



CampusEnergy2021

BRIDGE TO THE FUTURE

Feb. 16-18 | CONNECTING VIRTUALLY

WORKSHOPS | Thermal Distribution: March 2 | Microgrid: March 16



Three Applications of Heat Recovery Chillers Supporting LTHW at UVA

Paul Zmick, PE
University of Virginia



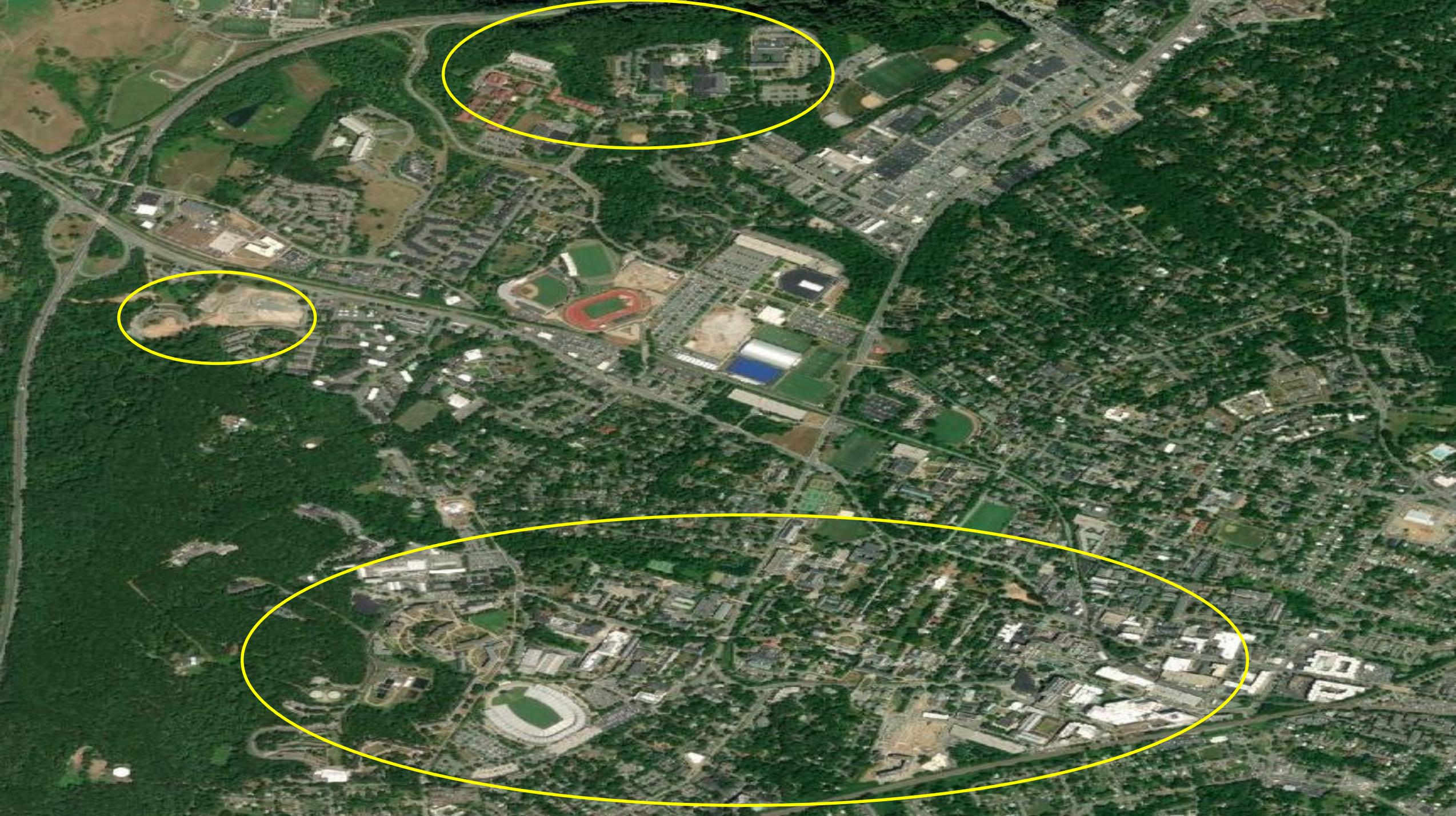
CampusEnergy2021
BRIDGE TO THE FUTURE
Feb. 16-18 | CONNECTING VIRTUALLY
WORKSHOPS | Thermal Distribution: March 2 | Microgrid: March 16



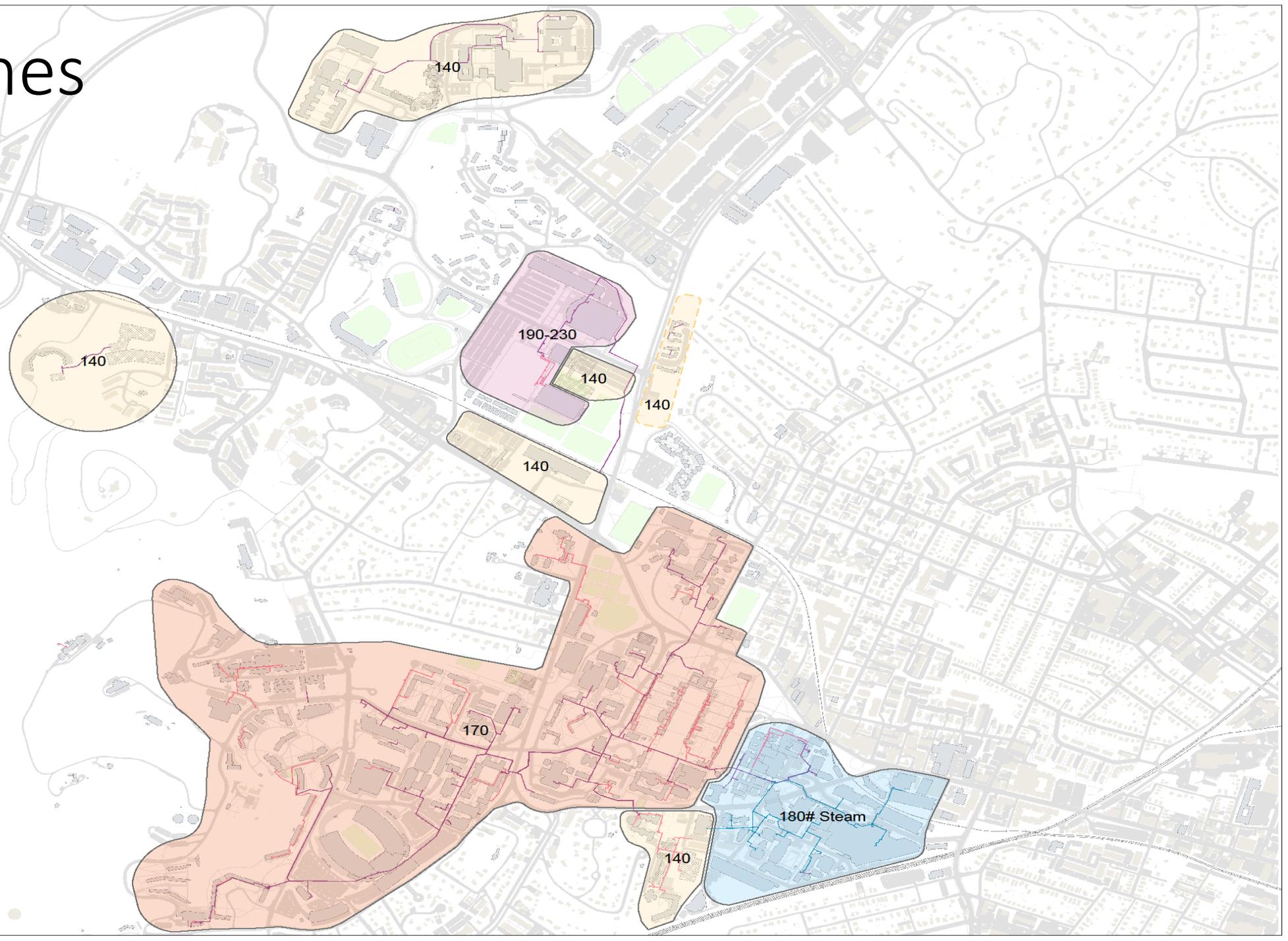
UNIVERSITY
of
VIRGINIA



INTERNATIONAL
DISTRICT ENERGY
ASSOCIATION



Heating Zones



Three plants and three unique applications ...

- Small ... Ivy Mountain (CUP) ... 200K SQFT
 - New development zone
 - 200K outpatient orthopedic clinic
 - 60-80K future capacity
- Medium ... North Grounds (NG Mechanical Plant) ... 1M SQFT
 - 550K existing buildings and 450K new load
 - 190K new Inn at Darden
 - 260K existing Darden School of Business
- Large ... Academic Grounds (Main Heat Plant) ... 12M SQFT
 - 12M of existing academic, historic, research, athletic, and health system buildings

Engineers of Record and Vendor Partners

- Collin Moyer, PE



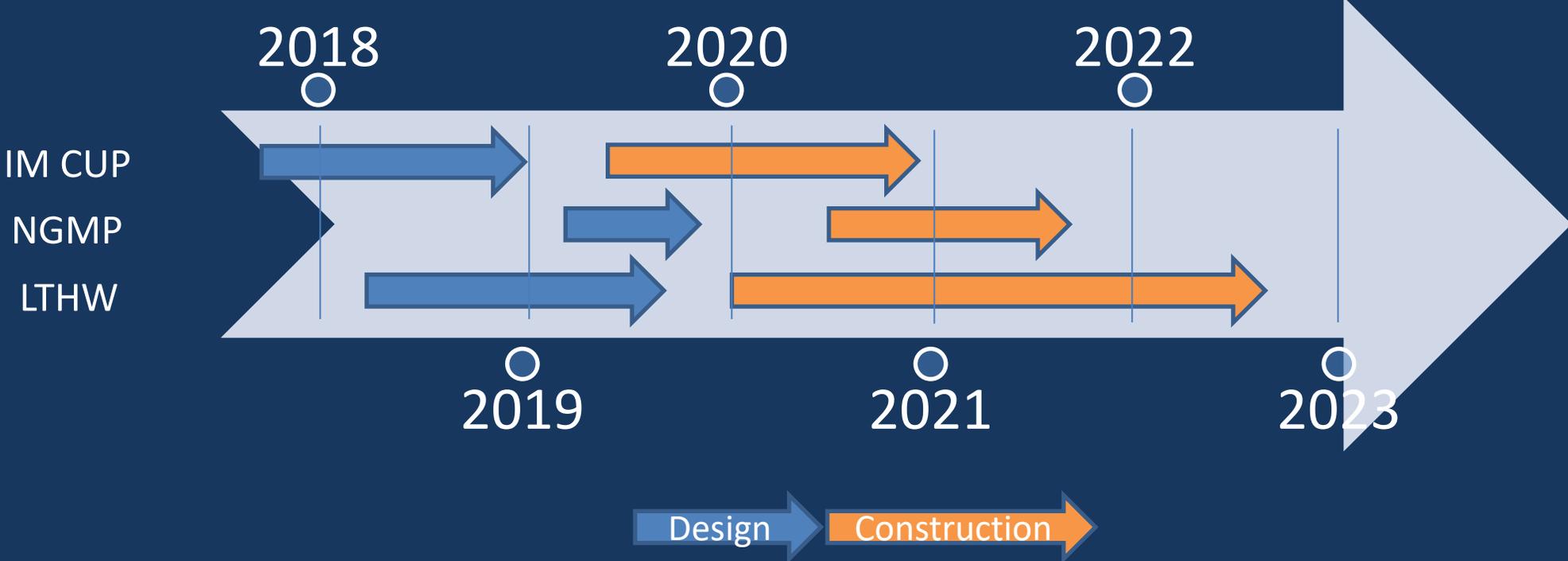
- Joe Witchger, PE

HGA

- George Howe, PE



Timeline of each project



Ivy Mountain CUP

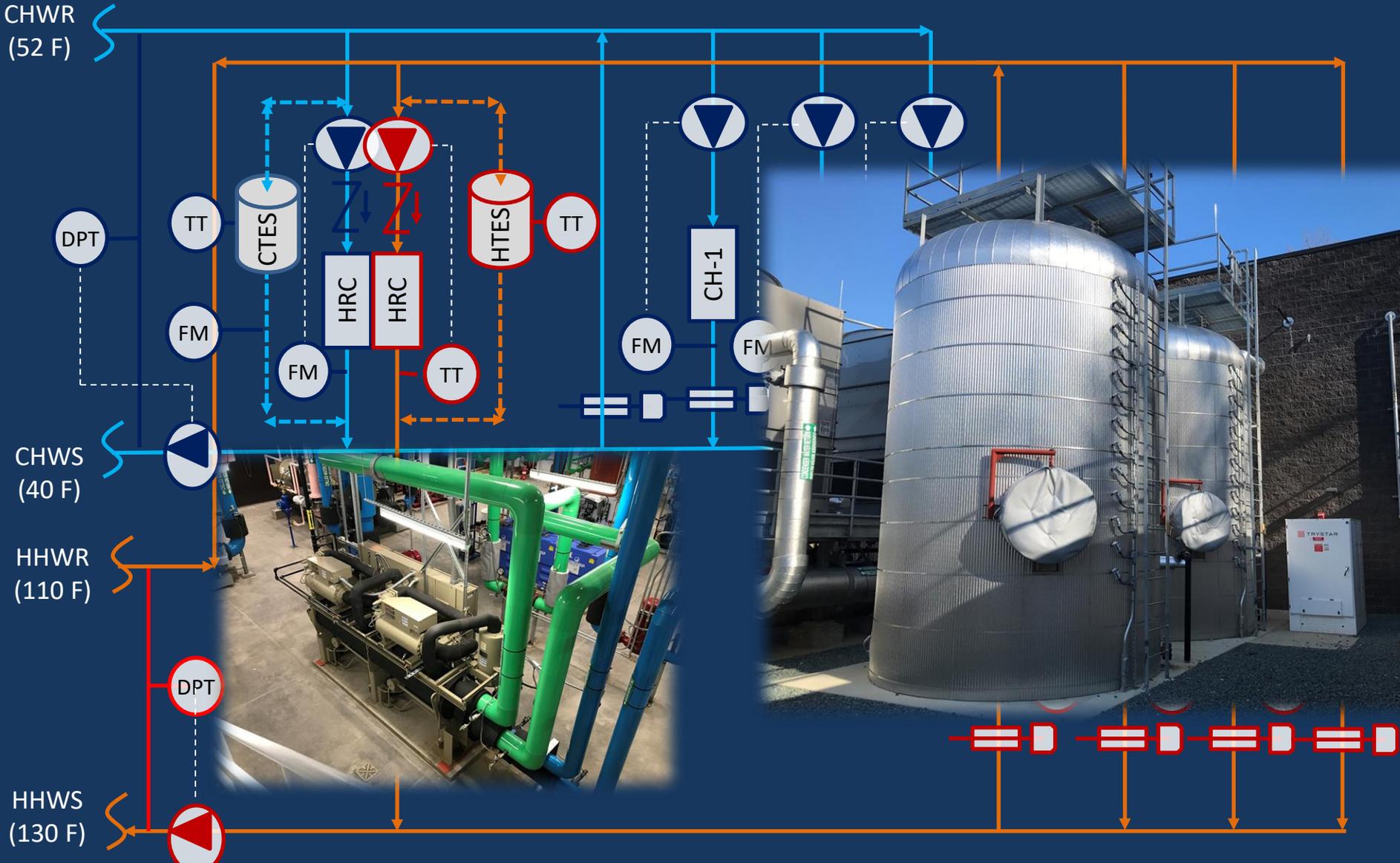
- Maximize HRC in order to minimize FF (gas boilers)
- New construction with nominal 140F heating supply
- Periods of low system heating/cooling load
- Small plant with future capacity requirements
- Tight budget
 - Proposed at \$16M ... increased to \$19M due to high construction demand
 - HRC were actually a VM discussion

Equipment Basis of Design – HRC

- Manufacturers: Trane, Carrier, York/JCI

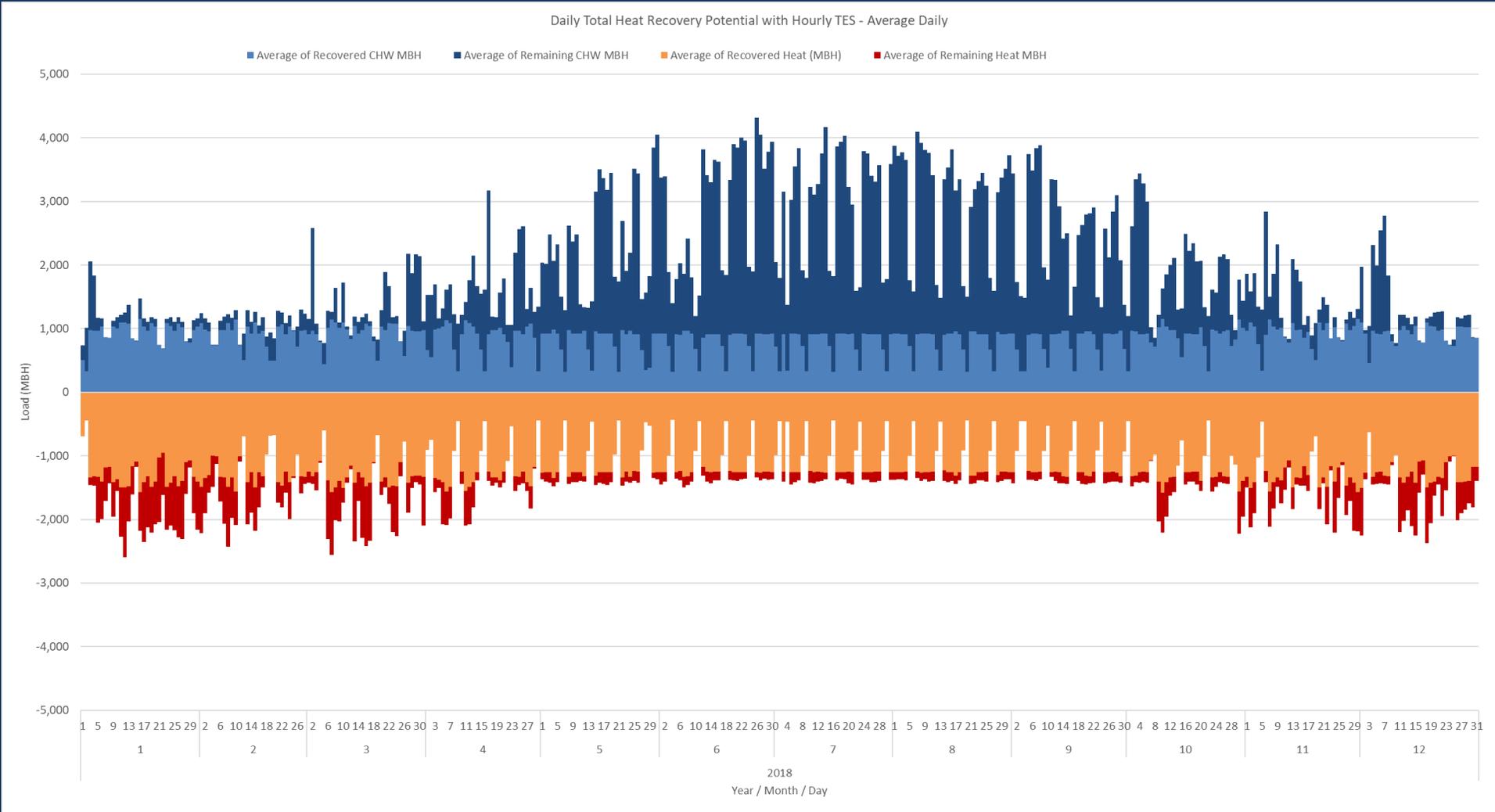
Criterion	Multistack Modular Chiller	York YCWL Scroll Chiller	JCI/Sabroe ChillPAC Recip. Chiller	York YVWA Screw Chiller	Trane RTWD Screw Chiller	Carrier 30XW Screw Chiller
\$/MBH	\$80	\$45	-	\$53	\$61	\$41
Heating Capacity (MBH)	2,012	1,870	-	1,980	1,800	1,840
Cooling Capacity (Tons)	120	112	-	121	110	115
Combined Heating/Cooling COP	6.1	6.2	-	6.7	6.4	6.3
Refrigerant	R-410A	R-410A	R-717 (Ammonia)	R-134A	R-134A	R-134A
Footprint (SF)	29	30	31	66	40	41
Tonnage Range	20-400	50-200	30-400	120-300	80-250	150-400
Maximum HHW Temp. (Deg F)	140	122	-	140	140	140
Noise (dBA)	75	77	74	-	73	-
Number of Compressors	4	4	1	1	2	1
Refrigerant Charge (lbs)	130	390	60	395	360	290
Ability for Capacity Increase	Easy	Difficult	Difficult	Difficult	Difficult	Difficult
Operability at Low Loads	Good	Good	-	Fair	Fair	Fair
Ability to Operate with Low CHW/HHW Delta-T	Poor	Fair	-	Fair	Fair	Fair

Sequence of Operation



Expected Load Profile

120 Ton HRC with TES - 83% of annual heat recovered

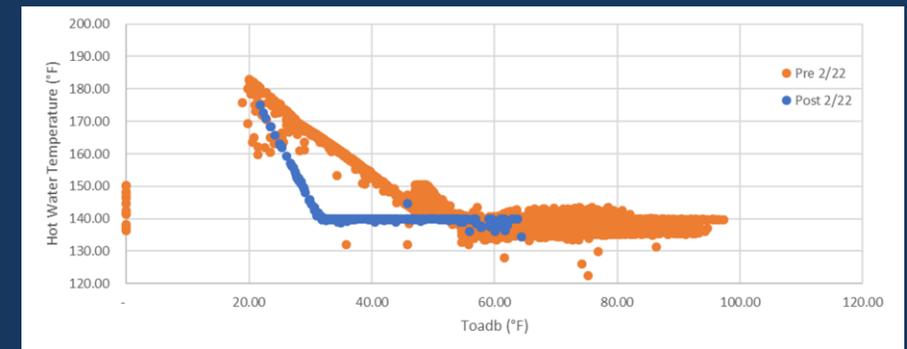


Ivy Mountain CUP

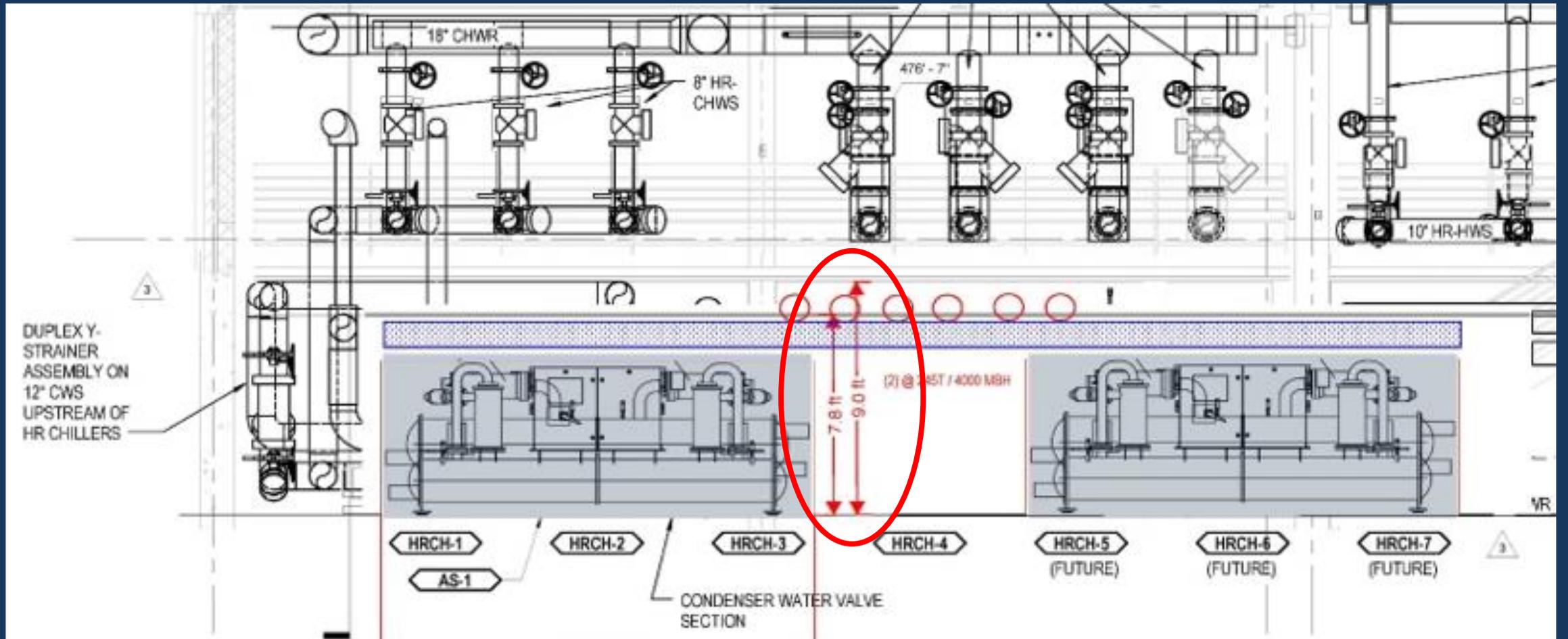


North Grounds Mechanical Plant

- Maximize HRC in order to minimize FF (gas boilers)
- Mix of existing and new construction
- Waterside economizer inherited and encouraged
 - Darden: Existing
 - Inn at Darden: New
- Existing buildings required winter heating temp setback up to 180F
- Existing mechanical plant with limited space



Vertical space ... very challenging



Engageable Load Ratio

NGMP ONLY (BASED ON 2018 DATA)

		Ideal HRCH			R410a Scroll HRCH			R410a Scroll (Future) HRCH			R134a Screw 149° HRCH			R134a Screw 140° HRCH			R134a Scroll 160° HRCH			R134a Scroll 165° HRCH			Centrifugal HRCH			Ammonia HRCH		
		Total Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load Ratio (ELR)	Achievable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}
Total	Cooling	32,907,356	11,571,582	35%	8,385,310	25%	87%	8,385,310	25%	87%	7,449,500	23%	79%	8,016,255	24%	84%	6,839,703	21%	81%	6,881,533	21%	81%	1,401,071	4%	14%	736,800	2%	9%
	Heating	30,685,875	11,583,153	38%	11,739,434	38%		11,739,434	38%		10,790,085	35%		11,404,360	37%		11,868,924	39%		11,868,152	39%		1,944,754	6%		1,303,522	4%	
Toa < 50°F	Cooling	-	-	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%	-	0%	0%
	Heating	15,199,926	-	0%	-	0%		-	0%		-	0%		-	0%		-	0%		-	0%		-	0%		-	0%	
Toa > 50°F	Cooling	32,907,356	11,571,582	35%	8,385,310	25%	87%	8,385,310	25%	87%	7,449,500	23%	79%	8,016,255	24%	84%	6,839,703	21%	81%	6,881,533	21%	81%	1,401,071	4%	14%	736,800	2%	9%
	Heating	14,935,419	11,583,153	78%	11,739,434	79%		11,739,434	79%		10,790,085	72%		11,404,360	76%		11,868,924	79%		11,868,152	79%		1,944,754	13%		1,303,522	9%	

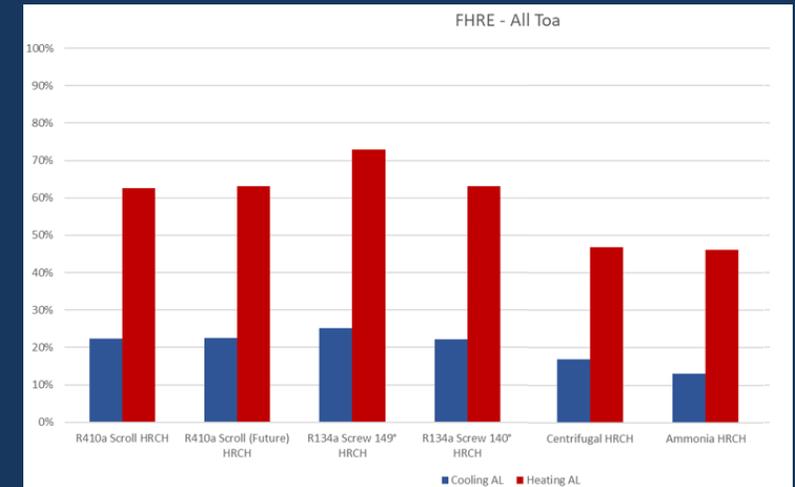
NGMP & DARDEN (BASED ON 2018 DATA)

		Ideal HRCH			R410a Scroll HRCH			R410a Scroll (Future) HRCH			R134a Screw 149° HRCH			R134a Screw 140° HRCH			R134a Scroll 160° HRCH			R134a Scroll 165° HRCH			Centrifugal HRCH			Ammonia HRCH		
		Total Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load Ratio (ELR)	Achievable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}
Total	Cooling	67,610,850	27,594,282	41%	19,394,837	29%	84%	19,404,445	29%	84%	19,913,979	29%	88%	19,046,224	28%	84%	17,262,693	26%	86%	17,975,202	27%	89%	15,744,882	23%	68%	8,908,800	13%	45%
	Heating	50,007,874	27,621,877	55%	27,154,095	54%		27,166,222	54%		28,845,438	58%		27,096,191	54%		29,963,122	60%		31,000,652	62%		21,854,672	44%		15,761,152	32%	
Toa < 50°F	Cooling	5,113,346	4,940,063	97%	2,721,174	53%	66%	2,721,174	53%	66%	4,079,115	80%	101%	2,671,393	52%	65%	3,909,988	76%	108%	4,253,898	83%	117%	3,688,582	72%	89%	2,239,200	44%	63%
	Heating	24,769,374	4,945,003	20%	3,809,644	15%		3,809,644	15%		5,908,848	24%		3,800,469	15%		6,788,346	27%		7,336,403	30%		5,119,929	21%		3,961,518	16%	
Toa > 50°F	Cooling	62,047,637	22,225,078	36%	16,296,218	26%	88%	16,305,826	26%	88%	15,482,805	25%	85%	16,005,940	26%	87%	13,027,759	21%	80%	13,384,646	22%	82%	11,762,655	19%	63%	6,475,200	10%	40%
	Heating	24,341,248	22,247,303	91%	22,816,029	94%		22,828,156	94%		22,426,634	92%		22,770,917	94%		22,610,738	93%		23,083,635	95%		16,327,149	67%		11,455,708	47%	

ELR Continued ...

$$\eta_{ELR} = ALR / ELR$$

- Two scenarios (existing load and new load)
- Two conditions (Toa <50F and >50F)
- Eight heat recovery chillers evaluated
 - Two conditions (heating and cooling)
- York YVWA Selected
 - 149F
 - 200T
 - Three units



	Ideal HRCH				R134a Screw 149° HRCH		
		Total Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Engageable Load Ratio (ELR)	Engageable Load (MBTU)	Achievable Load Ratio (ALR)	η_{ELR}
Total	Cooling	67,610,850	27,594,282	41%	19,913,979	29%	88%
	Heating	50,007,874	27,621,877	55%	28,845,438	58%	
Toa < 50°F	Cooling	5,113,346	4,940,063	97%	4,079,115	80%	101%
	Heating	24,769,374	4,945,003	20%	5,908,848	24%	
Toa > 50°F	Cooling	62,047,637	22,225,078	36%	15,482,805	25%	85%
	Heating	24,341,248	22,247,303	91%	22,426,634	92%	

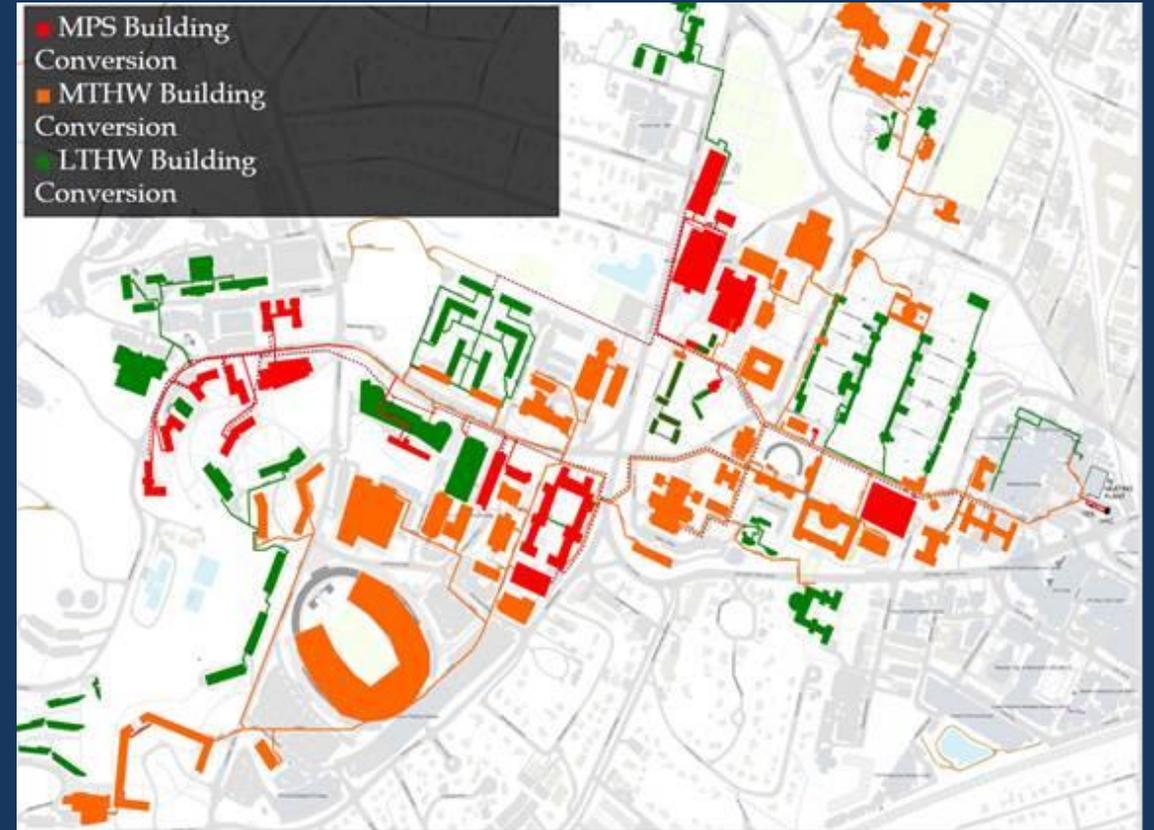
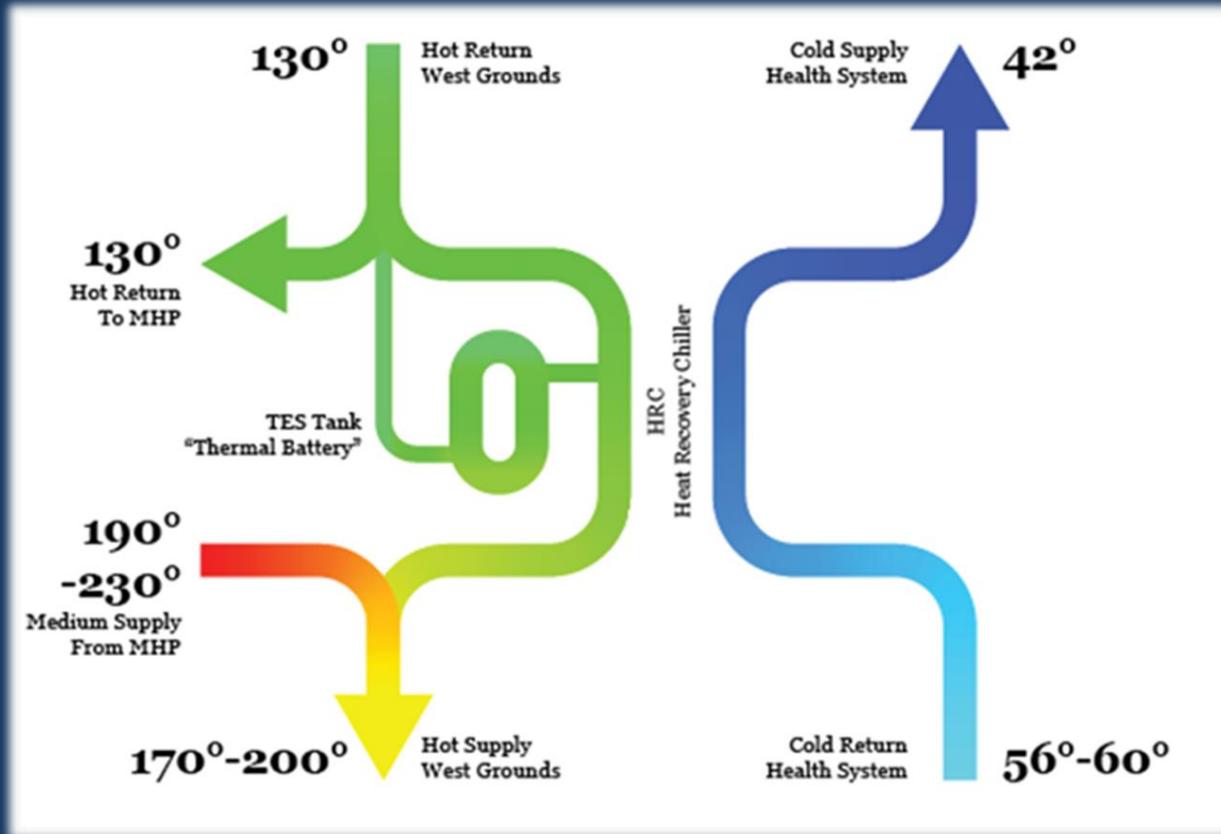
LTHW Project ... North Chiller Plant/Main Heat Plant

- Maximize HRC in order to minimize FF (coal, gas, oil boilers)
- Integrating a large HRC with large steam and hot water boilers
- Minimum LTHW temp of 170F
- Source of year-round chilled water load and hot water load



LTHW Project

200F to 170F from the Plant



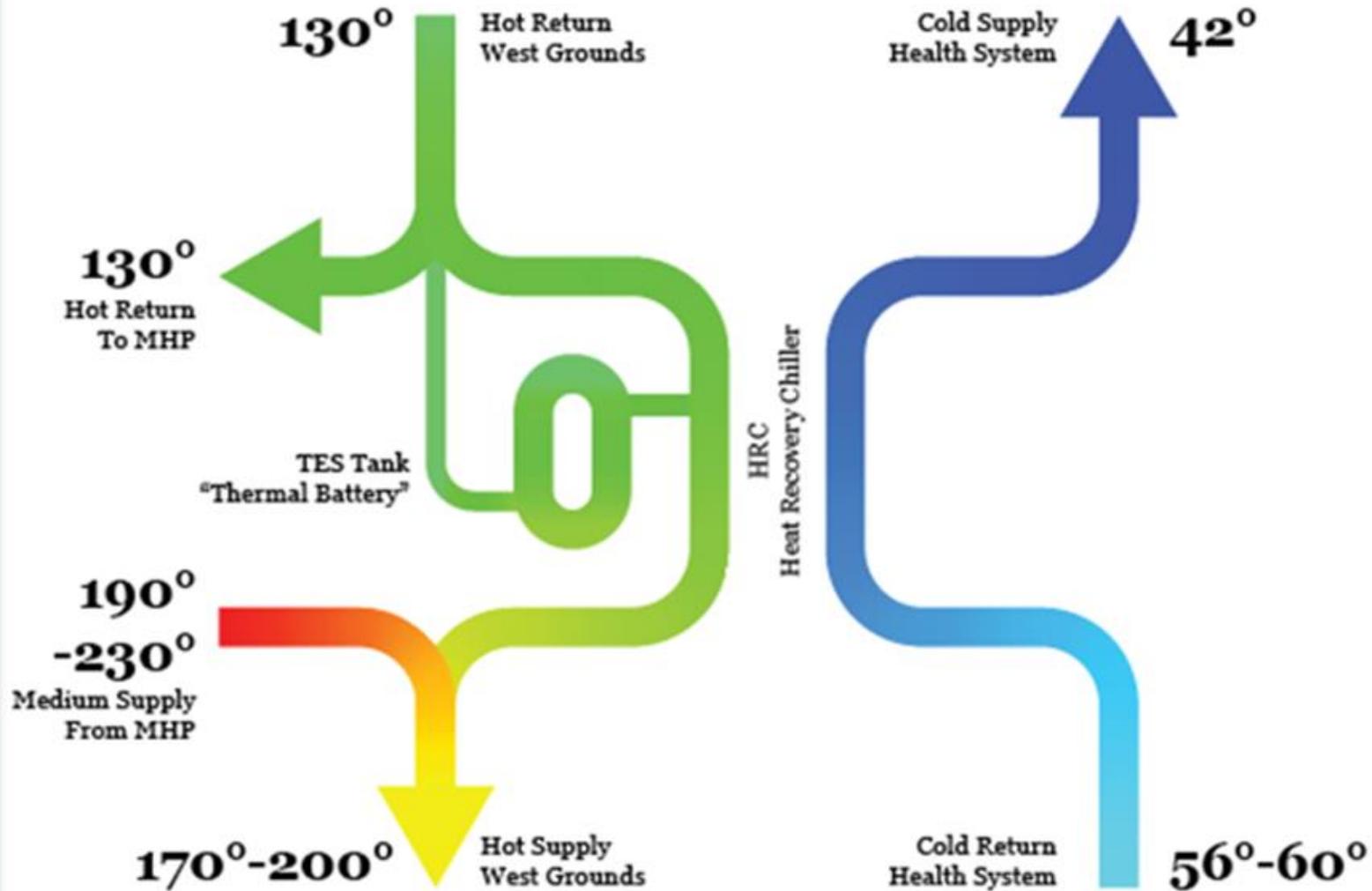
170F to 160F in the Building

Summary of HRC Options

- Lower temperatures provide more options
- Limited options for medium temperatures/size
- Very limited options for temperatures above 160F

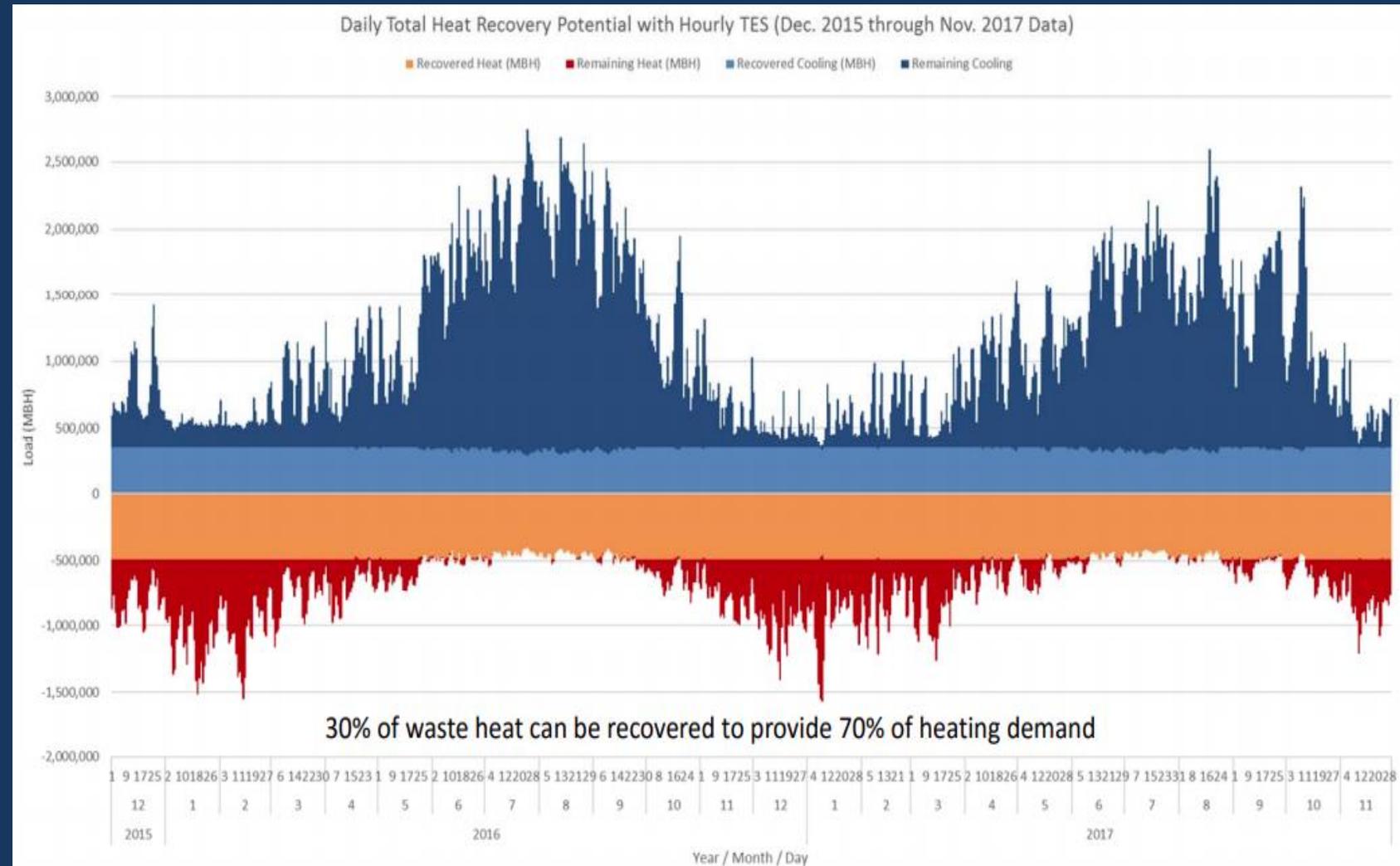
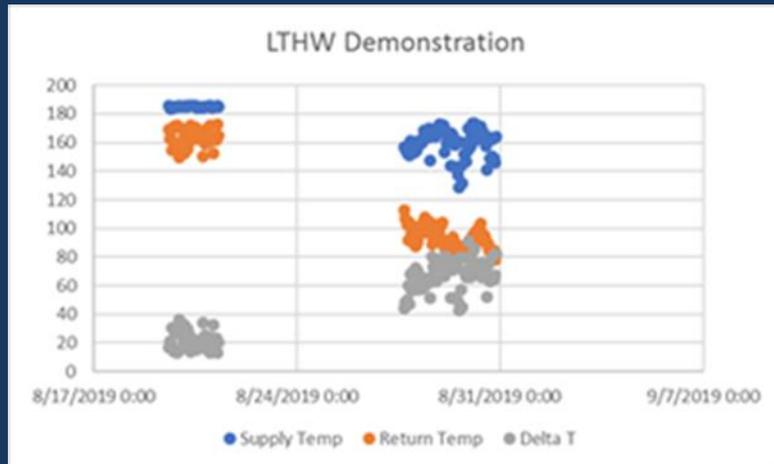
HRC	Max Temp	Max Tons	CUP	NGMP	LTHW
York Scroll	122	112	x		
Multistack Scroll	140	400	x		
York Screw	140	300	x		
Trane Screw	140	250	x		
Carrier Screw	140	400	x		
York Screw	149	200		x	
Daikin Scroll	160	312		x	
ArcitChill Scroll	165	25		x	
York Centrifugal	170	2000		x	x
York FE	180	5000			
NH3 Recip	195	200	x	x	x

One 1,800 ton CYK and one 60K gal buffer tank



Expected and Preliminary Results (HRC and LTHW)

- 30% recovered
- 70% of demand
- DT increase ...
20 to 60+



Summary of HRC Options

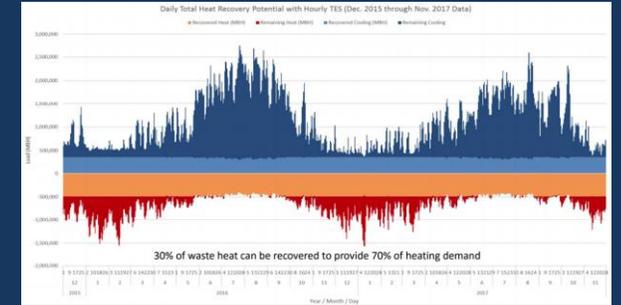
- Lower temperatures provide more options
- Limited options for medium temperatures/size
- Very limited options for temperatures above 160F

HRC	Max Temp	Max Tons	CUP	NGMP	LTHW
York Scroll	122	112	x		
Multistack Scroll	140	400	x		
York Screw	140	300	x		
Trane Screw	140	250	x		
Carrier Screw	140	400	x		
York Screw	149	200		x	
Daikin Scroll	160	312		x	
ArcitChill Scroll	165	25		x	
York Centrifugal	170	2000		x	x
York FE	180	5000			
NH3 Recip	195	200	x	x	x

Process Steps

- Understand heating/cooling load profile
- Establish discharge temp of HRC
- Maximize use of HRC
 - Buffer tank(s)
 - Water side economizing
- Fit the equipment to space/budget
- Three projects
 - Unique constraints
 - Unique outcomes

$$\eta_{ELR} = ALR / ELR$$



Special thanks to Cheryl Gomez

- Director of Operations at UVA
- Early adopter of HRCs, elimination of FF, and all things sustainable
- Driver for LTHW effort at UVA
- Strong supporter of IDEA and former board member
- My boss



Questions?

Thank You!

Paul Zmick, PE

