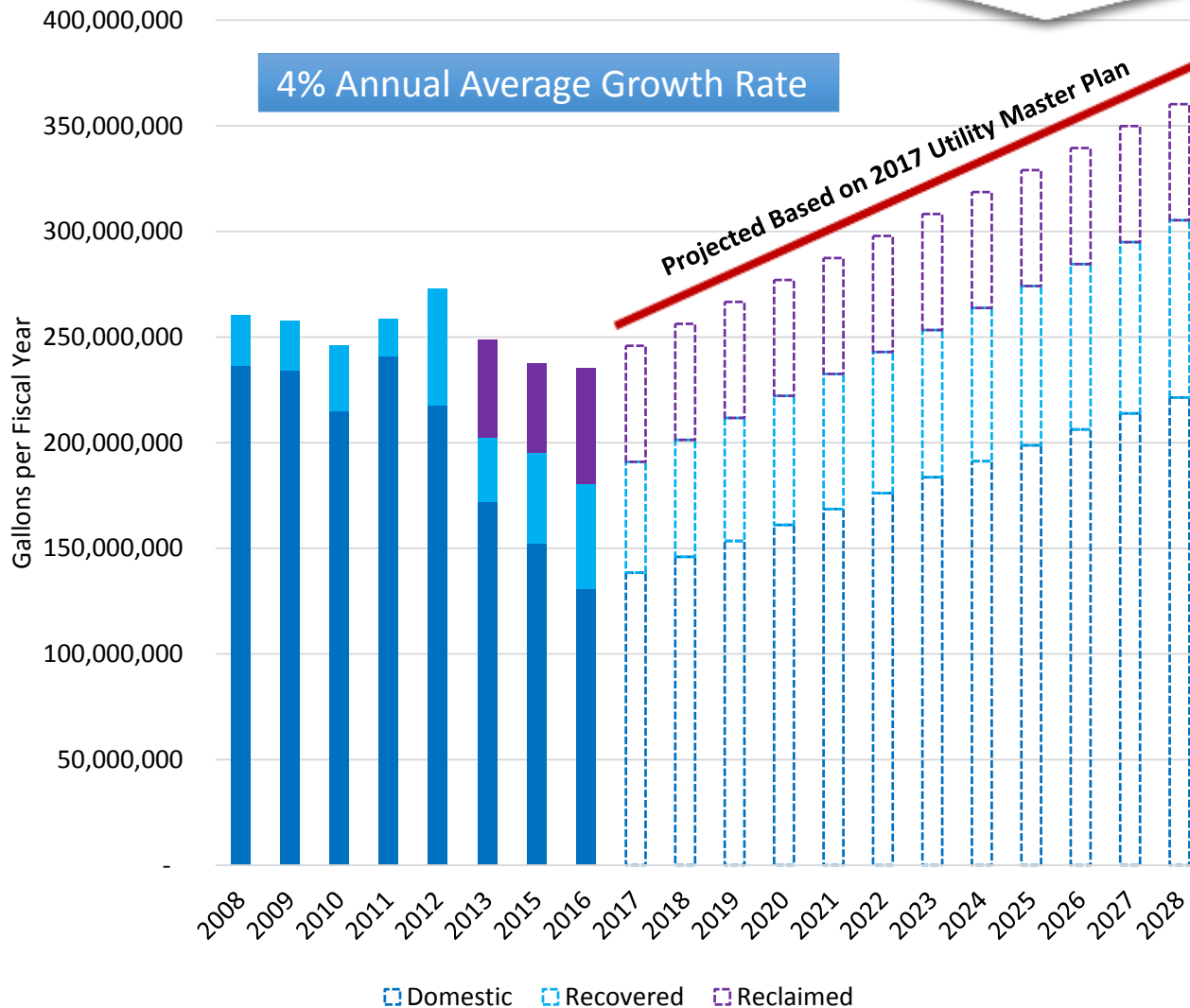


Clear And Concise Request to Market for Third Party Developer



PROJECTED CHILLING STATION M/U BY SOURCE

PROJECTED CHILLING STATION M/U BY SOURCE



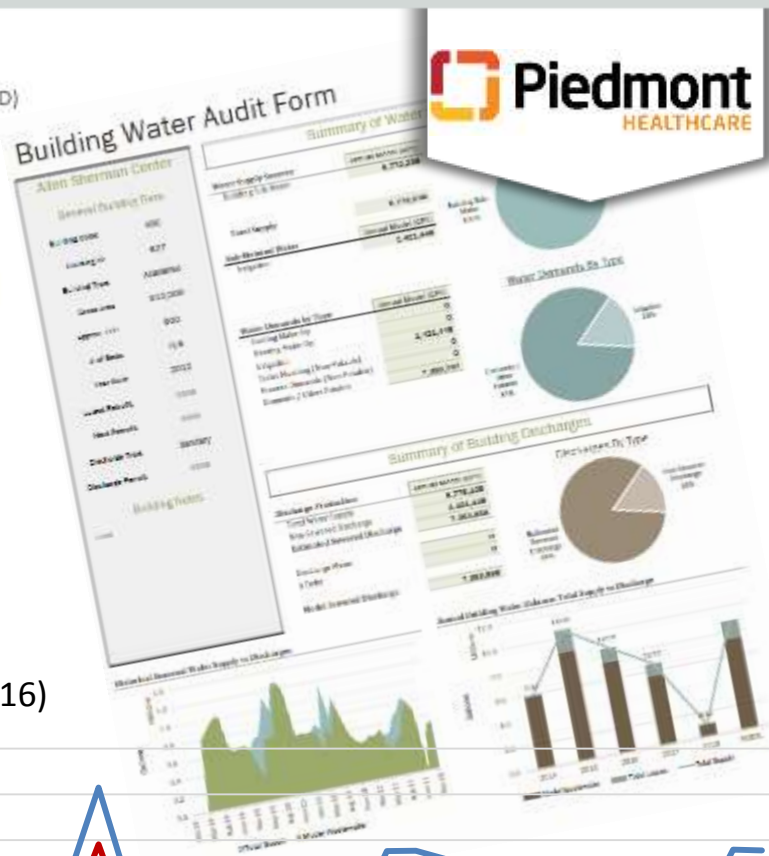
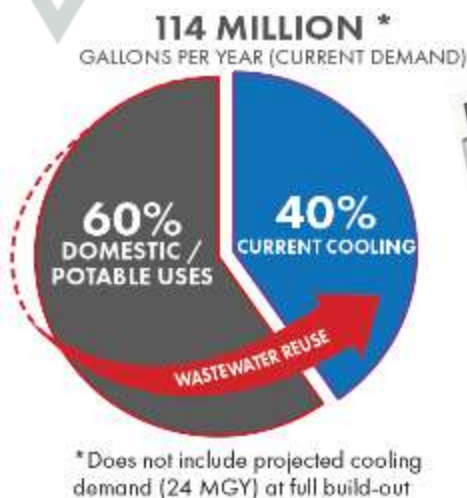
Projected Chilling Station Demands

- Based on 2017 Utility Plan
(does not include Weaver PP)
- 2016 Demand
 - 31,328 Peak Tons
 - 235 MGY cooling m/u
 - Domestic: 131 MGY
 - Recovered: 49 MGY
 - Reclaimed: 55 MGY
- 2028 Cooling Projections
 - 53% Increase
 - 47,675 peak tons
 - 360 MGY cooling m/u
 - Domestic: 221 MGY
 - Recovered: 84 MGY
 - Reclaimed: 55 MGY





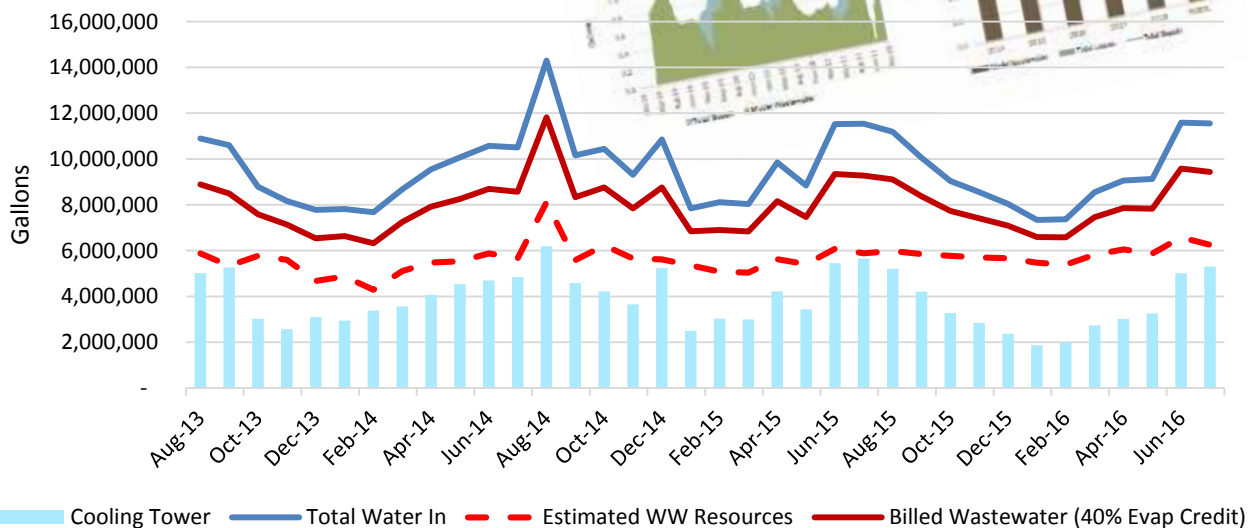
BUILDING WATER AUDIT / CAMPUS WATER BALANCE



TASKS:

- Building Water Audit Process
- Update campus water balance
 - Water use by Type
 - Non-potable demand volumes
- Model seasonal non-potable demands at targeted reclaimed water users (Power Plant Cooling Towers, Boilers)
- Evaluate future makeup demands / loads
- Update campus-contributed wastewater flow model
- **Verify the need for additional flow measurement at end use / process locations**

Historical Water Use Trends,
Piedmont Hospital (2013 – 2016)





SUPPLEMENTAL FIELD INVESTIGATION

WASTEWATER CHARACTERIZATION STUDY



FLOW MONITORING STUDIES



TASKS:

- Review all 3rd party flow & water quality testing
- Administer supplemental field investigations where needed
 - Wastewater flow monitoring
 - End-use flow validation
 - Wastewater characterization
- Develop field testing reports summarizing results

FLOW MONITORING

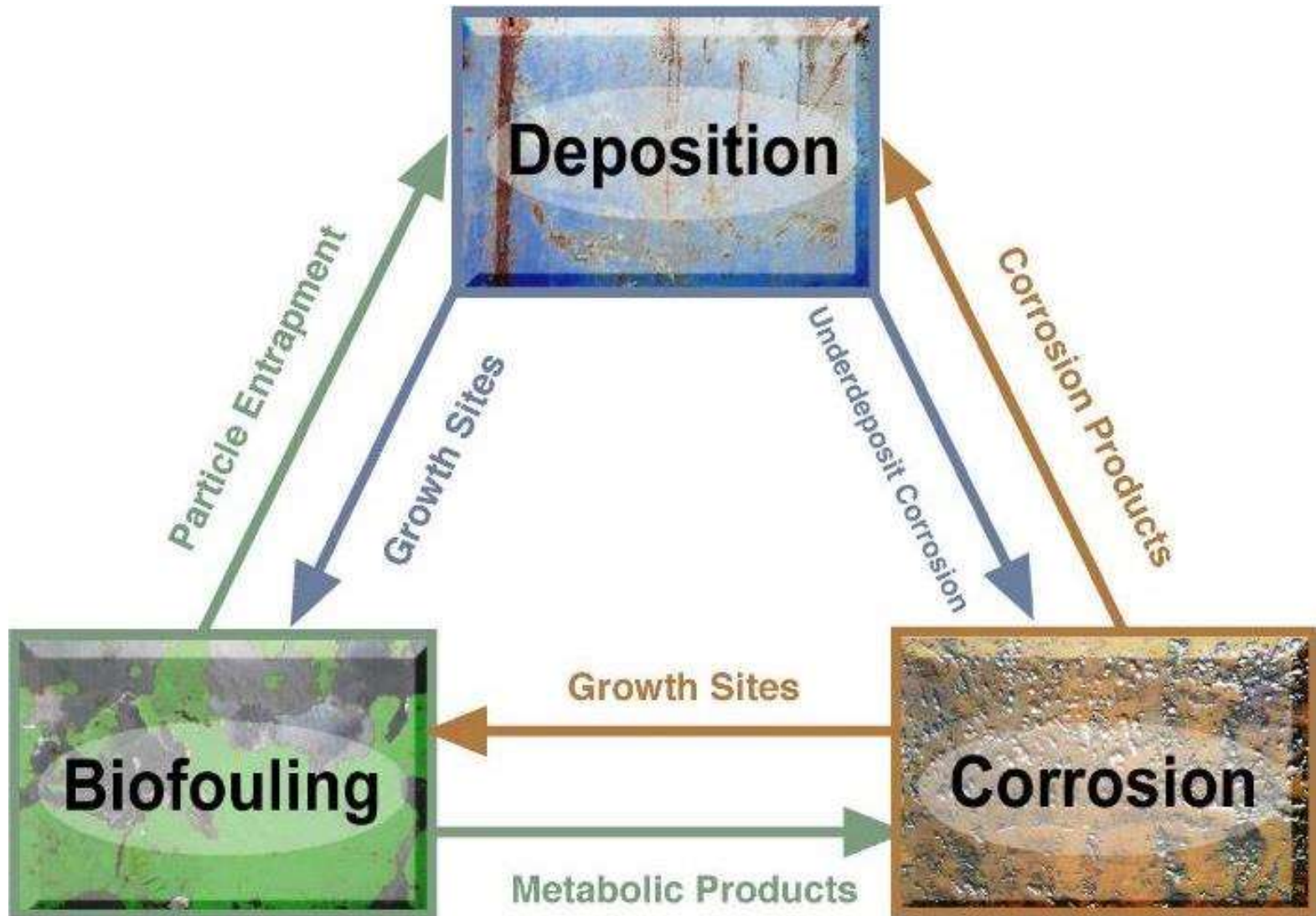
- Seasonal variations in flow
- Diurnal patterns
- Reuse potential

WASTEWATER CHARACTERIZATION

- Variability
- Treatability
- Contaminants of Concern
- Informs basis of design



UNDERSTANDING WATER ISSUES



Interdependent Results Require Systemic Solutions



UTILITY WATER AUDIT



Equipment Inventory



Equipment Conditions



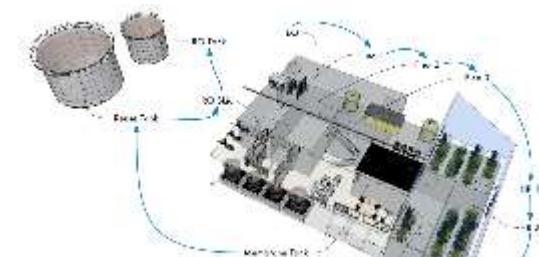
Operational Protocols



Treatment Program Admin



Reclaimed Water Modeling



Treatment Process Design

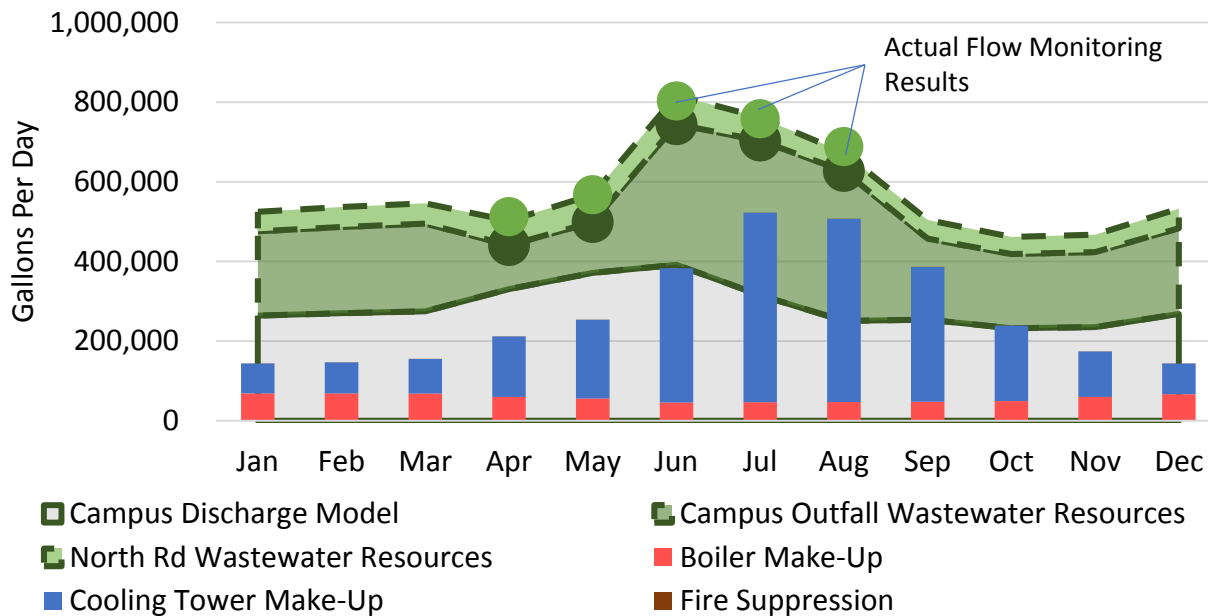
TASKS:

- Catalogue existing utility / process water equipment at targeted reclaimed water end use locations
- Assess process water equipment conditions (w/ Azure Water)
 - Corrosion Rates
 - Non-destructive testing
 - Inspection reports
- Review chemical treatment program administration / maintenance
 - Operator logs
 - Disinfection / Inhibition Program
- Validate operating loads and water demands / diurnal profiles
- Review district energy expansion / modification plans & assess future operating loads
- Establish baseline water quality characteristics



SYSTEM DESIGN BASIS

Targeted Demands vs Measured Wastewater Resources



FIELD INVESTIGATION:

- 7 Days of Composite Sampling
- 120 Days of Flow monitoring
- Ongoing to provide highest quality dataset
- Campus Outfall:
 - Avg Flow - 575k GPD
 - Est Annual – 190 MGY
- North Rd Outfall Avg:
 - Avg Flow - 56k GPD
 - Est Annual – 20 MGY

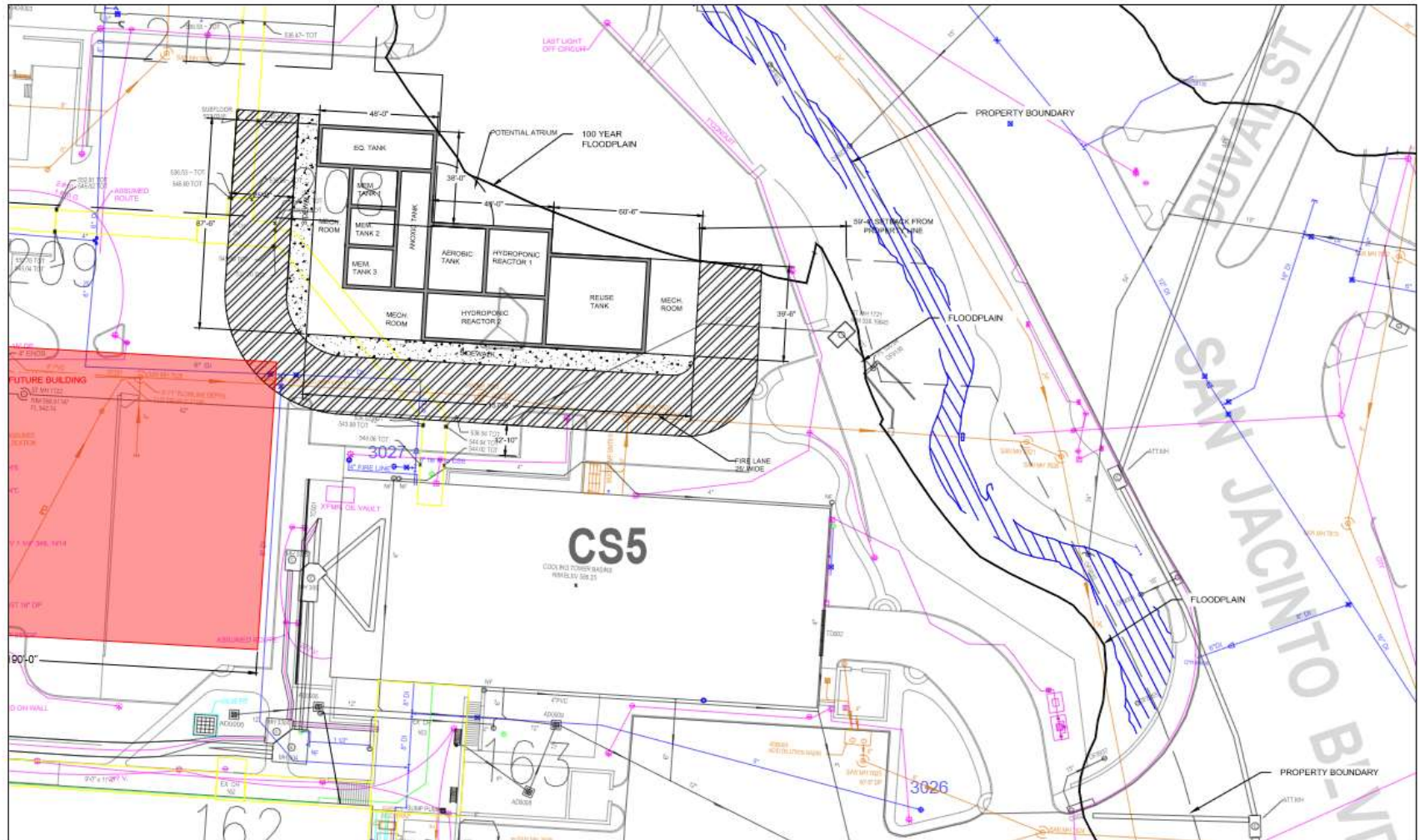
EFFLUENT DESIGN:

- State Class A Standard
- Additional End Use Standards

Parameter	Unit	Influent	Effluent	Standard
BOD	mg/l	183.87	< 10	Class A
TSS	mg/l	151.71	< 5	Class A
pH	S.U.	7.22	6.5 - 8.5	Class A
Turbidity	NTU	72.44	< 2	Class A
Total Nitrogen	mg/l	36.0	< 10	Class A
Fecal Coliform	Col/100ml	--	Non-detect	Class A
Conductivity Tower	uhms	1,000	< 250	End Use
Conductivity Boiler	uhms	730 - 1,100	< 50	End Use



UT SITE EXERCISE



Project: District Scale Water Reclamation & Reuse Facility		Title/Description: Potential Building Layout- Existing Conditions Site Area A		 		
Client: University of Texas - Austin	Location: Austin, TX	Initial: 01/16/19	Revision: -			

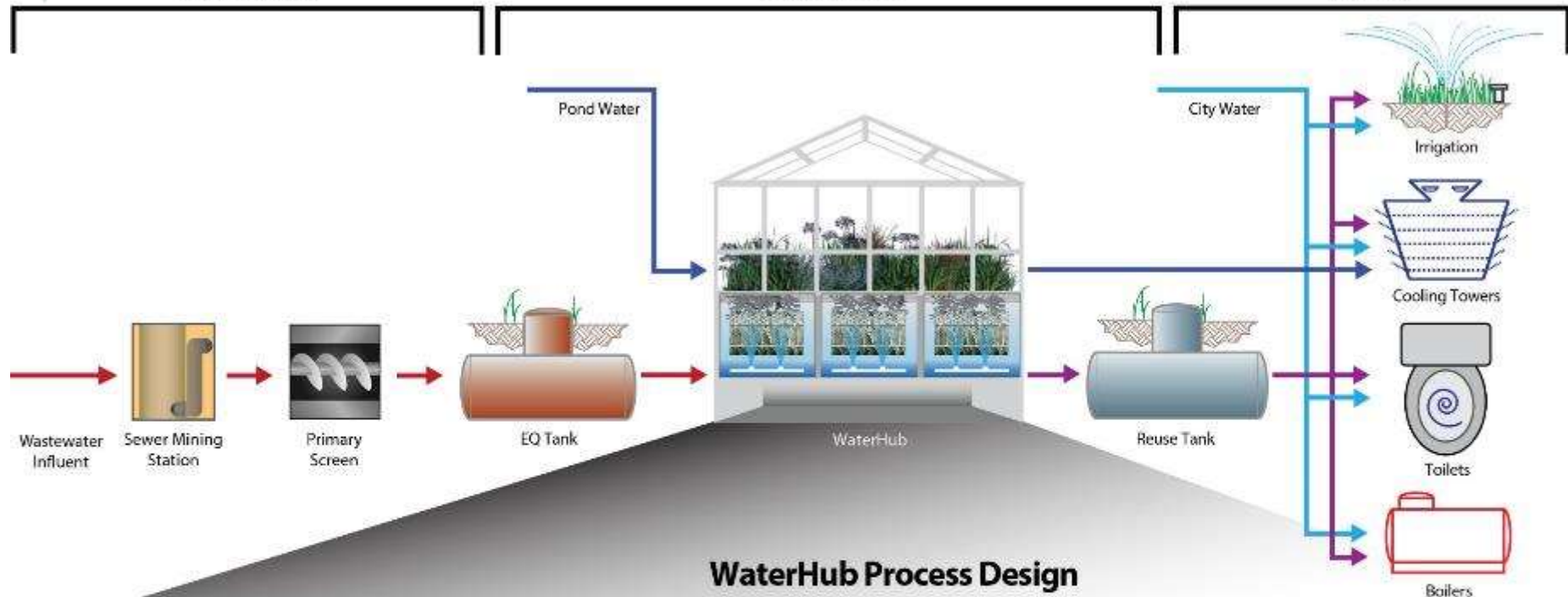


CUSTOMIZED WATERHUB PROCESS DESIGNS

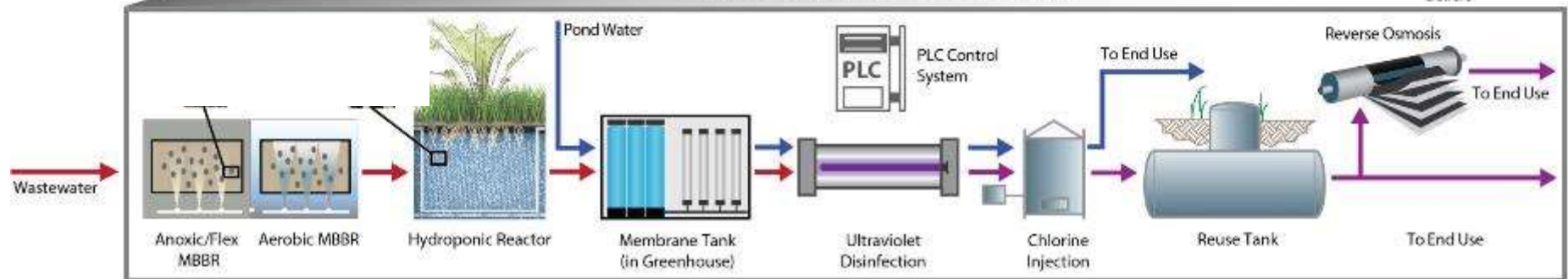
Extraction

Treatment

Reuse



WaterHub Process Design



Customized for Each Unique Siting Requirements



SYSTEM DESIGN COLLABORATION

CREATING A VISION FOR WATER MANAGEMENT



TASKS:

- Establish water management goals specific to reuse & conceptual design
- Explore siting options for system components
 - WW Extraction
 - RW Distribution
 - Facility Siting
- Facilitate conceptual design charrettes
 - Academic Faculty
 - Office of University Architect
 - Energy Services
 - Engineering
 - Sustainability Office
- Review campus construction / design standards
- Begin preliminary SWOT (Strengths, Weakness, Opportunity and Threats) Analysis on siting options
- Begin evaluating various technology / process solutions



UPCOMING PROJECTS



PMUSA MANUFACTURING CENTER



HYDRAULIC CAPACITY:

650,000 Gallons Per Day (235 MGY)

FOOTPRINT:

6,400 ft² including GlassHouse Building

TECHNOLOGIES APPLIED:

Primary Screen
Pretreatment: Aerobic / Anoxic Reactors
Secondary: Hydroponic (SFFR)
Filtration: Membrane & Side-Stream RO
Disinfection: UV & Chlorine

EFFLUENT QUALITY:

State of VA Reuse Regulations

BOD: <5

Turbidity: <2

TSS: <2

BACKUP STORAGE:

160,000 Gallons





PMUSA AERIAL VIEW

WaterHub at
Philip Morris
USA

Reclaimed Water

Central
Plant

Extraction Pipe Route

WATERHUB GOALS

- Conserve community water resources
- Provide leadership in water sustainability
- 40% reduction of consumed water
- 55% wastewater discharge reduction
- Relieve strain on local municipal infrastructure
- Insulate operational viability & supply chain

Wastewater



JOHNS HOPKINS CONCEPTUAL DESIGN



Compact Design for Tight Urban Campus Environments



YALE UNIVERSITY



LOCATION:

New Haven, CT

PROJECT:

Domestic Wastewater Reclamation & Reuse (WaterHub)

HYDRAULIC CAPACITY:

450,000 – 650,000 Gallons Per Day (164 – 237 MGY)

END USES:

Boiler Makeup, Cooling Tower Makeup

SERVICES PROVIDED:

Advanced Feasibility Study

Concept Design Report

TECHNOLOGIES APPLIED:

Moving Bed Bio-Reactors

Hydroponic with Submerged Fixed-Film

Membrane Bio-Reactors

ESTIMATED PROJECT OUTCOMES:

Up to 100% decrease in potable water use at Power Plant

Up to 40% decrease in wastewater outfall



JOHN DAY



CITY OF JOHN DAY

Eco-Engineered Wastewater Reclamation & Reuse



Advanced Filtration,
Membrane Bioreactor
(MBR) System

Custom Designed
Effluent to Support Agri-
business

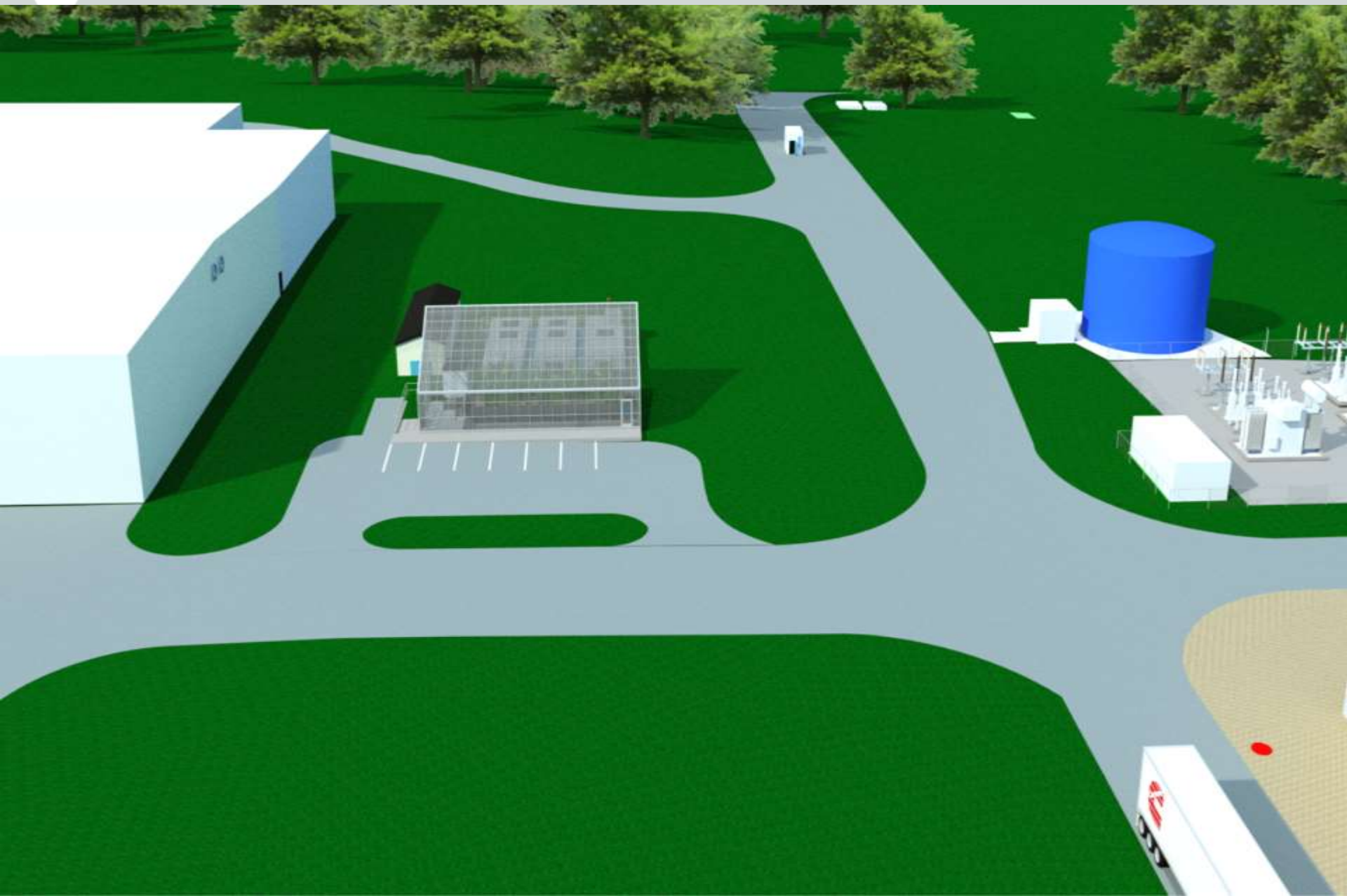
Greenhouse &
Hydroponic Reactors

New Mechanical
Operator Space

- Long-Term Community Water Supply Resiliency
- Improved Environmental Impact
- Anchor Development for John Day River Plan

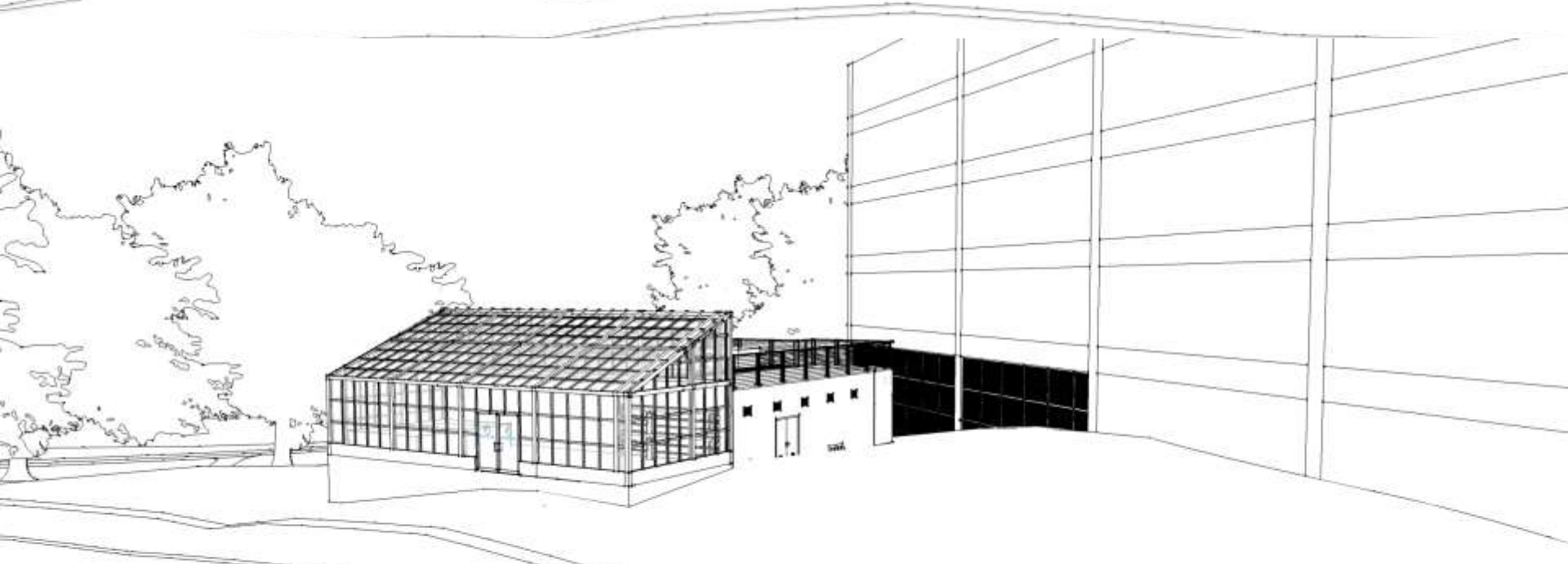
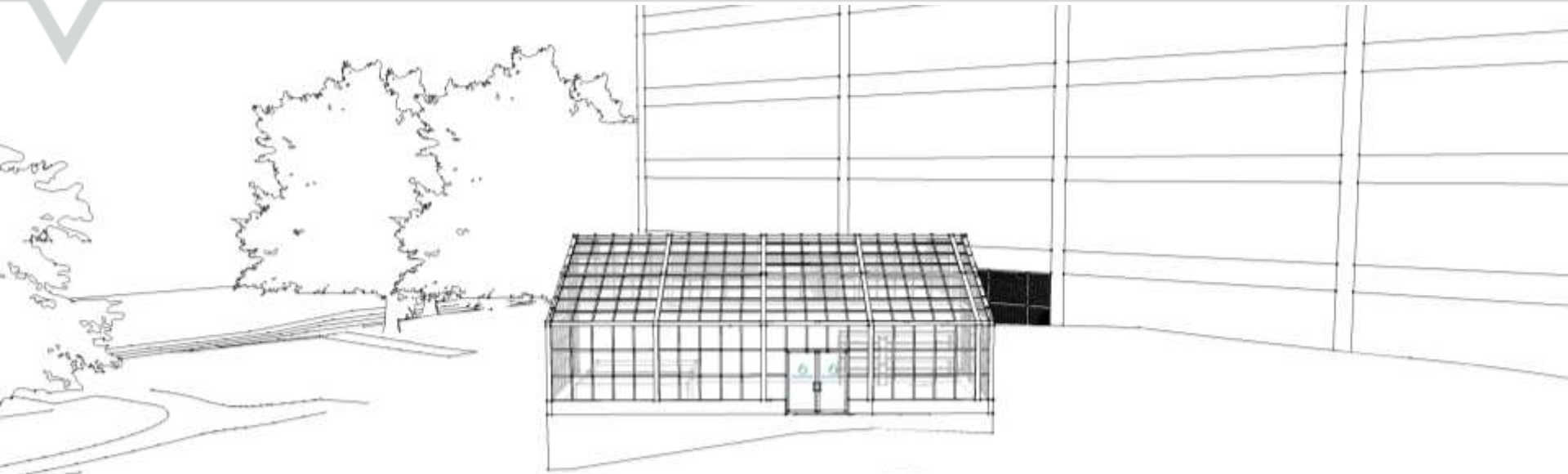


CUMMINS ROCKY MOUNT ENGINE PLANT





WIN MED PRELIMINARY SITE INTEGRATION

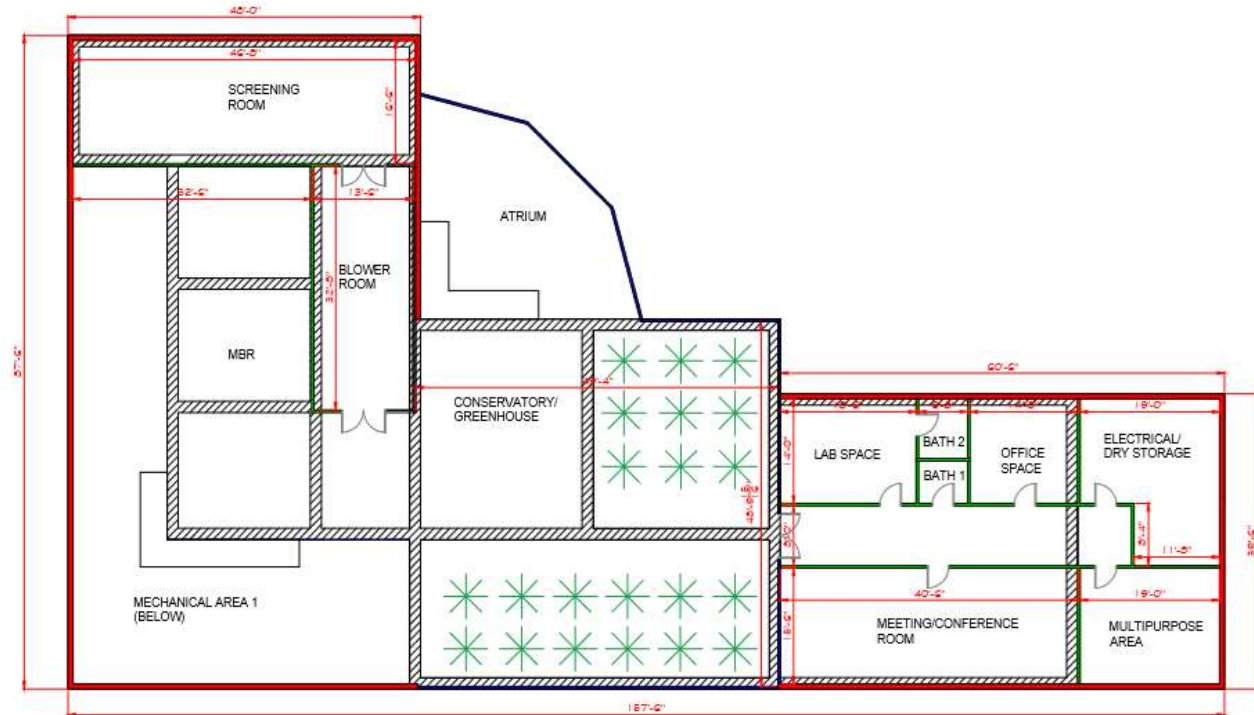




UT AUSTIN- SITE A

LEGEND

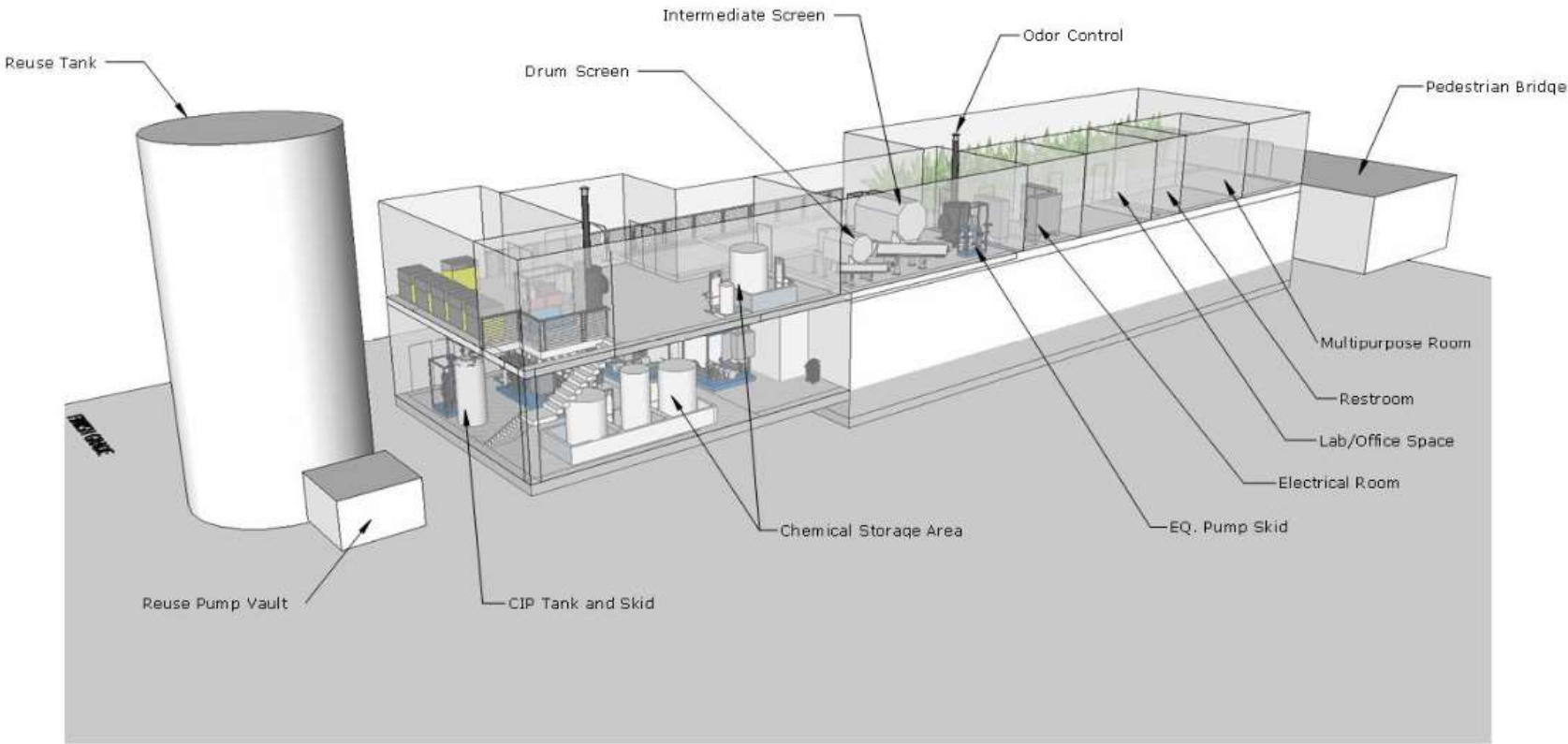
- GLASS CURTAIN WALL
- INTERIOR WALLS
- EXTERIOR WALLS



SITE A - FLOORPLAN (UPPER LEVEL)



UT AUSTIN- SITE B





PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL DESIGN



Mechanical Building

Landscape
Planters

Outdoor
Hydroponics

Open / Gathering
Space



PROPOSED STREETScape DESIGN



**5' Furniture
Zone**

**10' Clear
Zone**

**5' Supplemental
Zone
(Landscape Planters Only)**



PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL DESIGN





AUSTIN WATER RENDERING





AUSTIN WATER RENDERING





AUSTIN WATER RENDERING





Project Update

February 08, 2019

SUSTAINABLE WATER®
EXTENDING THE LIFE CYCLE OF WATER





DUKE





DUKE



Bridge and canopy



Curtainwall and metal panel



3-Brick academic blend

2-Brick blend base (or black diamond only)



LESSONS-LEARNED: GENERAL

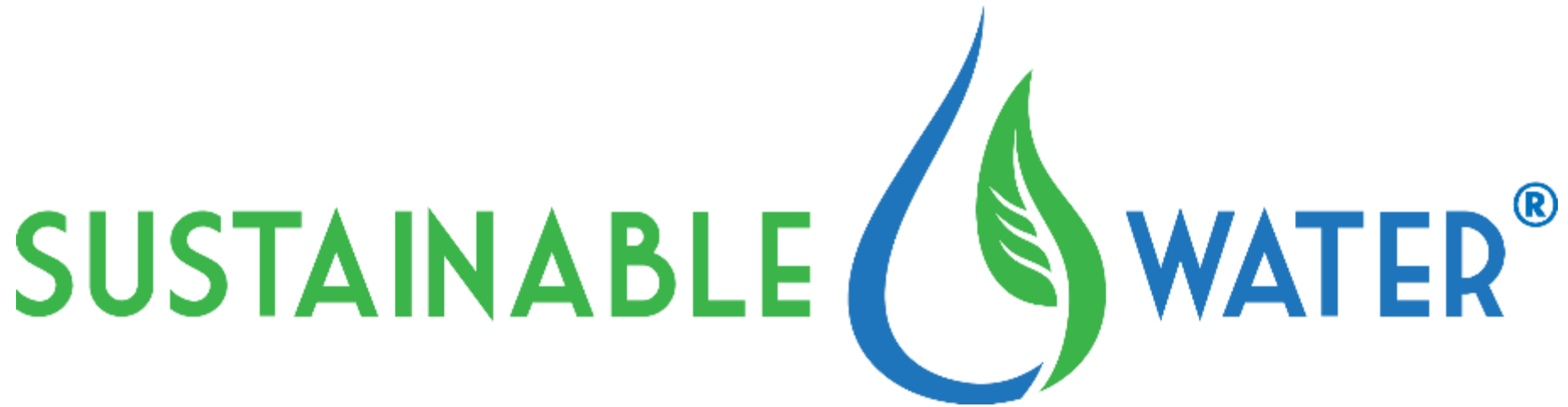
- Don't Under Estimate Public Interest...
 - Tours, Program Space, Community Outreach
 - 4,500 Tours at Emory University
- Facility Design Aesthetics
 - Public access areas from Front to Back of House
 - Pedestrian circulation through system
 - Fully enclosed mechanical areas & better operator access
- Data Collection & Field Investigations
 - Never “too much” operational, sampling & flow data
 - Strong data collection investigations in preliminary engineering, save time and money down the road



LESSONS-LEARNED: PROCESS

- Pre-Fabrication
 - Hydraulic “Sweet-spots” to more or less prefabrication
 - Skids, Tanks, Operator Rooms
- Process Resiliency...
 - Equipment Redundancy (Primary screening, Influent Pumps, UV, etc.)
 - Dual Process Trains
 - You can’t optimize what isn’t measured
 - WQ Sensors starting in influent wet-well
- Maintenance
 - Removal & Maintenance of Influent Pumps from Wet Well
 - Ability to Pump Backwards from Screen or EQ to flush influent lines
 - Membrane / Filter Access, Location of Hoists
- Turn-Down
 - Contingency planning for turn-down scenarios





EXTENDING THE LIFECYCLE OF WATER

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