

District Energy Master Plan for UC Davis Primate Research Center

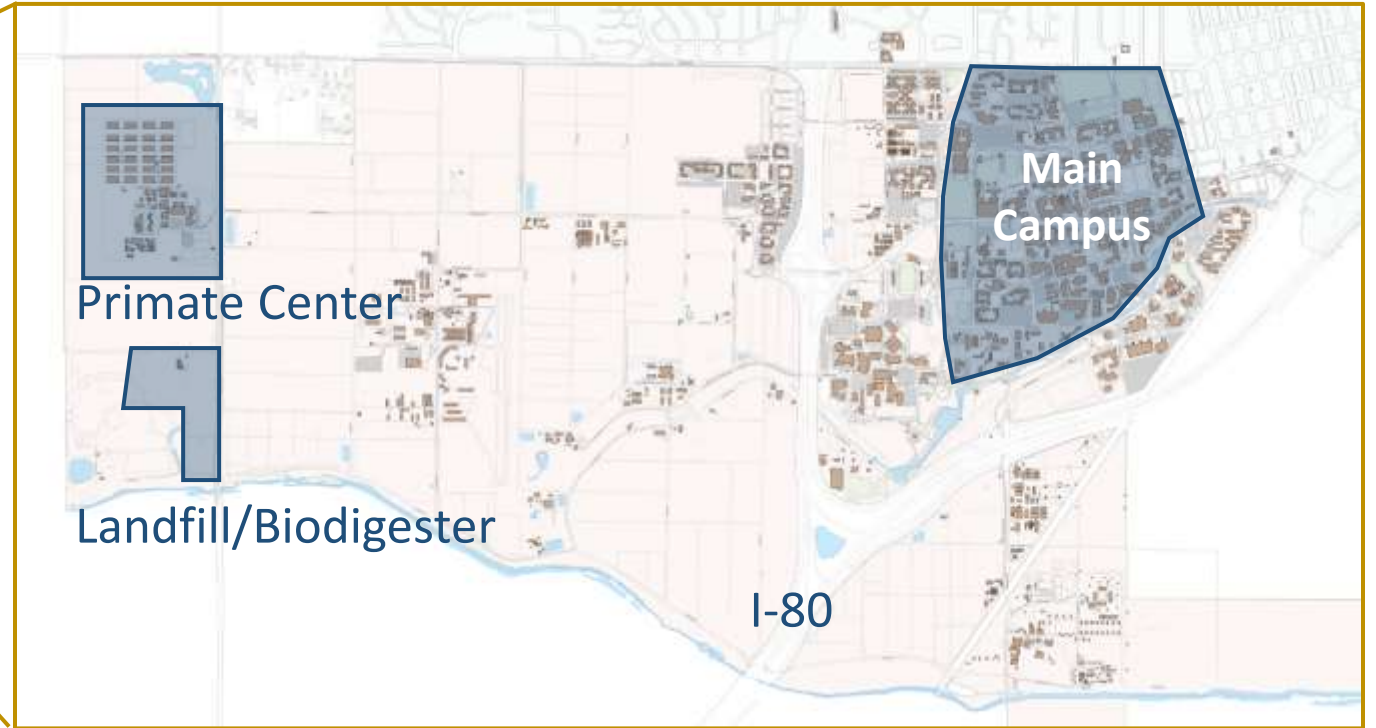
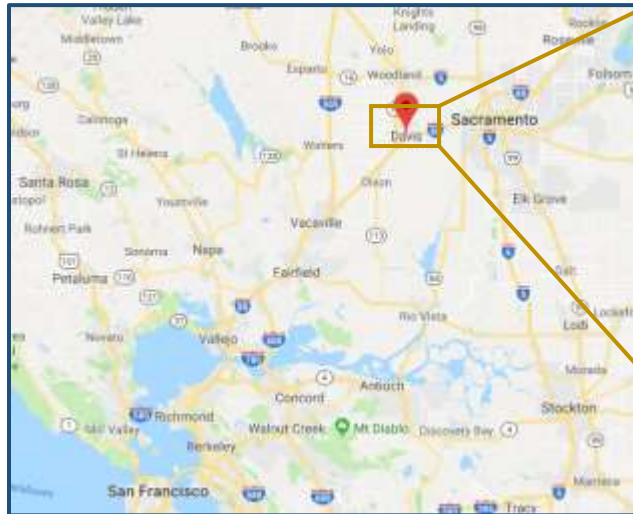
February 27, 2019

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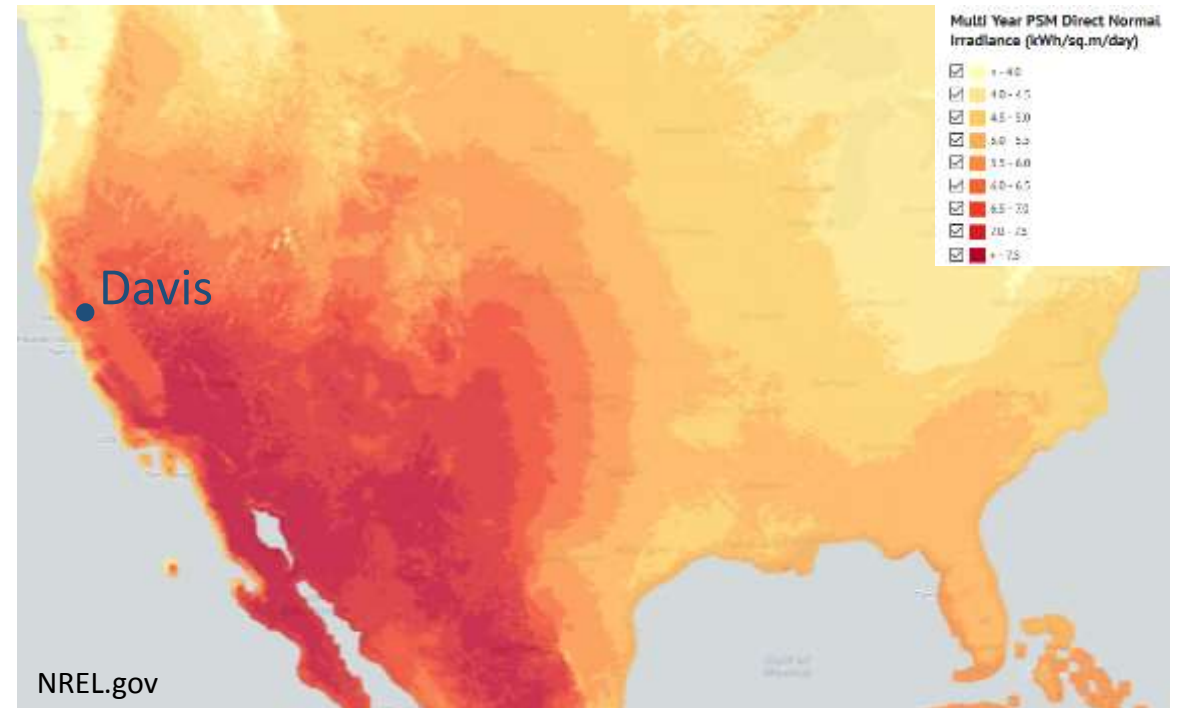
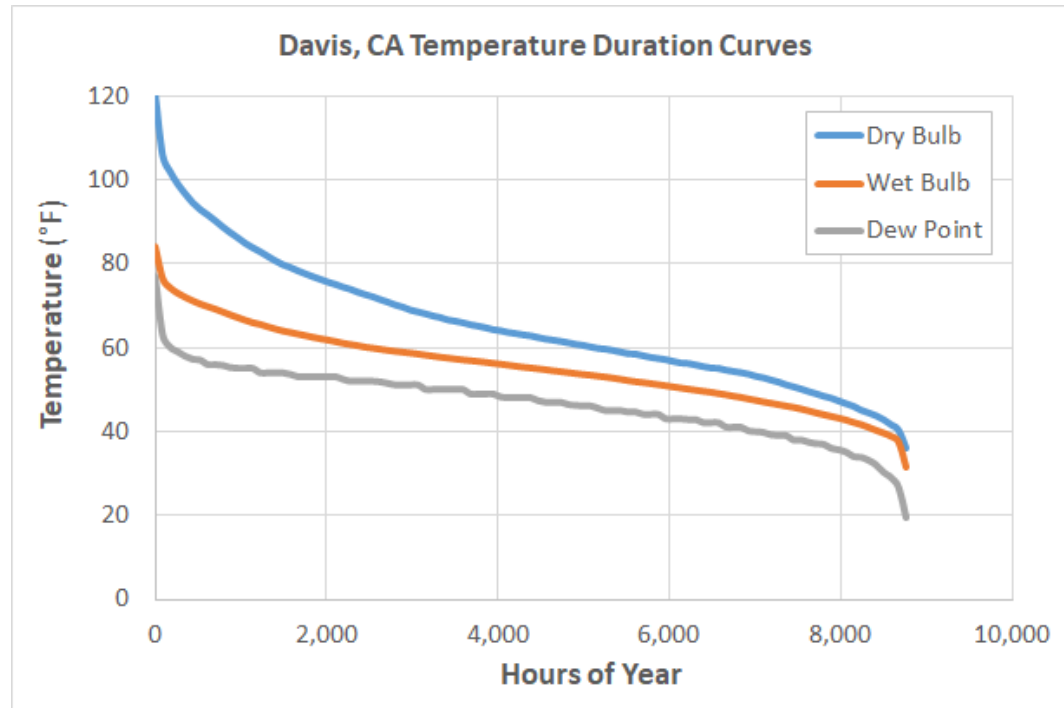
UC Davis Campus

UC Davis Campus

Davis, California



UC Davis Climate



California National Primate Research Center

- CNPRC mission:
 - Improve human health and quality of life through support of exceptional nonhuman primate research programs
- Houses about 4,000 monkeys
- Research areas:
 - Behavior and neuroscience
 - Infectious diseases and immunology
 - Reproduction and regenerative medicine
 - Respiratory biology and disease



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Primate District Energy Current Condition



Abs. Chiller
Over 30 yrs old



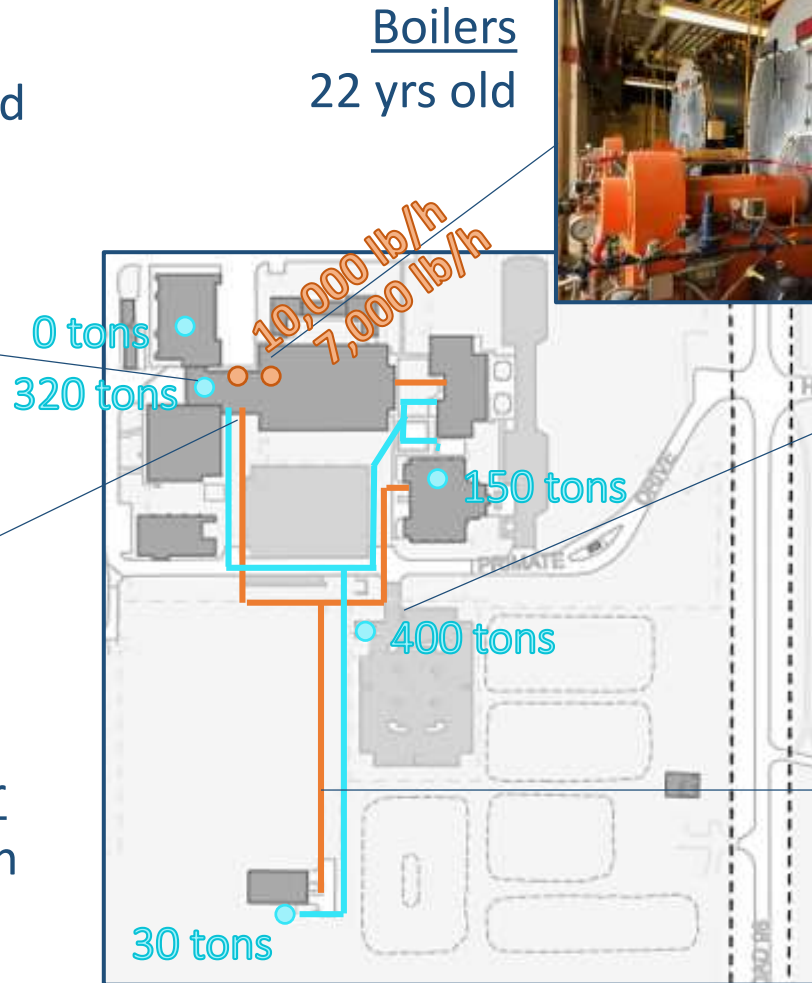
Boilers
22 yrs old



"New" Chiller and Tower
Repurposed from campus



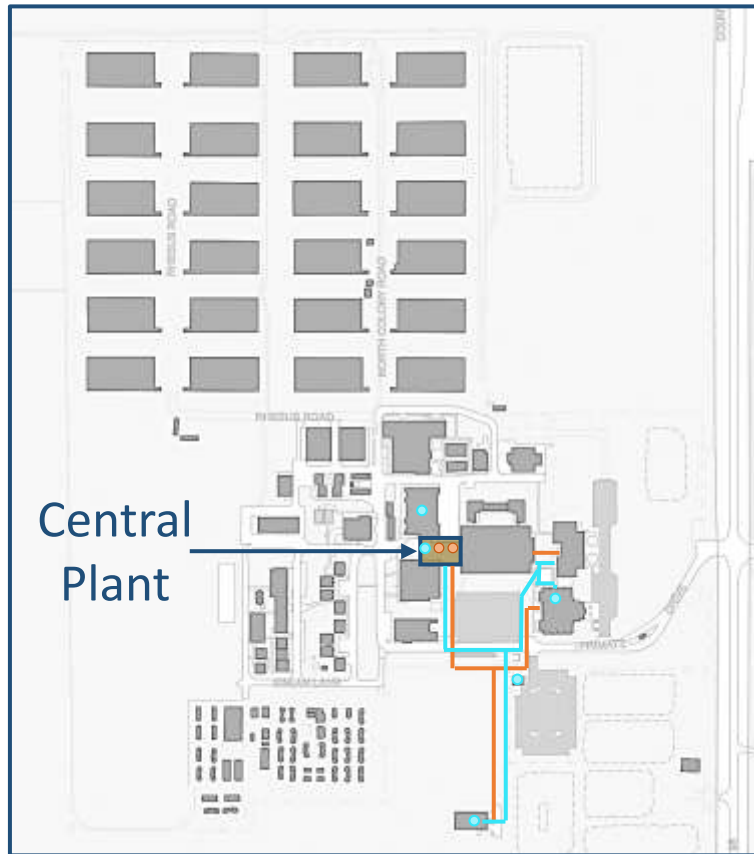
Cooling Tower
Poor condition



Steam Piping
Needs
renewal
within 10 yrs

Primate Center District Energy System

UC Davis Primate Center



Energy Type	Units	Peak Demand	Installed Capacity
Heating (steam)	MMBtu/hr	> 10	17
Cooling	tons	600	900

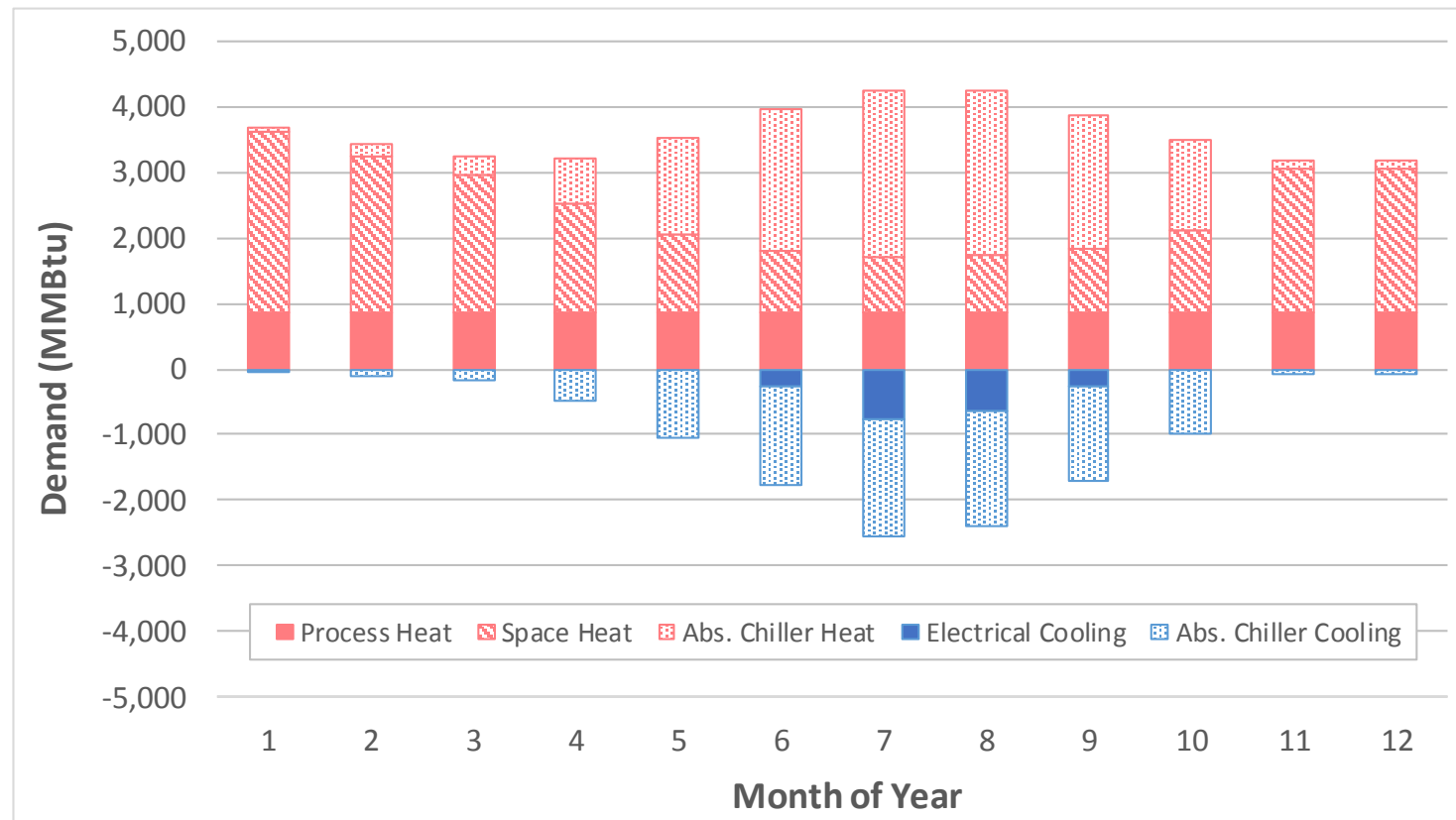
Notes:

1. Heating demand includes space heating and cage washing
2. 1 MMBtu = 1,000,000 Btu

- Floor area = 17,000 ft²
- Heated area = 8,500 ft²

Primate Center District Energy Profile

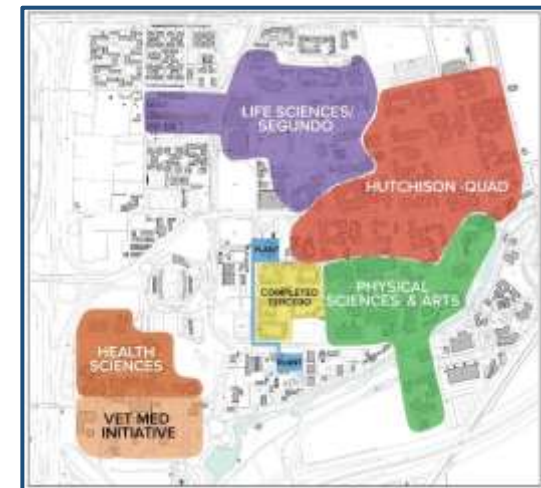
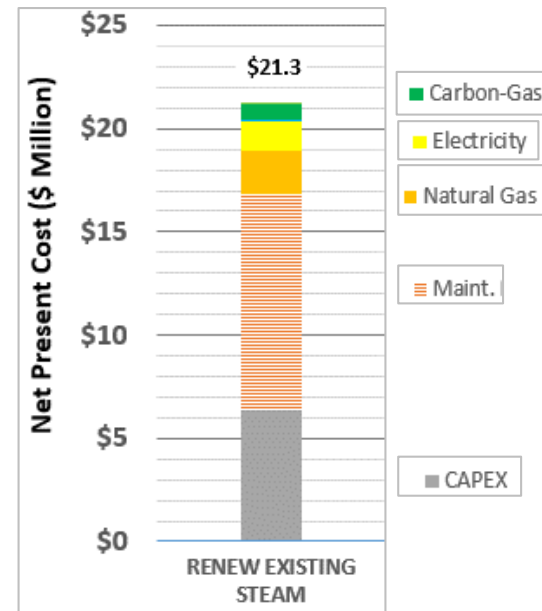
Primate Center Heating/Cooling Demands



Project Objectives

- Plant and distribution require renewal
- Redundancy needed, future capacity
- Align energy supply with UC initiatives
- Improve efficiency
- Reduce operating costs
- Minimize Life Cycle Cost

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Carbon Neutrality Initiative



Project Phase: Engineering Study

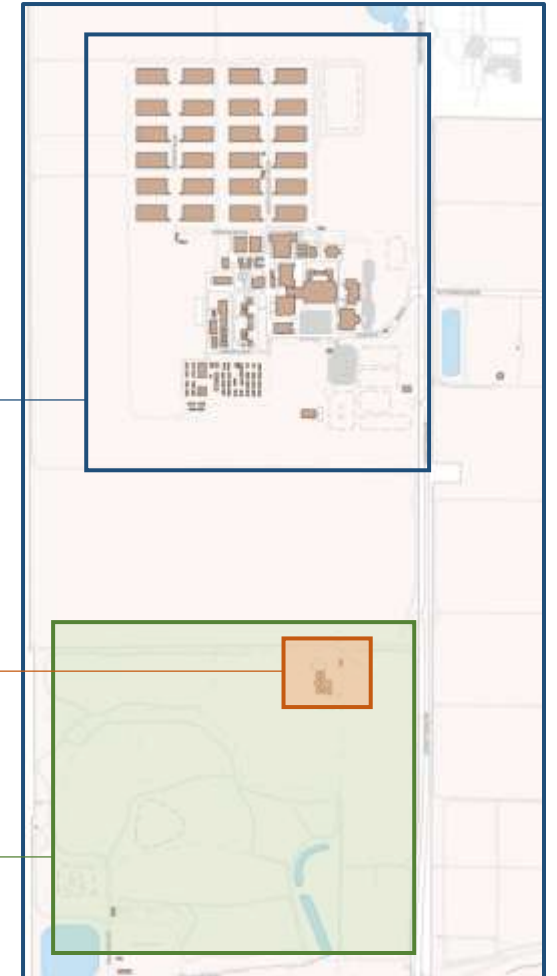
Identify Options

- Small district and unique location provide opportunities
- Biogas sources within 1 mile, existing pipeline
- Significant surrounding land area
 - Geothermal
 - Solar thermal
 - Solar PV
- Donated solar thermal panels

Primate Center
40,000 MMBtu/yr

Digester
28,000 MMBtu/yr

Retired Landfill
14,000 MMBtu/yr



Project Phase: Engineering Study

Options Investigated

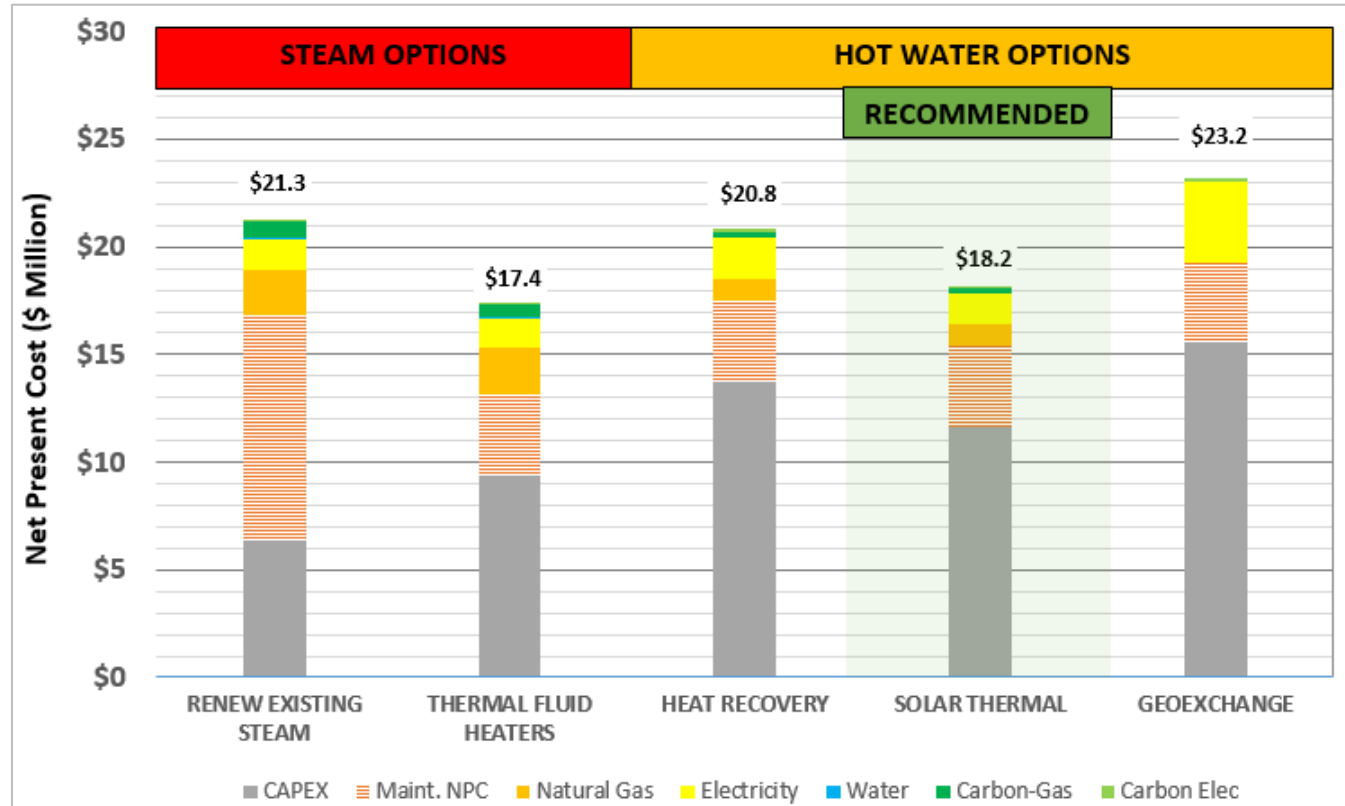
Option	Heating	Cooling
1	Renew existing steam system	Electric chillers, new tower
2	Thermal fluid steam generator	Electric chillers, new tower
3	HW boilers, heat recovery chillers (HRC), TES	HRC, electric chiller, new tower
4	HW boilers, solar thermal panels, TES	Electric chillers, new tower
5	HW boilers, geoexchange, TES	Electric chillers, new tower

 Steam Options

 Hot Water Options

Project Phase: Engineering Study

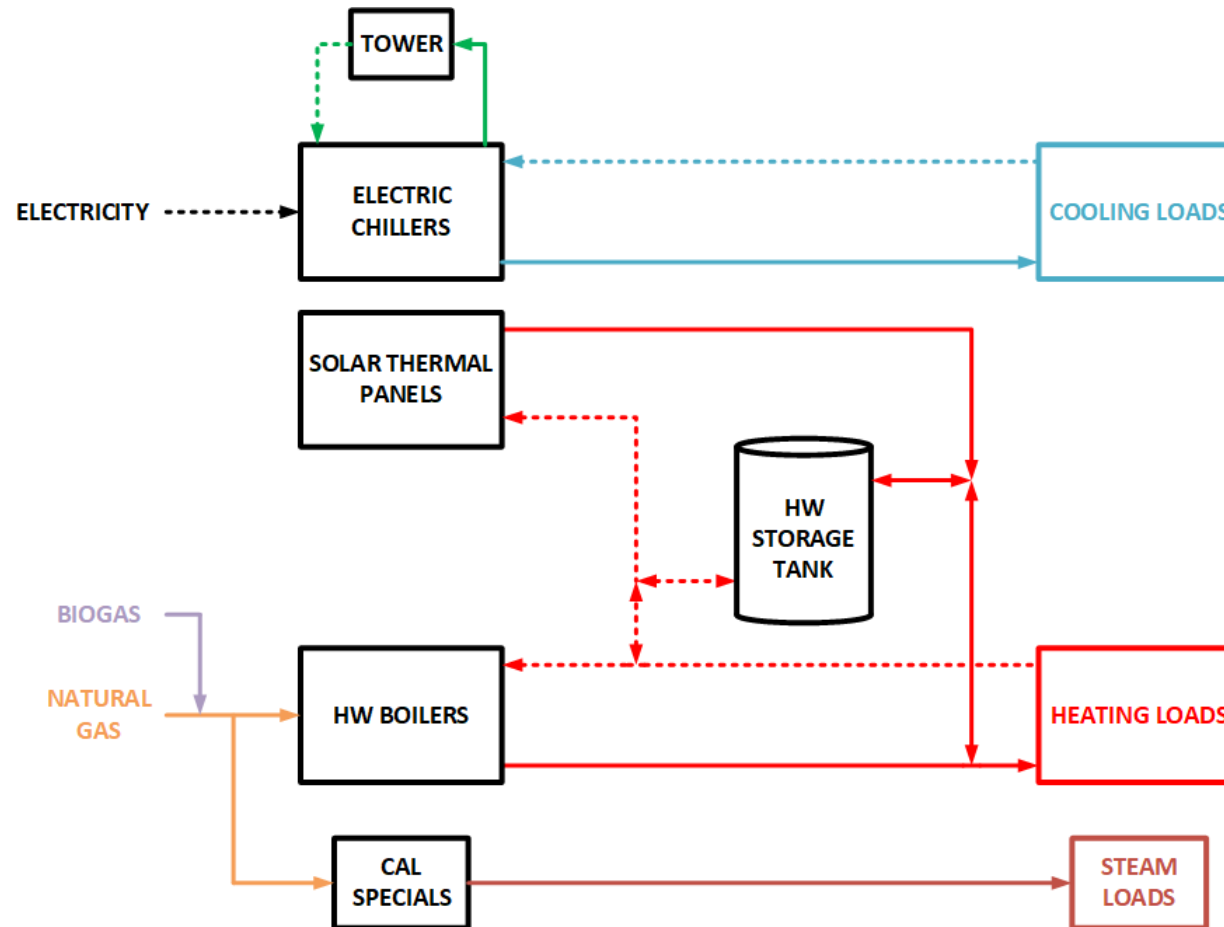
Life Cycle Cost Analysis Results



- Cooling solution same for all options
- HW advantages:
 - Achieve capital renewal
 - Lower energy use
 - Lower carbon
 - No boiler watch
- Solar thermal advantages:
 - Leverage donated panels
 - Rebates

Project Phase: Engineering Study

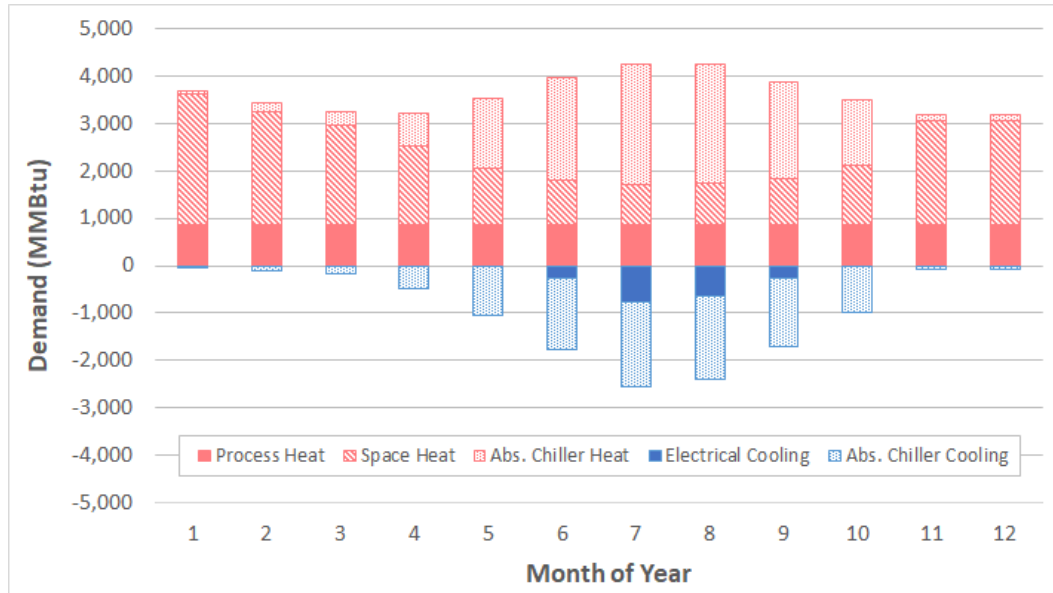
Selected Option Details



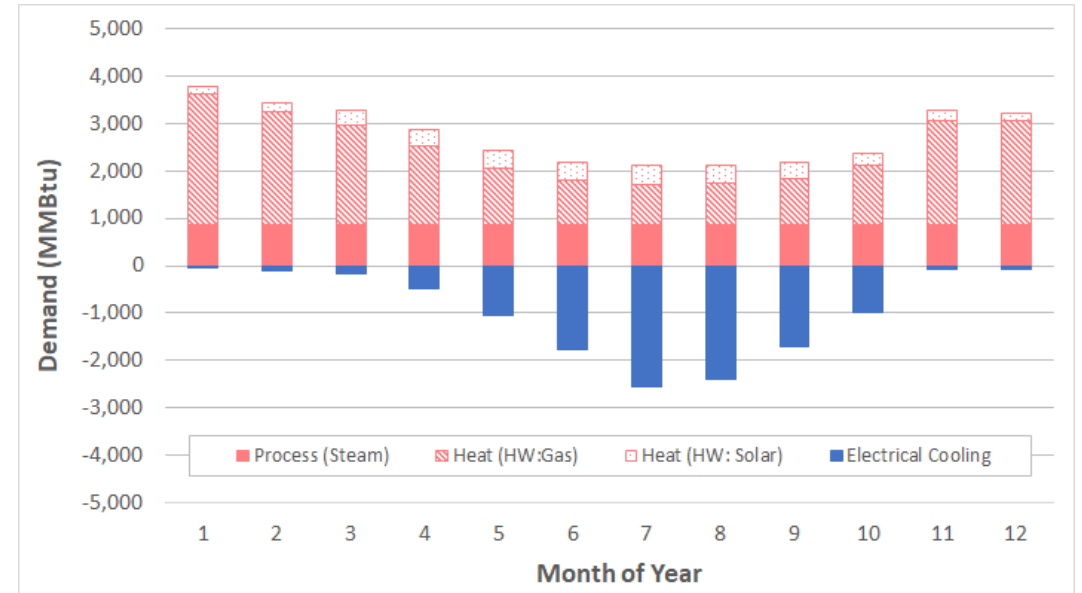
Project Phase: Engineering Study

Selected Option Details

Existing Energy Demand



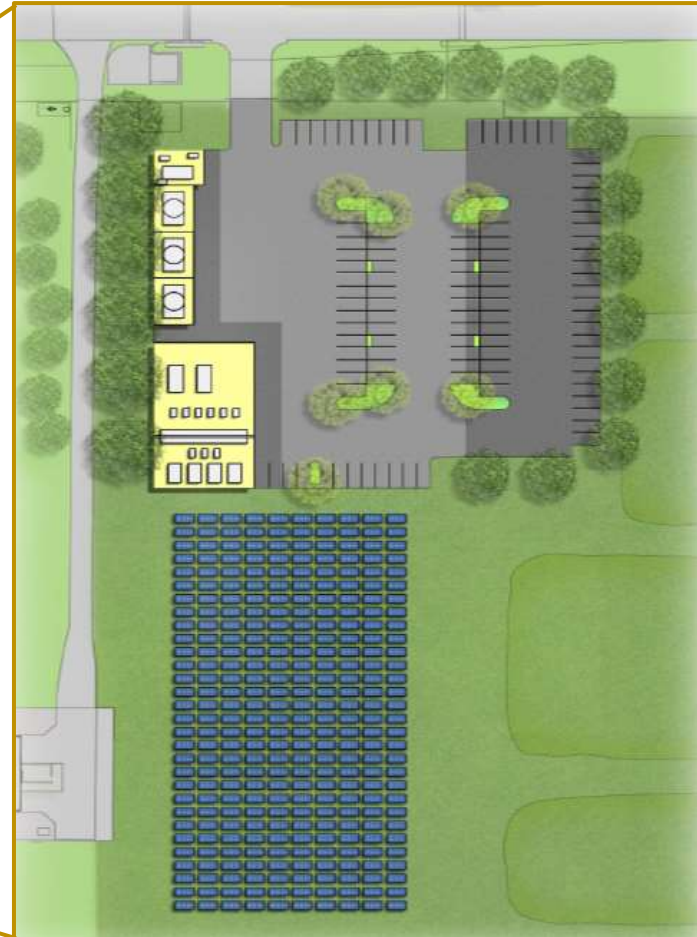
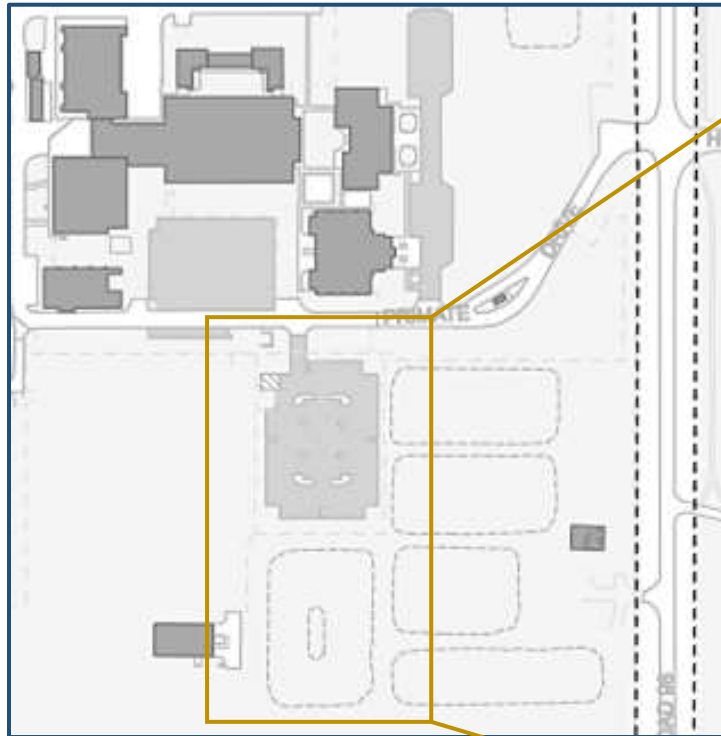
Selected Option Energy Demand



Project Phase: Engineering Study

Selected Option Details

Primate Center District



300 Panels
4,000 MMBtu/yr
15-20% of heat load

Project Phase: Engineering Study

Selected Option Details

Cal Solar Initiative (PG&E Incentive)

- \$20/therm rebate to offset gas

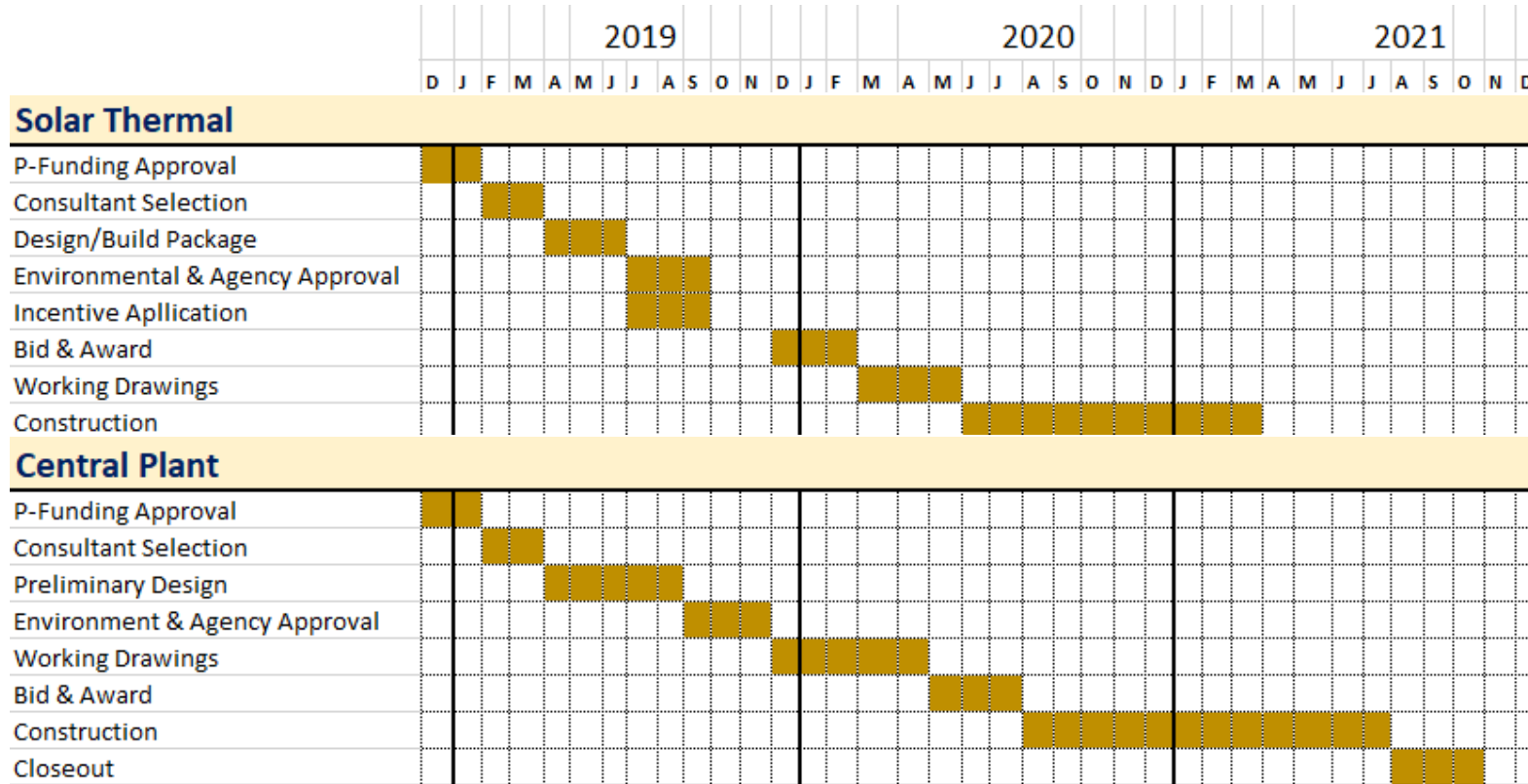
**\$800k
Rebate
Potential**

**\$1.8 MM
Const. Cost
(Solar Only)**



Project Phase: Engineering Study

Selected Option Details



Project Phase: Engineering Study

Selected Option Details

Comparison of Existing and Selected Option Energy Use

Parameter	Units	Existing	Selected Option
Gas	MMBtu/yr	40,000	33,500
Steam production	MMBtu/yr	32,000	10,000
Hot water production (gas)	MMBtu/yr	0	18,000
Hot water production (solar)	MMBtu/yr	0	3,500
Electrical power (cooling)	MWh/yr	100	1,000

- Addition of electric chillers increases electricity but decreases gas
- Hot water supplies about 15% of annual heat load
- Fewer distribution losses for HW
- Improved HW boiler efficiency
- Process steam by local package boilers

Conclusions

- Unique site location offers attractive energy options for district energy plan
- Solar thermal and gas fuel hot water production
- HW production and distribution decrease operating expenses
- Biogas/landfill gas could satisfy entire gas demand
- Market incentives offset some construction costs
- Planned project completion in 2021

Questions