

The Implementation of Low Temperature District Energy Systems using GeoExchange Technology

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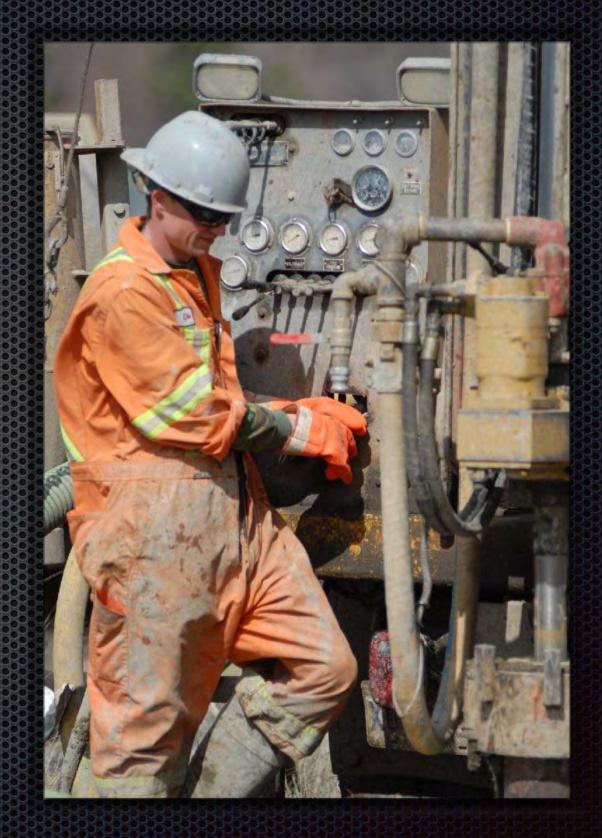


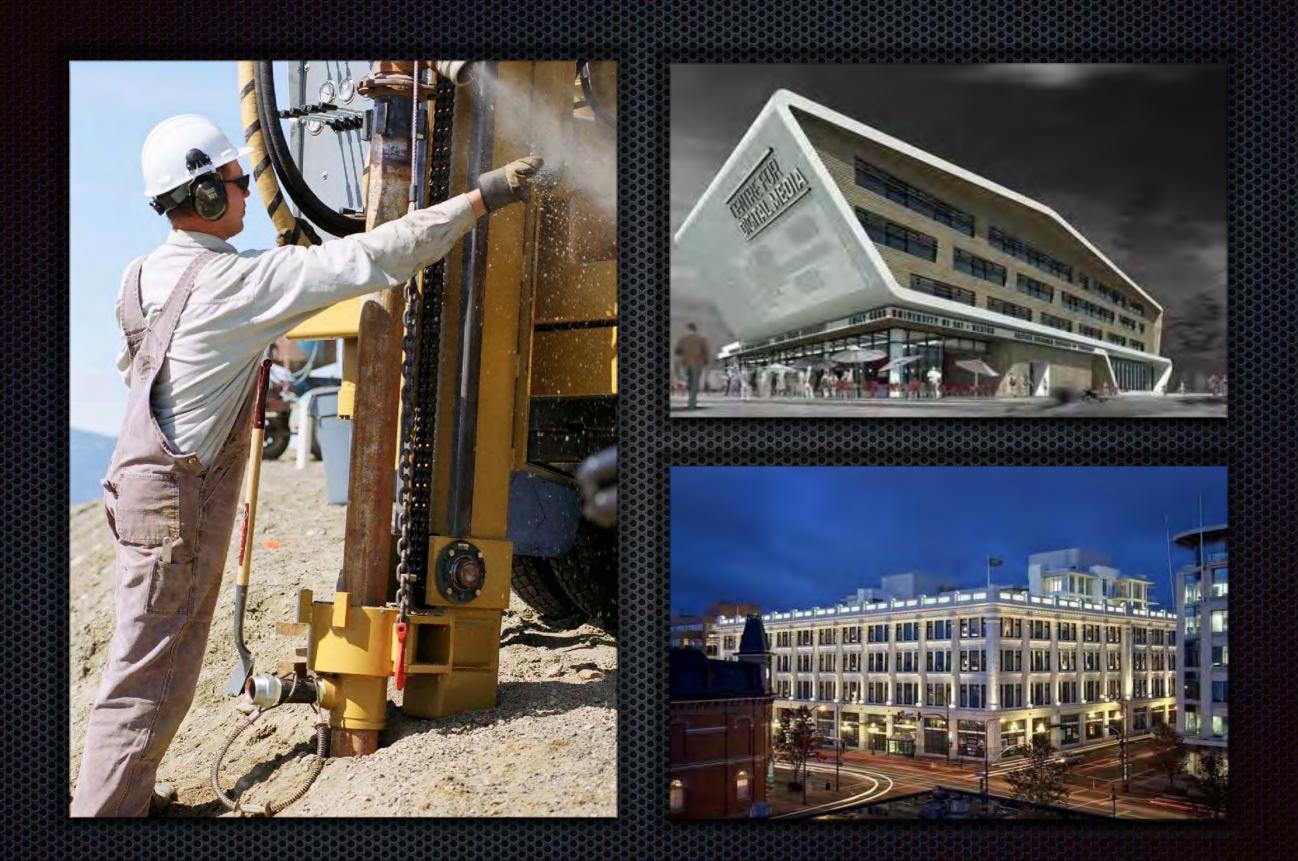




Experience

- Commercial GeoExchange Design, Installation & Financing
- District Energy System Design and Installation
- DE System Rate Design and Contract Negotiations





GeoExchange Intro

Ground Heat Exchanger (GHX):

- Transfers heat to and from the earth
- Typically consists of an array of HDPE piping in the ground
 - Fluid pumped through the GHX transfers heat to / from building



GeoExchange Intro

GHX's can be:

- Vertically drilled
- Horizontally drilled or trenched
- Located in lakes or ocean

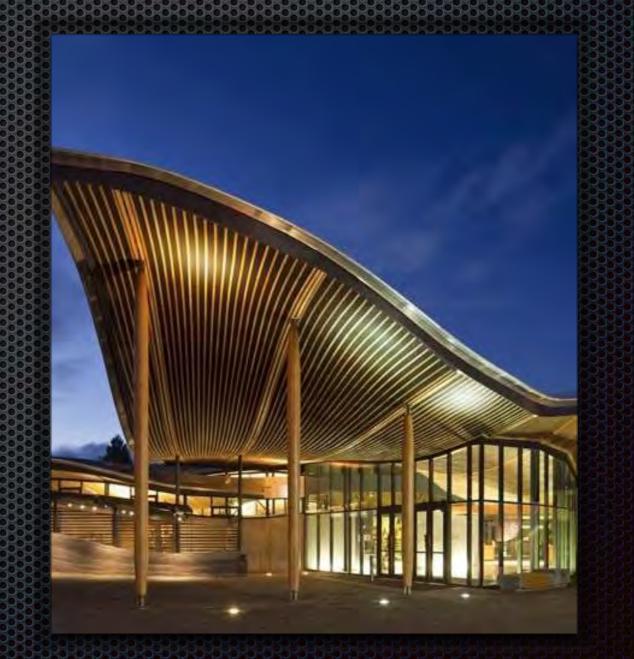
 Other misc formats
Vertically drilled most common configuration due to space constraints



GeoExchange Intro

GHX Operating Temps:

Ground loops like to operate between ~ 32F and 100F (water temperature returning from the GHX)



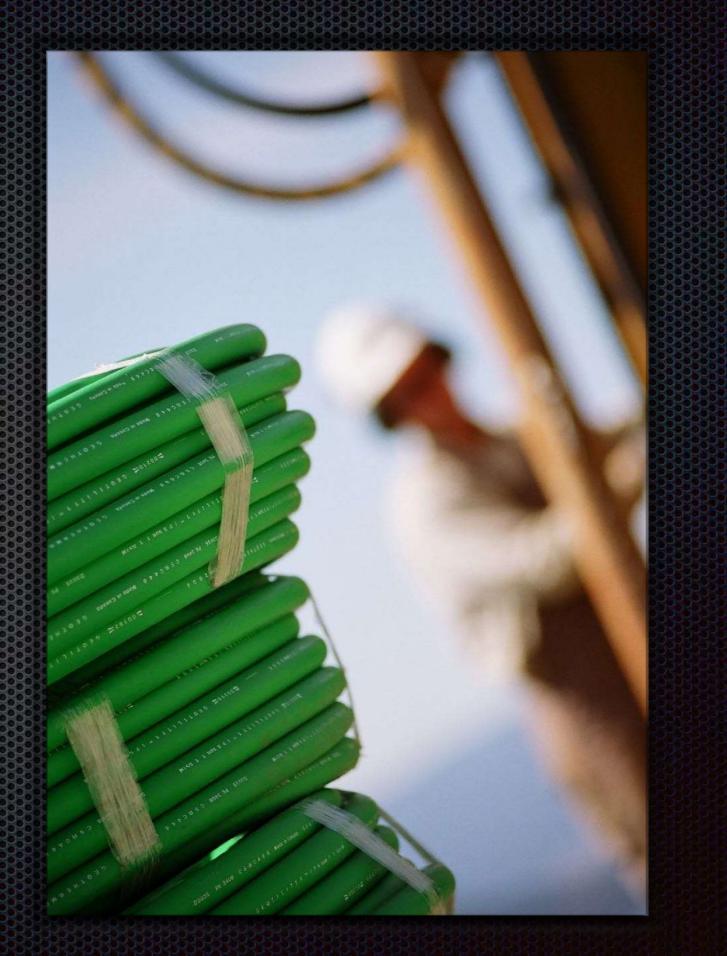
Key Options When Integrating Geo into DE Systems

GHX:

 Centralized or Distributed GHX

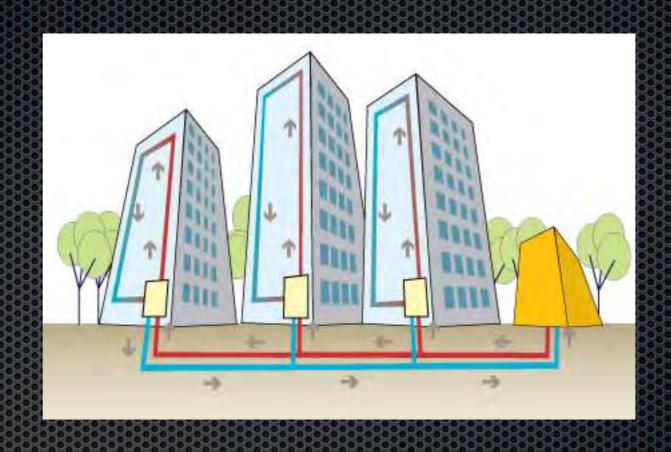
System Temperature:

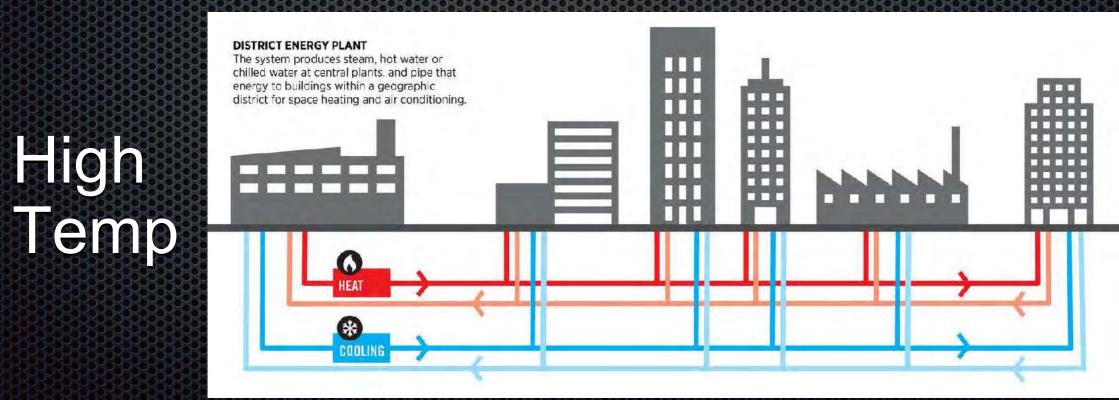
Low Temp vs High
Temp



Low Temp vs. High Temp

Low Temp





Low Temp vs. High Temp

Key Factors:

Geographic Layout

- Condensed site
- Multi-property site

Utility Company Objectives

 Charging for end use thermal energy

Installation Costs

 4 pipe vs 2 pipe, insulated pipe vs non-insulated pipe, less central plant equipment



Low Temp vs High Temp Comparison

High Temperature System	Low Temperature System	Factor
	Chillers / HP's located in individual buildings	Plant Design
Typically 2 insulated pipes required for heating and 2 insulated pipes for cooling	Typically 2 uninsulated pipe system satisfies both heating and cooling	DE Piping Options
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Building Mechanical System Options
<i>Opportunity for higher revenue as utility is producing final heating & cooling</i>	Substantially less billing revenue as utility is only billing low-grade energy	Utility Billing Options
Same amount for ground heat exchanger, more for distribution piping and central plant equipment		Capital Expenditure Required



City of Richmond - ADEU Low Temperature System

The Facts:

- 2 pipe low temperature system (uninsulated HDPE)
- Central plant featuring natural gas boilers and closed circuit fluid coolers for hybrid application
- GHX's installed in multiple phases (currently at approximately 1,000 boreholes installed to 250 ft) in multiple locations around the energy centre
 - Buildings have a variety of mechanical systems including distributed heat pumps and central chillers
 - Capable of serving both residential and commercial buildings for both heating and cooling



Senkulmen District Energy System Low Temperature System

The Facts:

2 pipe low temperature system (uninsulated HDPE)



- Original phase serving only small warehouse building
- Expanded to provide heating and cooling to new provincial penitentiary
- Owned and operated by the Osoyoos Indian Band. Generates significant annual revenue to the First Nation
- Currently GHX serves entire district energy system. Any substantial increase in load could be achieved through the addition of boilers and fluid coolers
- GHX's installed in multiple phases
- Buildings have a variety of mechanical systems including distributed heat pumps and central plant equipment
- Can easily be expanded to serve different future occupancies



Conclusions

GeoExchange can be incorporated into both low and high temperature systems

Low temperature loops provide more flexibility (from installation and design perspective)

Low temperature is generally a simpler solution



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