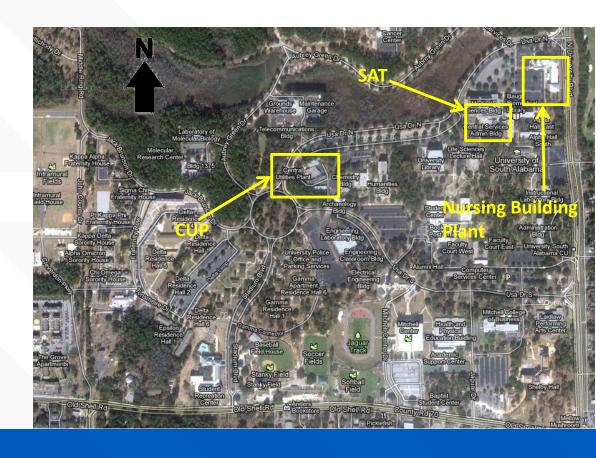


#### **UNIVERSITY OVERVIEW**

- Located in Mobile, Alabama
- University of South Alabama was established in 1963
- Approximately 15,000 students
- Commuter campus transitioning to residential campus
- Three (3) Chilled Water Plants and One (1) Boiler Plant



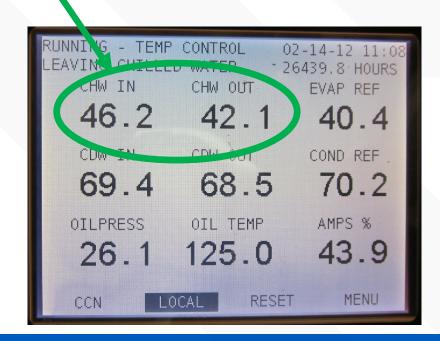
# UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA





#### **AGING INFRASTRUCTURE – AS OF 2011**

- Cooling towers constructed in the 1960s
- Chillers 13 to 27 years old
- ► Hot water distribution piping with insulation problems
- Majority of chilled water piping transite
- Low delta T on campus





#### **PLAN FORWARD**

- ► Attack the Challenge in Steps
- Manageable Pieces
- Demonstrate Success Along the Way
- **▶** Generates Increased Support and Confidence



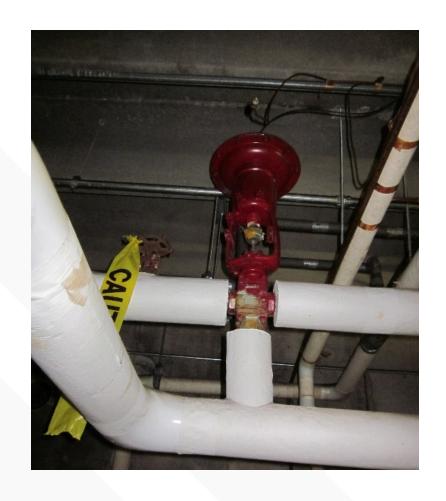
#### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS - 2011**

- Building Interconnection Study
  - Started from the outside and worked in
    - Fix pumping and delta T issues
  - Developed hydraulic models for chilled and hot water systems
  - Investigation found:
    - 3-way valves not functioning properly
    - Full line size building bypasses
    - Oversized constant speed pumping in buildings
    - Pumping connections installed backwards



#### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS - 2011**

- Building Interconnection Study
  - Recommended:
    - Removing 3-ways valves and bypasses
    - Installing VFDs on building pumps
    - Fix pumping connections
  - The University self-performed work
  - Saw increased delta T at their plants
    - During the summer, reduced the number of chillers used from 5 to 3
  - Saw savings in the range of \$500,000 after first year
  - Gained support from administration

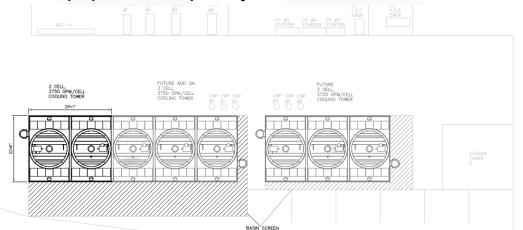


### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS - 2012**

- Cooling Tower and Chilled Water Capacity Expansion Study
  - Cooling tower replacements were going to be needed soon
  - Replacements would need to allow for easy continued expansion
  - Planning for expansion without interruption to existing service
  - The study allowed our teams to agree on a path forward
    - Assumed plant build out to 10,000 tons, from 5,500 tons
- Plant Controls Study

Reviewed and updated existing controls sequences in preparation of new

equipment/capacity.







## **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2013/2014**

- New Equipment Installations
  - With administrative support the facilities group received funding to replace aging plant equipment
  - The 1960's towers were replaced, in two phases, with seven packaged towers
    - 8,750 tons of capacity
    - Towers were also headered and valved so that the new planned chillers could operate independently of existing chillers

A new 2,500 ton chiller was installed





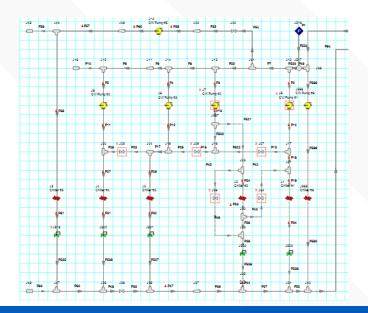
### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2013/2014**

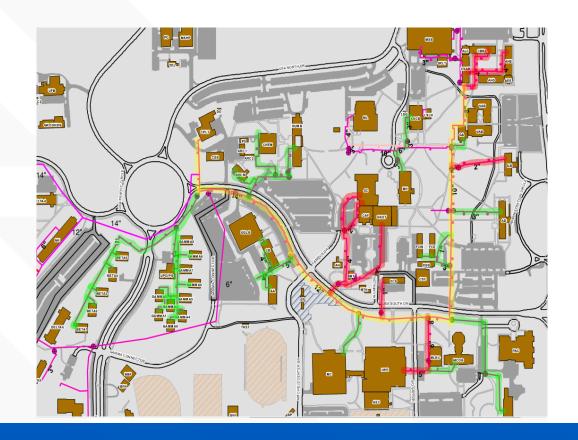
- Underground Distribution Piping Replacements
  - Due to:
    - Failing underground hot water piping
    - New loads coming online
  - Large hot and chilled water distribution project was performed
    - Discussions with the University determined it would be best to oversize new pipes for future capacity needs
      - This would payoff four years down the road (stay tuned)



#### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2015**

- Utilities Master Plan
  - Repairs and fixes to most vulnerable systems were now complete
    - Provided time to step back and think big picture
  - Near and long-term campus loads were studied
  - Hydraulic models updated
    - Adding new buildings and piping
  - Underground distribution piping replacement plan

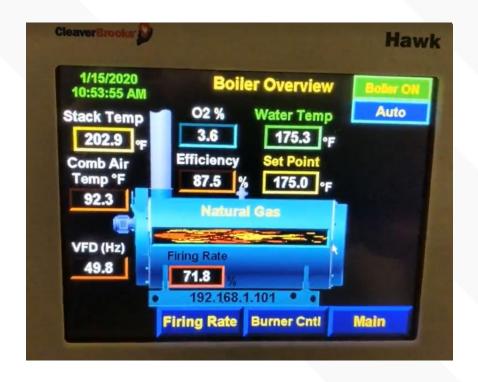




#### **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2017**

#### New Boiler Plant

- To meet increased hot water loads, a new boiler plant was designed and constructed
- The new 700hp boiler provided the University with N+1 redundancy
- Plant was designed to double capacity of initial installation

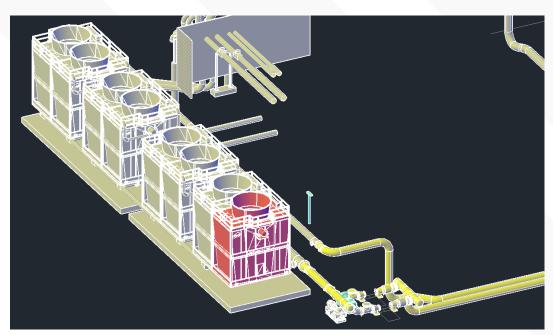


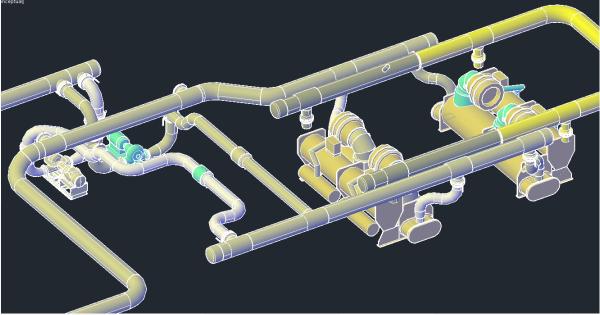


## **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2019 AND ON**

#### New Chiller Installation

- To meet increased chilled water loads and maintain N+1 redundancy, a new 2,500 ton chiller and cooling tower are currently being installed.
- This meets the build out discussed in the 2012 study.

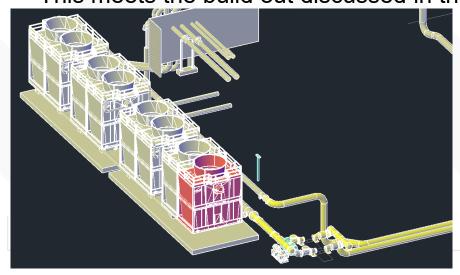


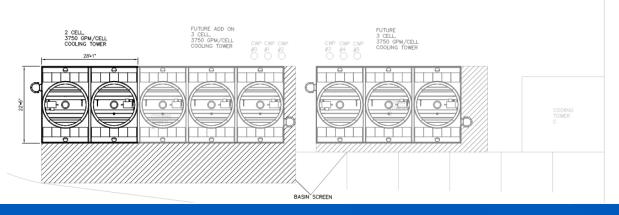


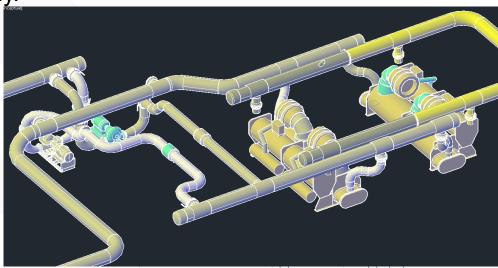
## **UTILITY PLANNING/SOLUTIONS – 2019 AND ON**

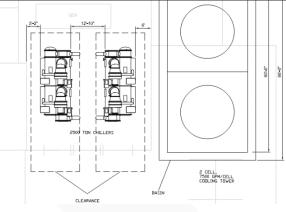
#### New Chiller Installation

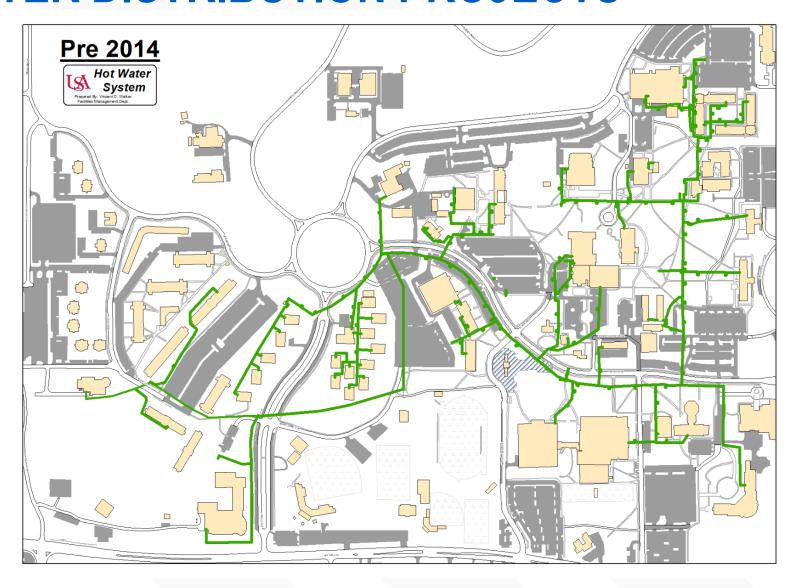
This meets the build out discussed in the 2012 study.

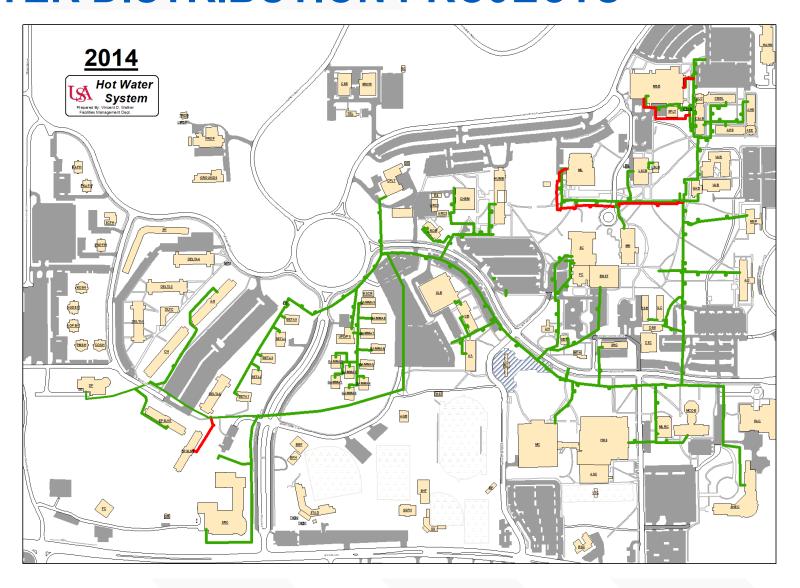


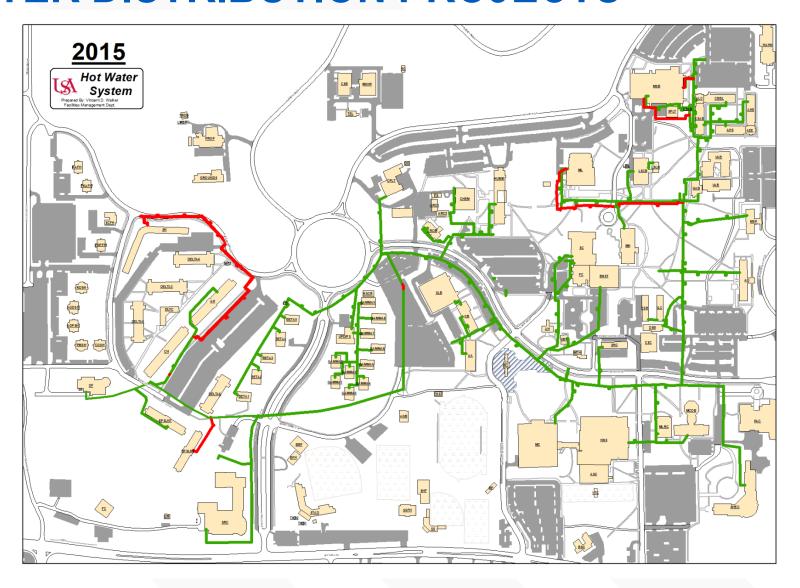


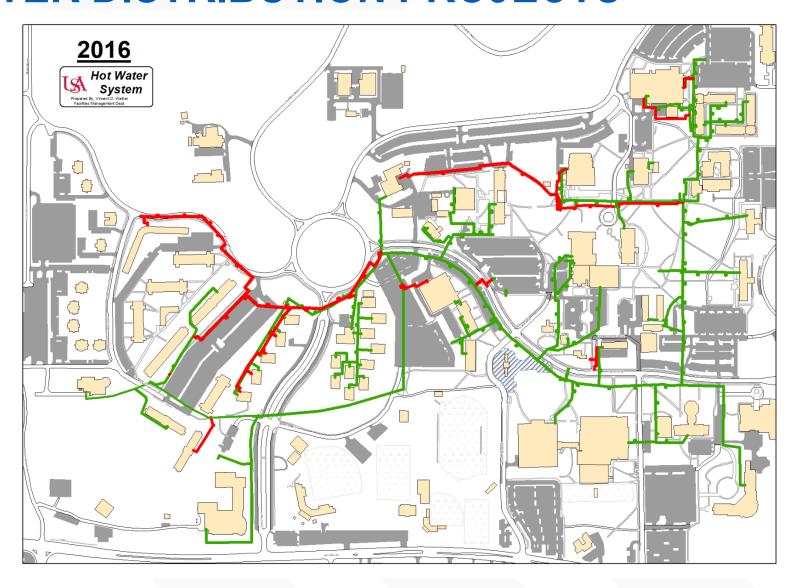


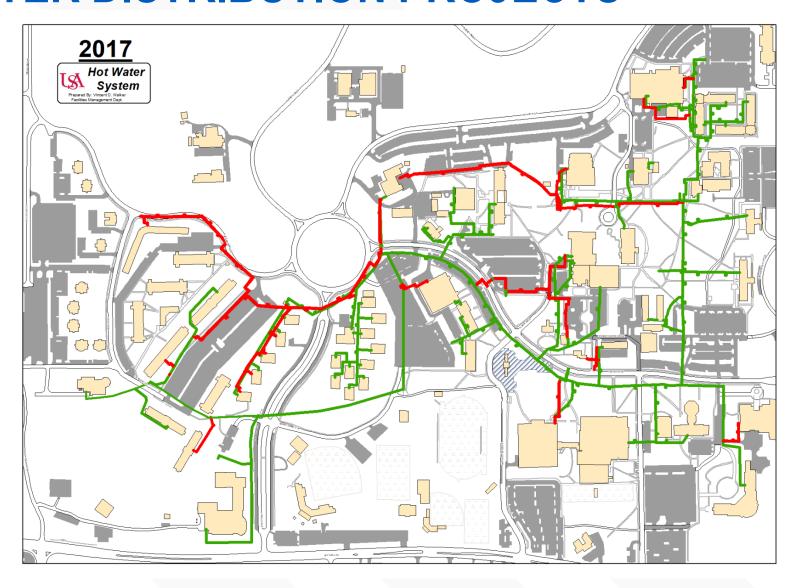


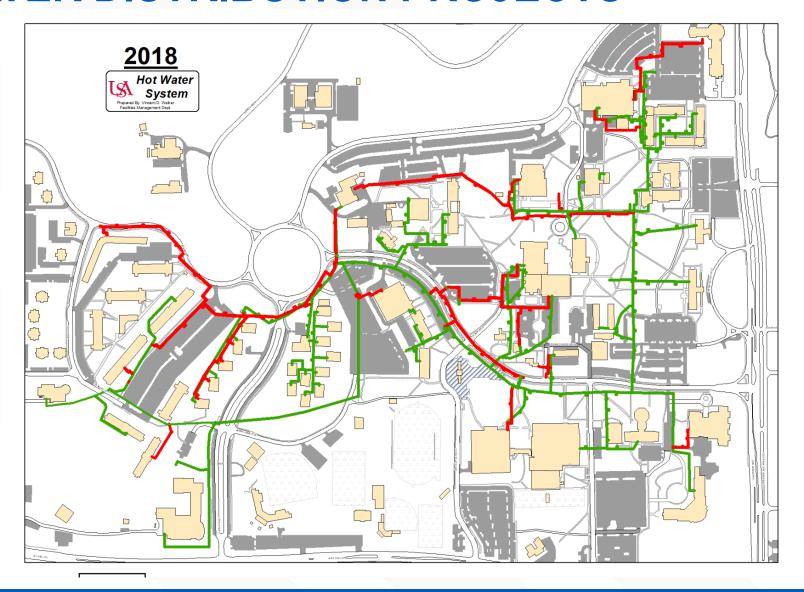


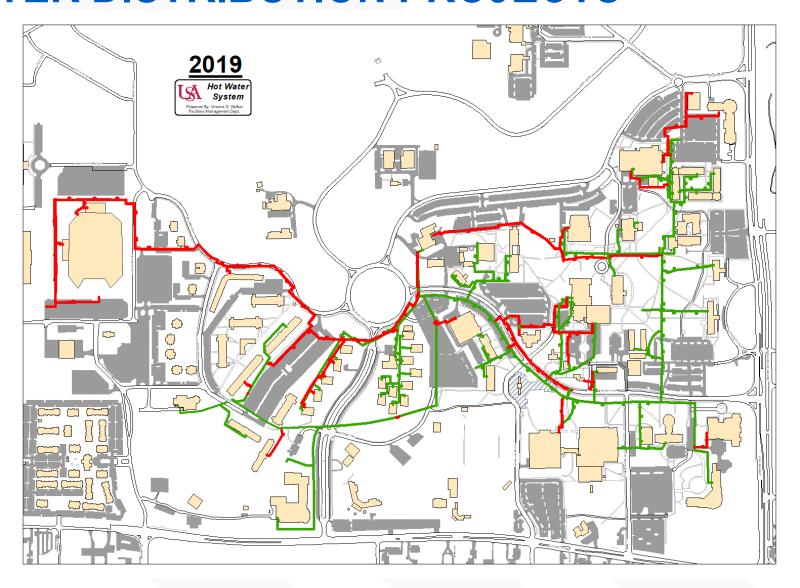


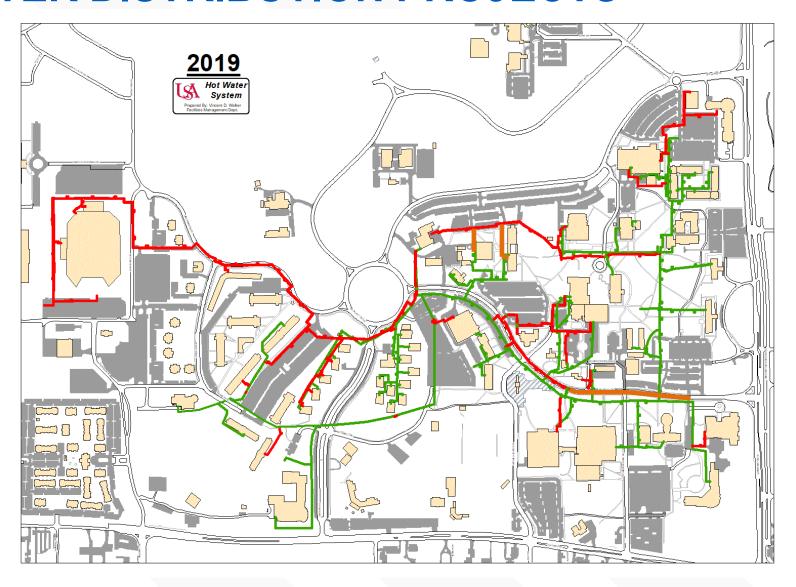












#### **PROJECTS RECAP**

- ➤ To date over 25 thermal utility repair and upgrade projects
- Increased chilled water plant efficiencies by:
  - Installing 2 x 2,500 ton chillers with VFDs
  - 8 x 1,250 cooling tower with VFDs
  - Updated controls system/sequencing
- Installed 700 hp hot water boiler
- Replaced or installed approximately 12,000 TF of new hot water distribution piping
- Replaced of installed approximately 5,000 TF of new chilled water distribution piping

#### Questions?

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