



# Incorporating Absorption Cooling Technology Into Microgrids

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Understand the application of absorption cooling technology







- 1. Overview Absorption Cooling Technology
- 2. Solutions for Microgrid applications
- 3. Recap



#### Four Basic Components – Absorption Chiller Refrigerant – Water, Absorbent – Lithium Bromide







- 1. Water as the refrigerant, Lithium Bromide as the absorbent
- 2. Driven by waste heat, low cost natural gas, renewable energy
- 3. Very less (negligible) electric consumption by the unit
- 4. Around ~ 75 years
- 5. Thousands of commercial, industrial installations worldwide



#### Small Direct Gas Fired Absorption Chiller 30 ~ 100 Tons



**Outdoor Installation** 



Packaged with pumps and cooling tower



#### Small Direct Gas Fired Absorption Chiller 30 ~ 100 Tons











#### Small Direct Gas Fired Absorption Chiller 30 ~ 100 Tons, Multiple Chillers









#### Large Direct Gas Fired Absorption Chiller Ultra Low NOx Emissions





#### **Chiller, Heater, Simultaneous Cooling and Heating**



### Hot Water Driven Absorption Chiller 30 ~ 2000 Tons



- Driving hot water source from CHP (Combined Heat and Power)
  - Gas Engine
  - Micro-turbine
  - Fuel Cells
- Solar Thermal Collector
- Driving Hot Water 175°F ~ 375°F



### Gas Engine Based CHP System



Contro

1.5 MW ~ 4.5 MW Electrical Output, 350 Tons ~ 800 Tons Cooling Output



#### Gas Engine Based CHP System Packaged Solution







#### **Micro-Turbine Based CHP System** 65 KW ~ 950 KW Electrical Output, 25 Tons ~ 265 Tons Cooling Output





Typical Driving Hot Water Inlet/Outlet For Absorption Chiller 201°F ~ 175°F



### **Gas Turbine Based CHP System**



1 MW ~ 22 MW Electrical Output, 1000 Tons ~ 10000 Tons Cooling Output







Gas Turbine

Steam Turbine Chiller

**Double Effect Steam Absorber** 

Medium To High Pressure Steam Driving A Two Stage Absorption Chiller or a Steam Turbine Centrifugal Chiller



#### Innovative Absorption Heat Pump (Type I) Application Heating COP 1.7







- 1. Driven by waste or low cost heat
- 2. Water as the refrigerant
- 3. Ideal for CHP (combined heat and power) system
  gas engine, fuel cells, gas turbines, micro-turbines
- 4. Save energy, water and cut emissions
- 5. Increase resiliency, reduced dependence on the grid
- 6. Truly green sustainable solution



#### Acknowledgements



- Hitachi-Johnson Controls A/C Japan
  - Shuichiro Uchida
- AB Energy
- CEFLA
- Solar Gas Turbines
- eFinity (Capstone Micro-turbines)





### Thank you for attending

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