



Integrating and optimizing renewables in microgrids

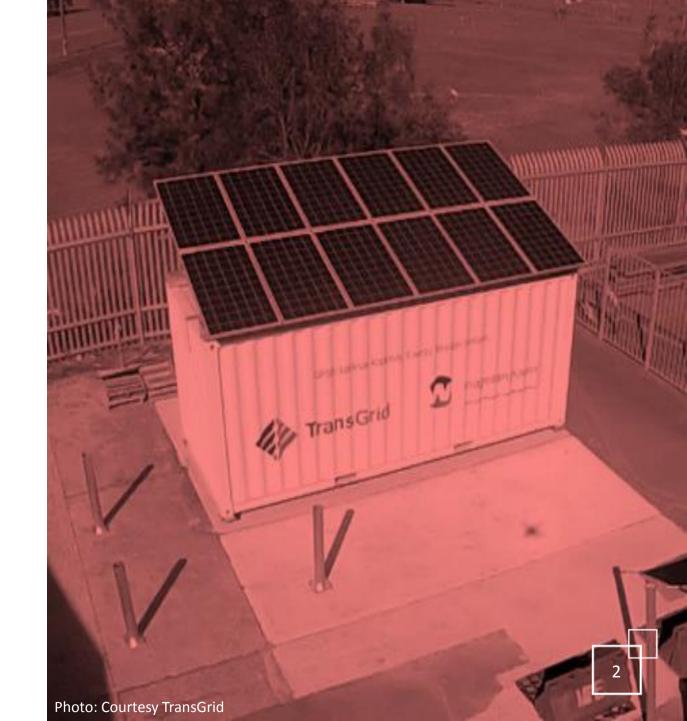
Lessons learned from Australia

Prepared for Microgrid 2.0 By Tristan Jackson, Director, Smart & Distributed Energy 29 Oct. 2018



Agenda for today

- Brief background
- Case studies
 - Esperance
 - Coral Bay
 - Exmouth
 - DeGrussa Mine
- Modelling approaches
- Lessons learned



Smart & Distributed Energy systems experience

Across both urban and remote settings:

Smart & Distributed Energy projects designed and implemented worldwide

20+

- Hybrid systems featuring >95% energy from renewable generation
- Mines
- Islands
- Critical infrastructure
- Remote communities
- Airports & Marine ports
- Real estate





the state of all





Australian Antarctic Base at Mawson – two, Enercon E33 low temperature purpose designed turbines installed in 2003 - U_{max} around 250km/h, Temp < -30

8th November 2017, turbine failure



When you push the boundaries – in this case wind at their engineering limits – sometimes things break and there are obviously serious issues around such. Should this stop us trying though?

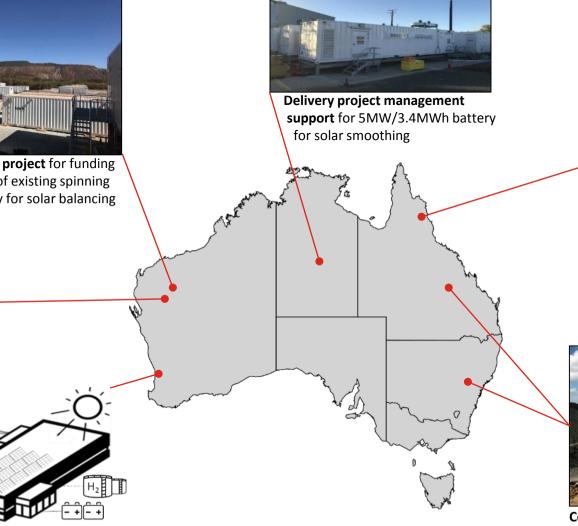
Australia – a few example projects



Assessment of project for funding support – use of existing spinning reserve battery for solar balancing



Due diligence & lenders engineer for solar + battery + diesel micro-grid



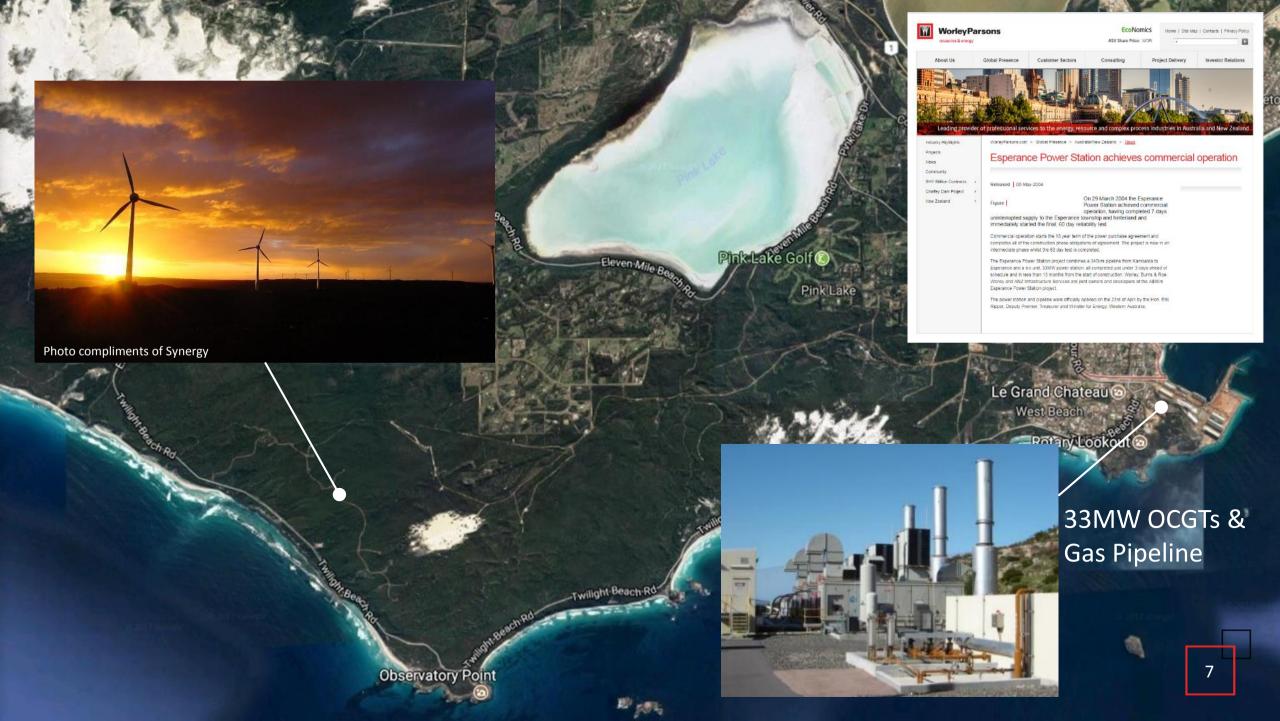
Concept design and delivery owners engineer for grid connected C&I solar + battery + hydrogen electrolysis + gas/H2 engine micro-grid



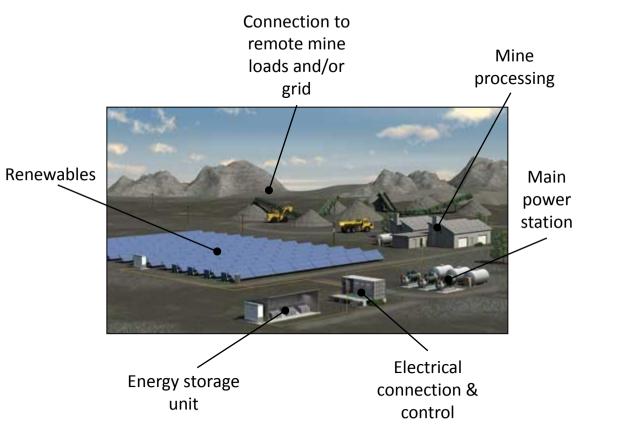
Project management, control logic analysis, grid studies, procurement and development **assistance** for $55MW_{AC}$ solar + 20MW/ 80MWh battery project



Concept design and financial assessment for behind the meter batteries, coal mining operations



Small, islanded microgrids





Exmouth power station

- Dual gas/diesel system of 8MW capacity commissioned in 2006
- "Mini wind farm" to use small tilt down wind turbines in a severe cyclone environment
- Photo: one of the 10kW machines (there are 3)



Coral Bay

- 7x 320kW low load diesels
- 3x 225kW wind turbines
- 1 x 500 kW flywheel energy storage
- Commissioned in 2007



Coral Bay

The low load diesels are specifically designed to operate down to 10% loading for extended periods

The flywheel is for spinning reserve and to control ramp rates from the induction generator based wind turbines

Average wind penetration is around 45% but it can run for extended periods for higher than 95%



DeGrussa Mine

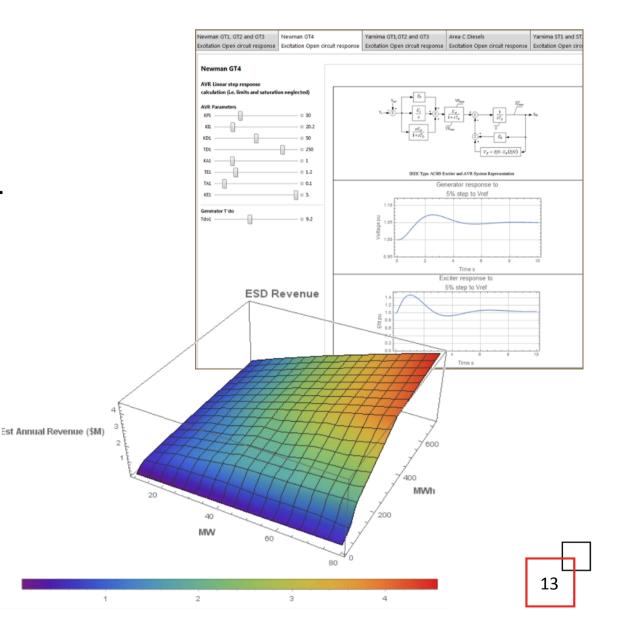
- Large operational energy demands, using a 19MW diesel-fired power station to provide electricity to the gold and copper mine
- They wanted to supplement the power station with 10.6MW of photovoltaics (PV) and a 4MW lithium-ion battery system in order to reduce their overall energy generation costs



System Modelling Approach

Packages used by WorleyParsons in Australia

- PSS/E, PTI Technologies Inc.
- PSS/ADEPT, PTI Technologies Inc.
- ETAP PowerStation, Operation Technology Inc.
- ERACS, ERA Technology Ltd
- Matlab
- Mathematica, WOLFRAM
- CDEGS "Current Distribution Interference Grounding and Soil"
- EMTP "Electromagnetic Transient Program"
- Bespoke software written if required for specific project issues





BANKABLE DER & MICROGRID PROJECTS

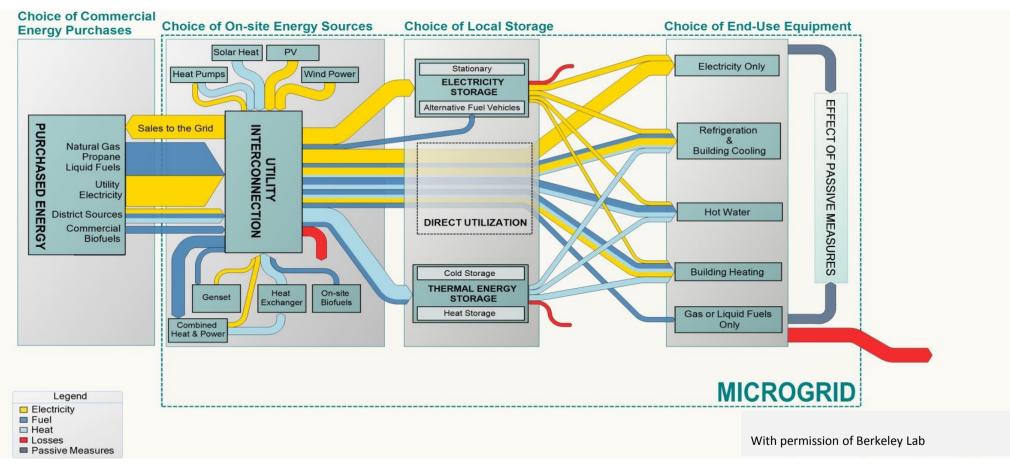
- Integrated End-to-End Investment and Technical Planning Platform
- Economic and Financial Optimization + Power Flow Analysis
- XENDEE Score: Getting DER Projects Down to a Single 'FICO' Number

	COE of \$0.1180/kWh BESS S NatGas GenSe Capacity Generator 5,000 kW	t Number of LCOE Generators (\$/kWh) 10 \$0.1180		
Reduce Planning Errors	Increase Speed to Deploy	Increase Profits		
SULATIVE INTERNAL OFFICIAL STREET				
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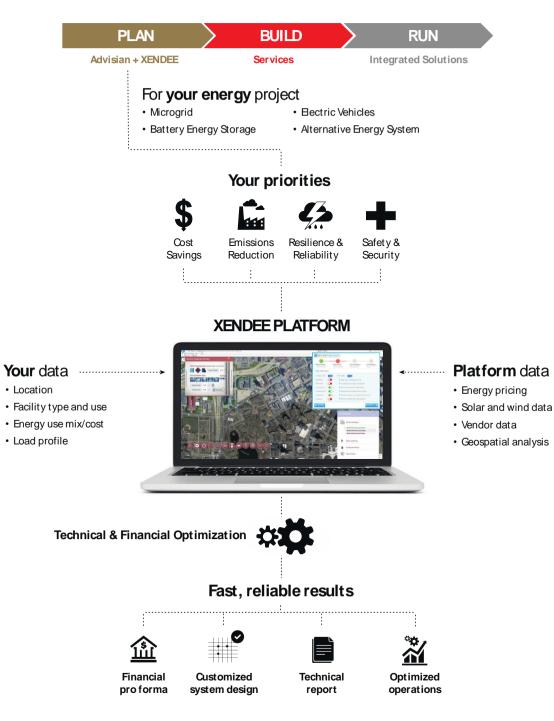
Why Economic Optimization and not just Simulation?





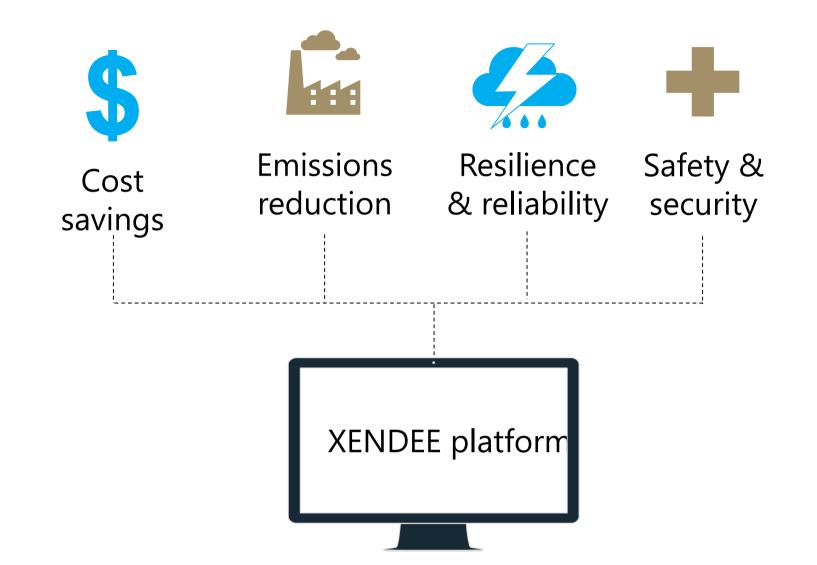
XENDEE Process

Location



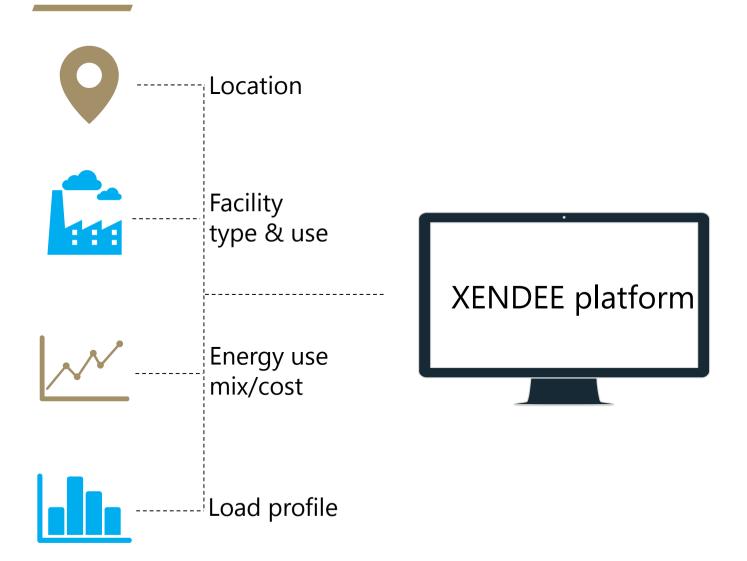


Step 1: Set your priorities



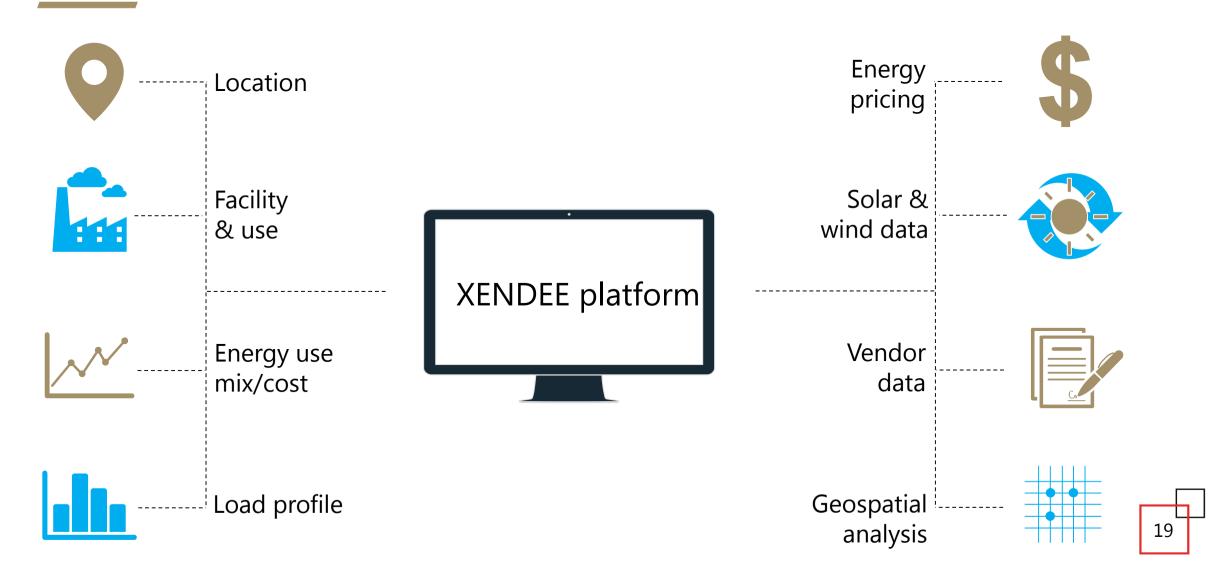


Step 2: Input site-specific data

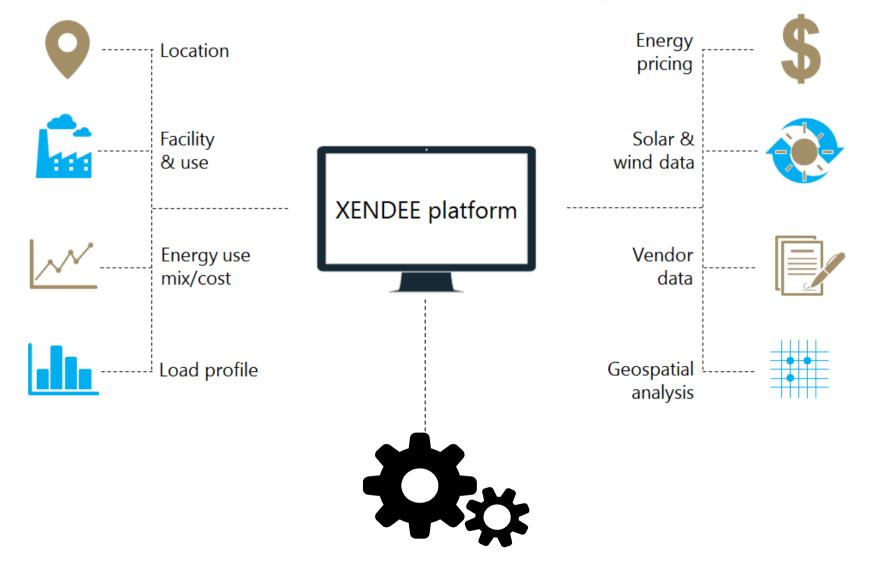


18

Step 3: Apply platform data

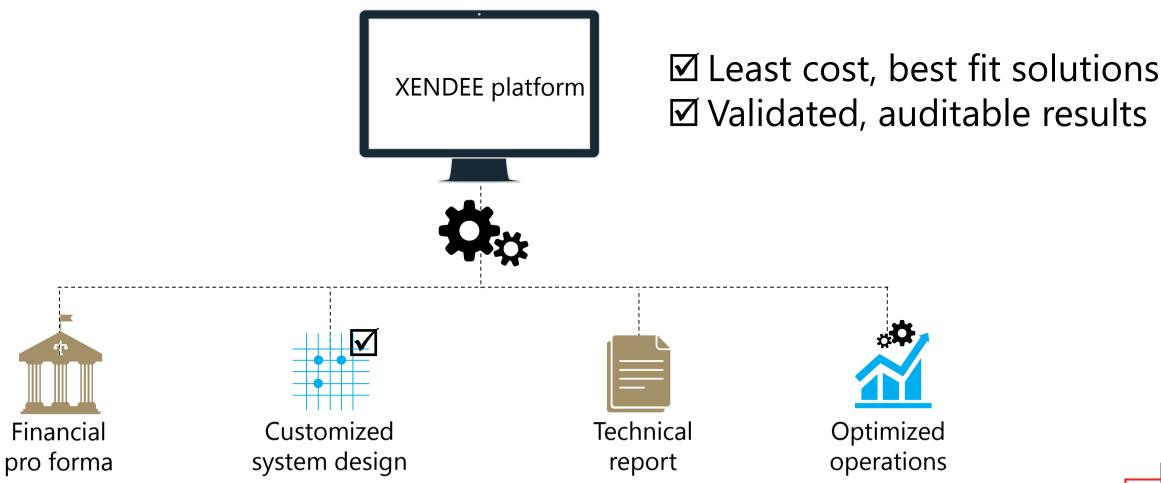


Step 4: Run technical & financial optimization



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Step 5: Fast, reliable results



8760 Power flow

Integrated deep-circuit power flow analysis:

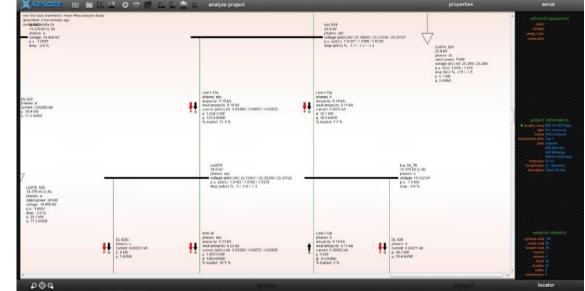
- Automatic one-line generation
- Quasi-static time-series simulation
- Distribution system planning
- Google maps integrated for GIS views

Automatic Report Generation

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Power Flow Analysis Report Table of Contents Network Summary	Power Flow Analysis Report - IEEE 34 LRV Flowd Pro- Network Summary Peers Network Summary Tem Tem	Datitudon ANSI	DL854_856b Catalog name: Description: Rated power: Connection:	custom 4,000 watts wye-solidly	overhead Wires	asing: b phasing:	abc	length: 2,580 ft
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Loads and Motors Busbars Transformers Feeders Protective Devices	Ecologiesent Byrninis Notes	00 Hz) Fatnenheit 105 06	DL858_834a Catalog name: Description: Rated power: Connection:	custom 4,000 watts delta	Wire catalog name: Wire code word: Wire material: Wire resistance (ac): Wire diameter:	IEEE 1/0 ACSR IEEE8 ACSR 0.2121 0.398 in	Wire size: Wire ampacity: Wire GMR: Wire rated temp:	1/0 0.23 kA 0.0045 ft 50 C
M Protective Devices	Banhes Bayes Matus	00 1 0 4	Voltage (a/b/c):	1.0397 / 1.0397 / 0 P.U. 25.888 / 25.888 / 0 kV	Neutral wire:	On		
	Unis Bento Cales Toutours Traine free autours Sensory Dates	38 95 0 8	DL858_834b Catalog name: Description: Rated power: Connection:	custom 15,000 watts delta	Neutral catalog name: Neutral code word: Neutral material: Neutral resistance (ac): Neutral diameter: Kron reduction:	IEEE 1/0 ACSR IEEE8 ACSR 0.2121 0.398 in On	Neutral size: Neutral ampacity: Neutral GMR: Neutral rated temp:	1/0 0.23 kA 0.0045 ft 50 C
	Number of Beatons Total Network MW	4 2:043300	Voltage (a/b/c):	0 / 1.0327 / 1.0327 P.U. 0 / 25.715 / 25.715 kV	phase a (x / height): phase b (x / height):	-1.5 ft / 28 ft -4 ft / 28 ft	Rho:	100 ohm-m
	Tatal Network MIV/R Tatal Network KII Cons Tatal Network KIV/R Cons	0.290521 267.914000 34.635000	DL858_834c Catalog name:	custom	phase c (x / height): neutral (x / height):	3 ft / 28 ft 0 ft / 24 ft		
		- 11	Catalog name. Description: Rated power: Connection:	13,000 watts delta	Current (a/b/c):	0.0516 / 0.0444 / 0.0412 kA	% loaded:	22.4 %
	1	~	Voltage (a/b/c):	1.0316 / 0 / 1.0316 P.U. 25.688 / 0 / 25.688 kV	Voltage drop: -3.2 / 100.0 / -3.2 / Voltage angle (deg): -33.6 / 0 / 146.4 (L			

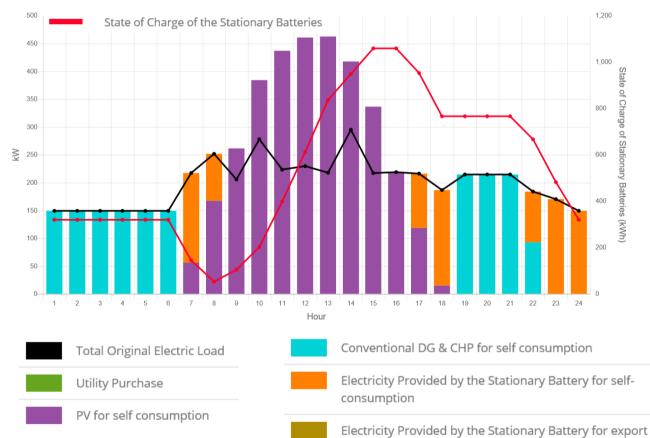
Power Flow Reporting on One-Line Diagram



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Sequence of operations

Most Optimal Sequence of Operation Logic Output (September outage day)



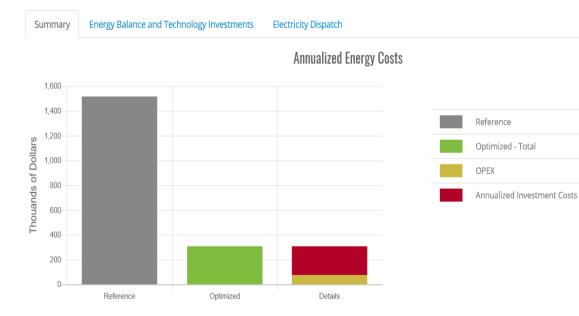
Electricity Dispatch

Load Shape (September day)



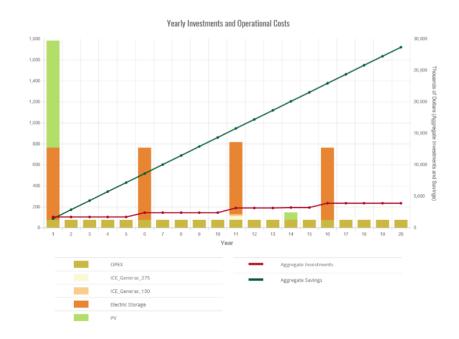
23

Summary report



Summary: Annualized Energy Costs (\$000s)

Summary: Yearly Investments and Operational Costs



\$1,517

\$308

\$75

\$233

Lessons learned

- Optimize for the use case (not redundancy everywhere)
- Renewables + Storage are competitive now
- Hybrid systems offer the greatest flexibility and cost competitiveness
- Specialized software for system optimization can save up to 90% of soft costs
- Consider the full range of technology options (remain technology agnostic)

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